

Neutron Cross-Section Measurements Activities at ORNL

K. H. Guber

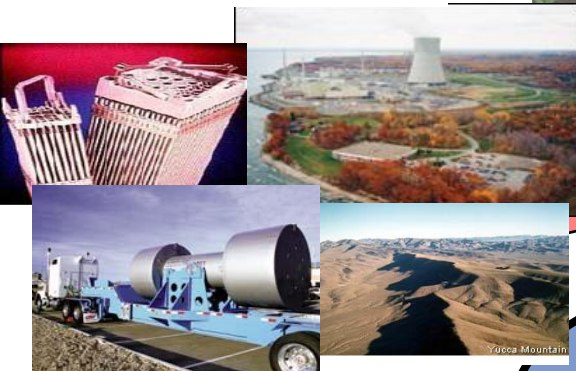
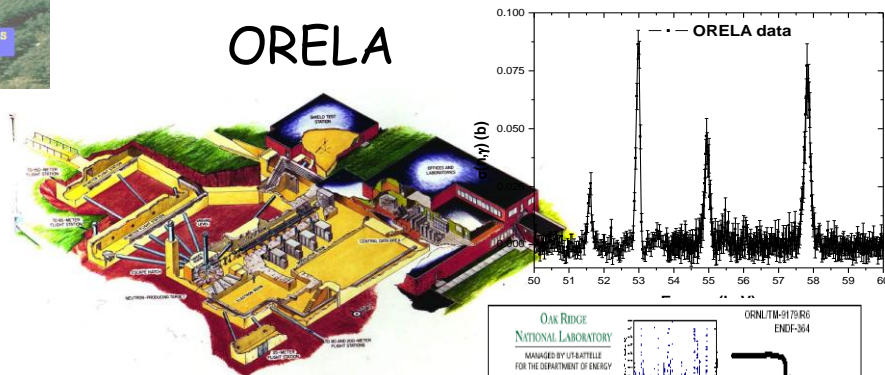
Oak Ridge National Laboratory,
Oak Ridge, TN, USA



Nuclear Astrophysics



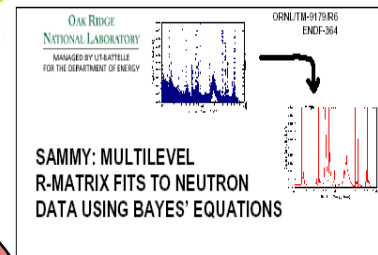
GELINA



Applications

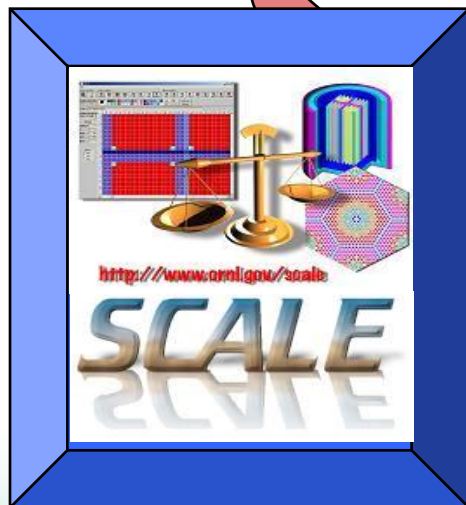
Basic Science

**ORNL Data
Support for Nuclear
Applications**

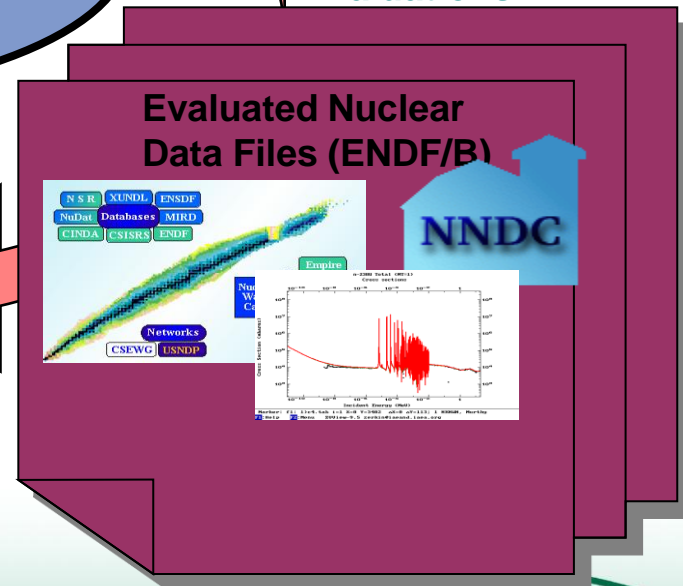
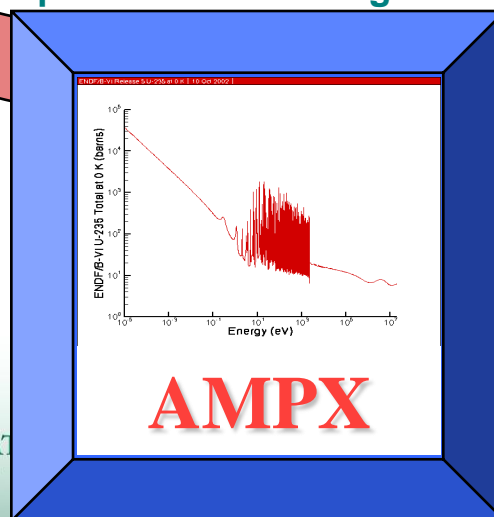


SAMMY

Cross-Section Evaluations



Computational modeling



OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

UT-BATTELLE

ORELA Operation suspended for FY09

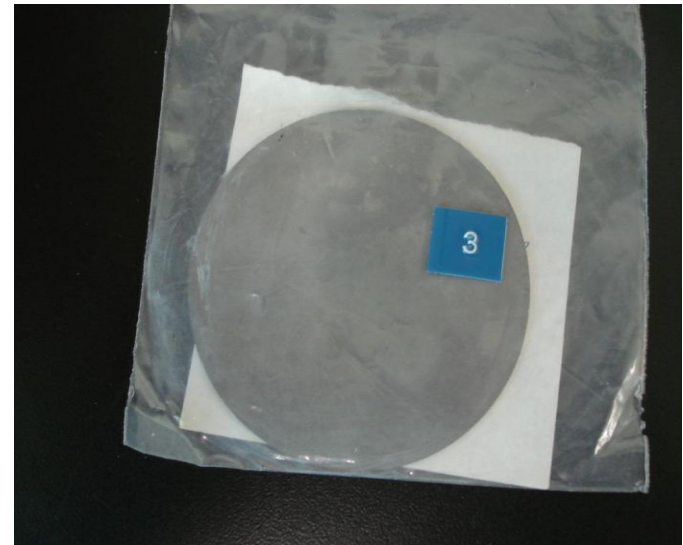
- Due to old/incomplete Safety Analysis Document (SAD) ORELA operation was suspended in FY09. New SAD is DOE requirement.
- ORELA operations manager and accelerator safety personnel from ORNL are working on new SAD.
- Until new and approved SAD document, ORELA stays in stand-by mode.

ORNL Measurement Activities in FY09

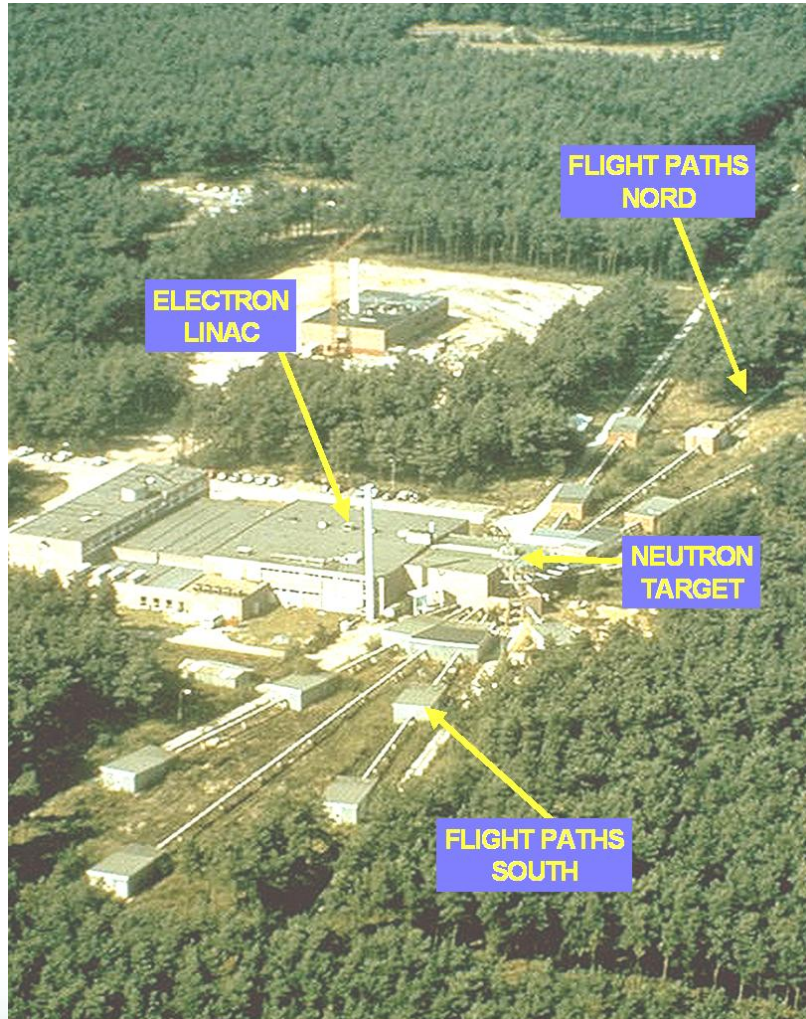
- Measurements of the stable W isotopes for the NCSP using enriched samples.
- No good high resolution data available in nuclear data libraries.
- New experiments with oxide samples exist but unclear physical condition of the samples, since samples changed during experiment, i.e. at/b unknown.
- Collaboration with IRMM in Geel to salvage this data by redoing experiments.

W samples

- Metallic samples are preferred over oxide samples. Oxide is usually the inventory form of the provider.
 - The oxide produces unwanted background due to scattering of neutrons from oxygen.
 - Oxide are hygroscopic, need to be pressed into a selfsupporting disk and need to be encapsulated (additional background from canning).
- Old metallic samples were found in the material storage at ORNL.
 - Metallic disks with 1mm thickness and 70mm diameter.
 - Several disk for each isotope with enrichment of up to 95%, so different sample thickness could be achieved.



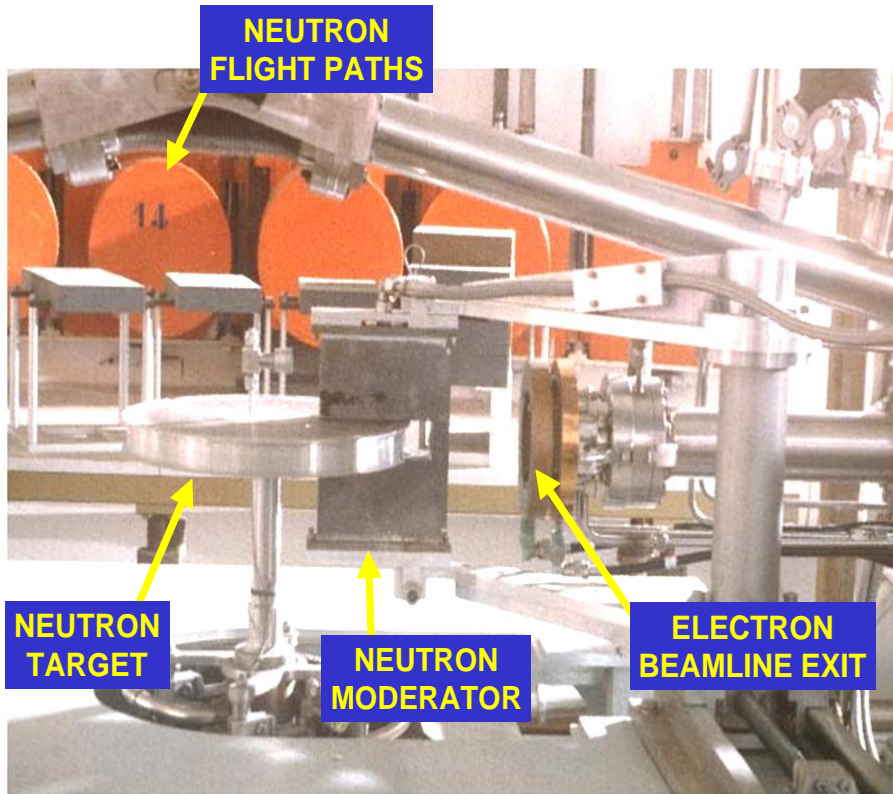
GELINA



- Time-of-flight facility
- Pulsed white neutron source
($10 \text{ meV} < E_n < 20 \text{ MeV}$)
- Multi-user facility with 10 flight paths (10 m - 400 m)
- The measurement stations have special equipment to perform:
 - Total cross section measurements
 - Partial cross section measurements

Pulse Width	: 1ns		
Frequency	: 40 Hz	-	800
Hz			
Average Current	: $4.7 \mu\text{A}$	-	$75 \mu\text{A}$
Neutron intensity	: $1.6 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ n/s}$	-	$2.5 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ n/s}$

Neutron Production



- e^- accelerated to $E_{e^-, \max} \approx 140 \text{ MeV}$
- (e^-, γ) Bremsstrahlung in U-target (rotating & cooled with liquied Hg)
- (γ, n) , (γ, f) in U-target
- Low energy neutrons by water moderator in Be-canning

Capture cross section measurements at GELINA

Total energy detection

- C_6D_6 liquid scintillators
 - 125°
 - PHWT
- Flux measurements (IC)
 - $^{10}B(n,\alpha)$
 - $^{235}U(n,f)$



$L = 10\text{ m}, 30\text{ m and } 60\text{ m}$



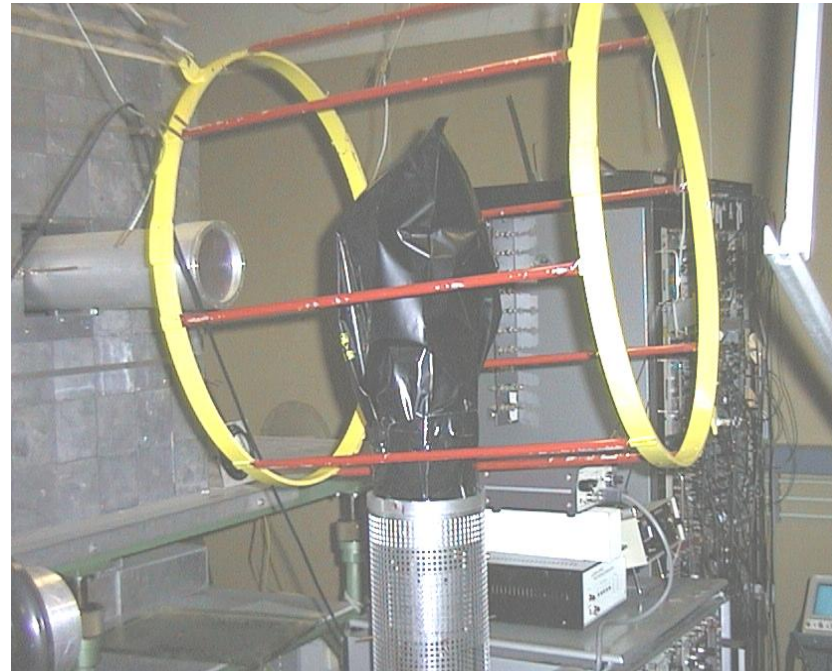
$$Y_{\text{exp}} = N\sigma_{\varphi} \frac{C_w - B_w}{C_{\varphi} - B_{\varphi}}$$

Transmission Measurements

Sample & Background Filters



Detector



Detector stations

Moderated: $L = 30 \text{ m}, 50 \text{ m}, (100 \text{ m}, 200 \text{ m})$

Fast : $L = 400 \text{ m}$

Low energy : ${}^6\text{Li}(n,t)\alpha$ Li-glass

High energy : $\text{H}(n,n)\text{H}$ Plastic scintillator

$$T = \frac{C_{\text{in}}}{C_{\text{out}}} \approx e^{-n\sigma_{\text{tot}}}$$

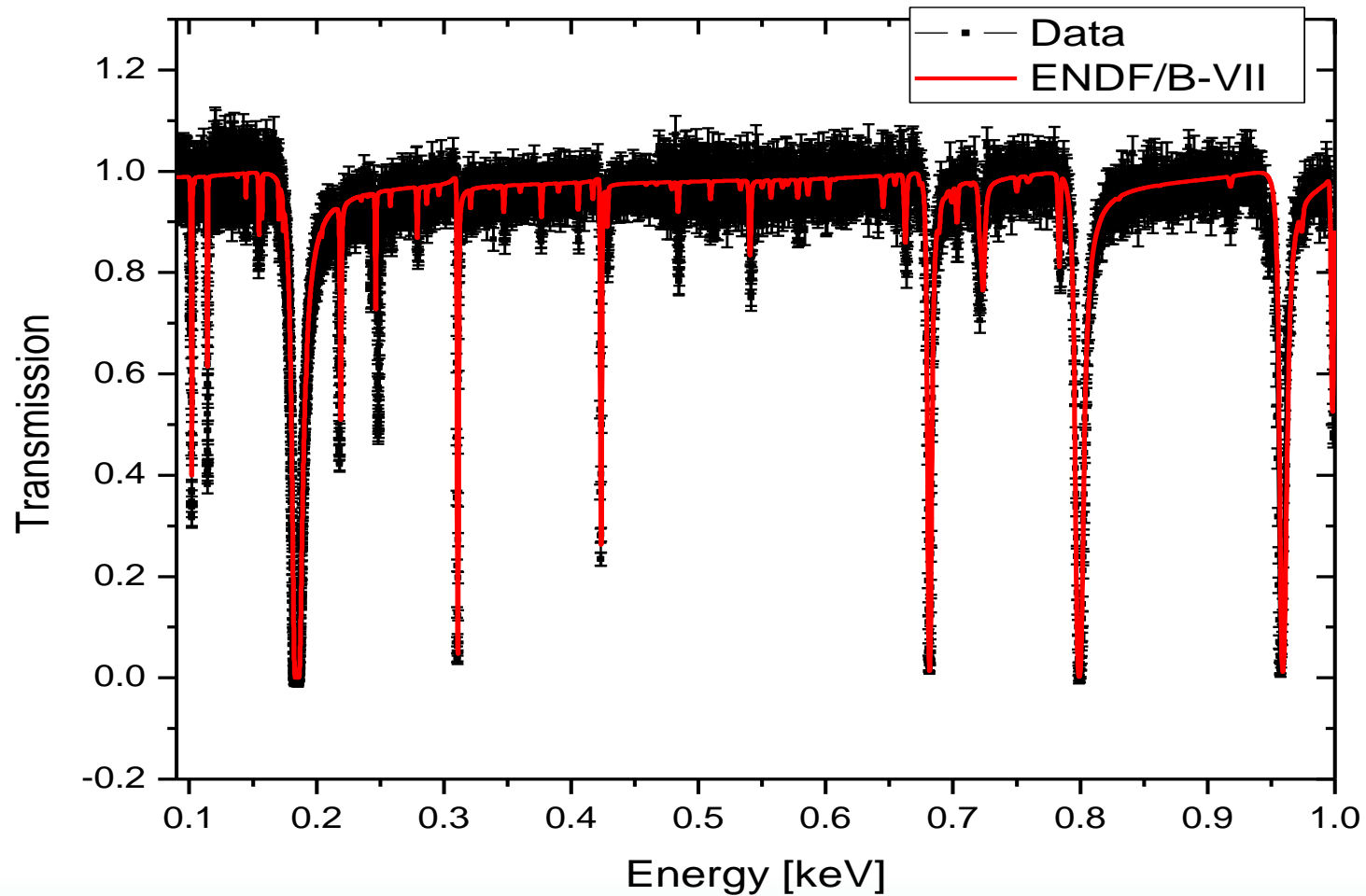
Experiments at GELINA

- Since ORELA was not operating all experiments were done in collaboration with GELINA.
- Neutron capture was performed at FP14 (60m) and FP15 (30m) with 1nsec pulse width and rep rate of 800Hz. By combining various disks, different sample thickness were achieved.
- Neutron transmission was measured at FP4 (50m) using a ^6Li glass detector. Different sample thickness were used.
- Additional runs are planned to measure the unresolved region.
- Additional experiments are planned at 40 Hz rep rate to measure the cross section down to thermal energies.

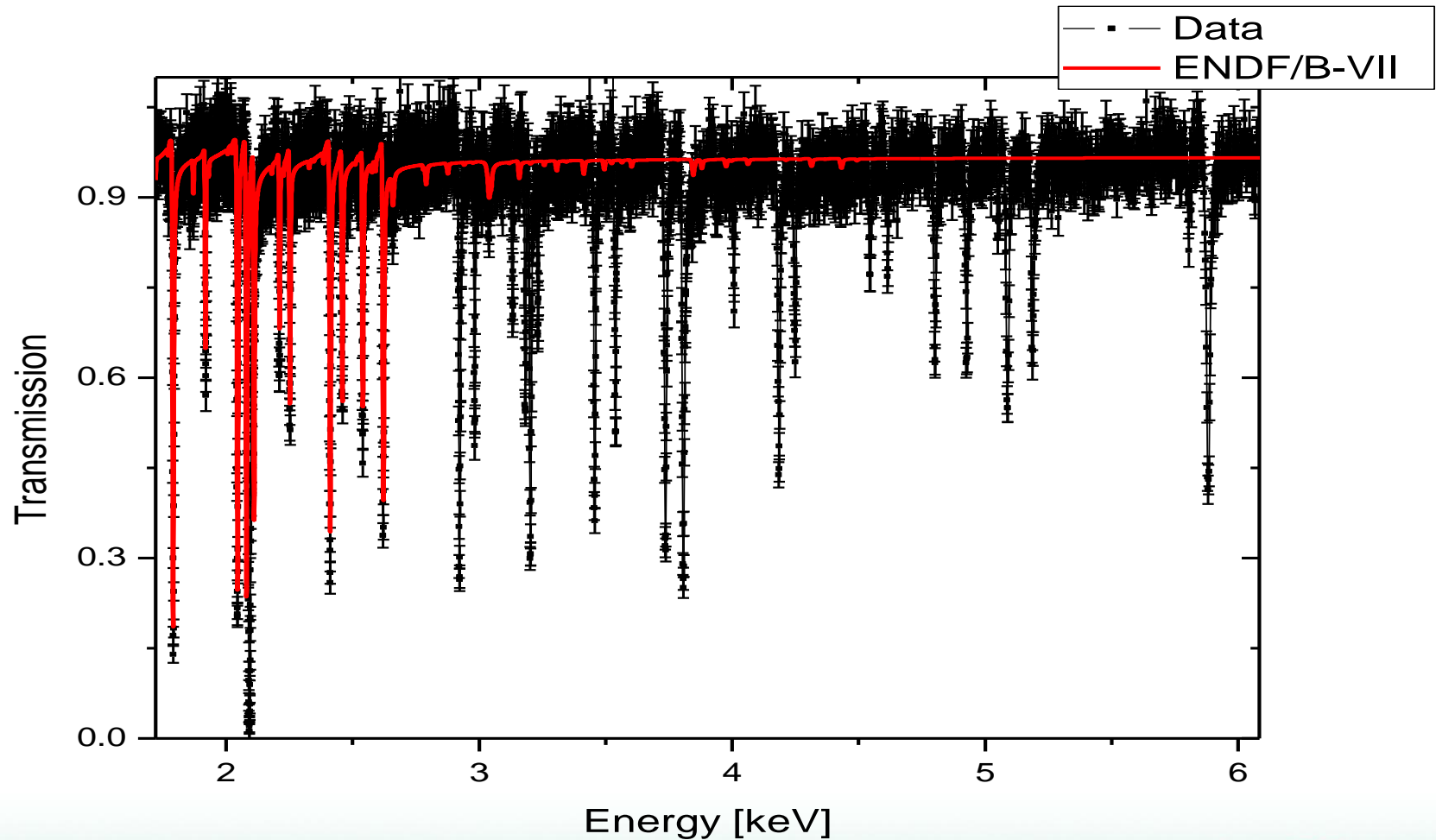
W Data Reduction

- Data are written in list-mode for each ADC and TDC.
- GELINA specific programs (AGL and AGS) are used for data reduction.
- AGL to produce spectra which are corrected for gain and checked for consistency.
- AGS used AGL data to produce yield, transmission or capture data propagating all experimental uncertainties.
- Output are experimental data with complete covariance matrix.

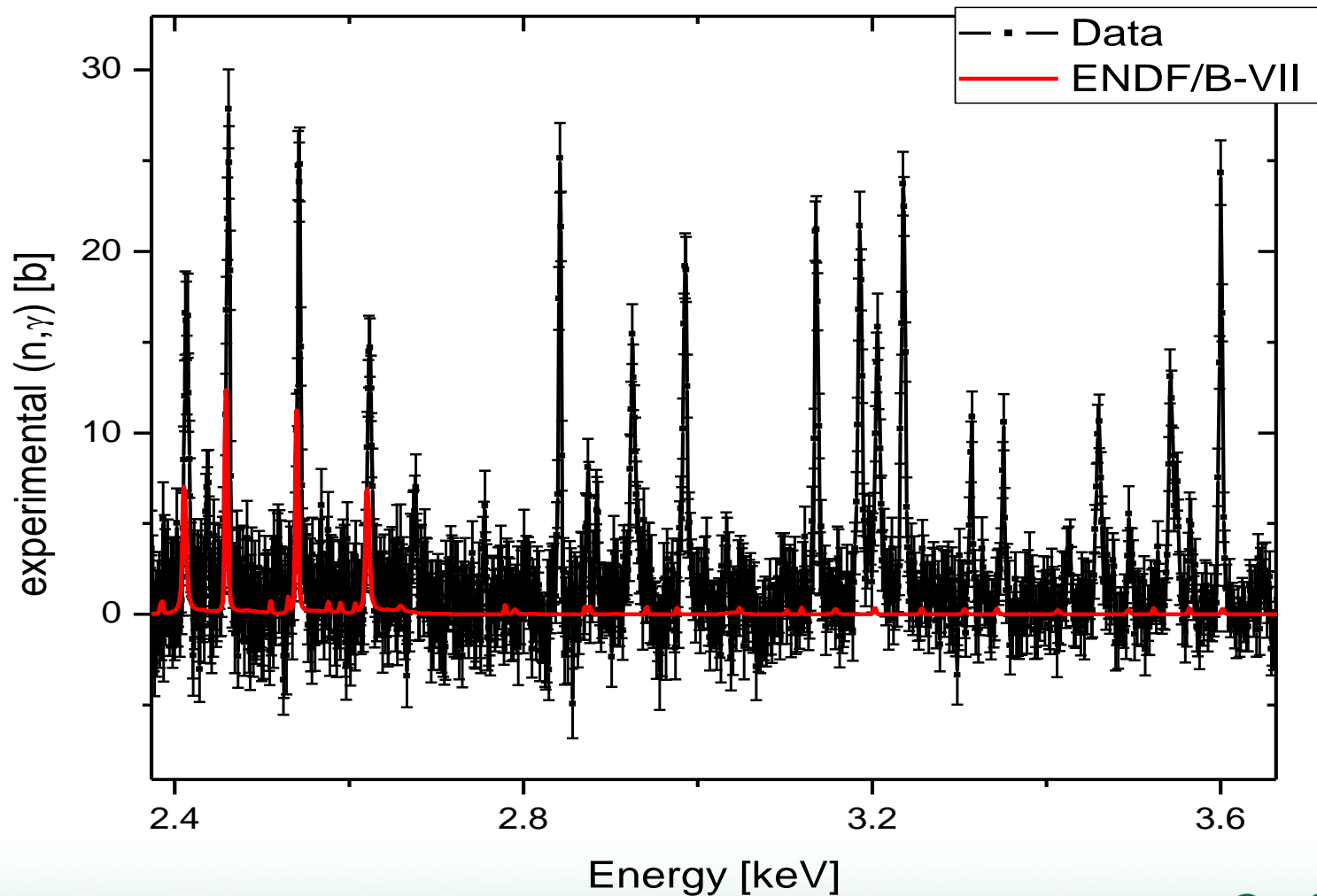
Transmission Data for 1mm ^{184}W compared to ENDF/B-VII

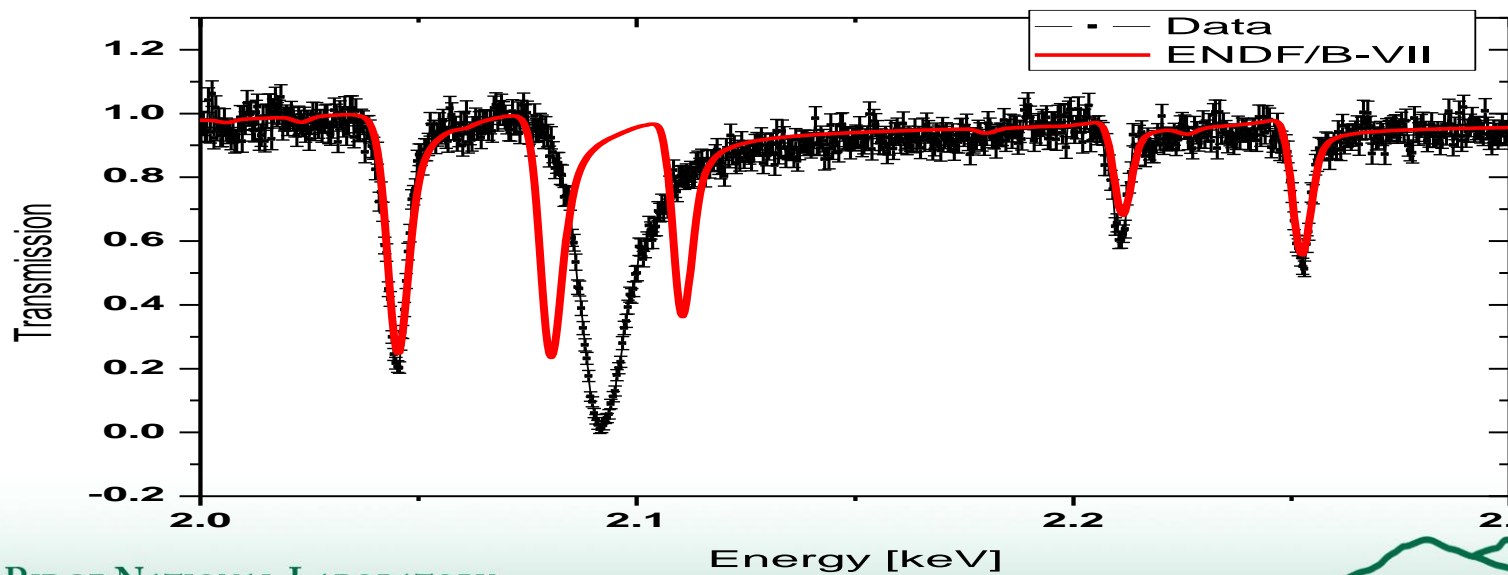
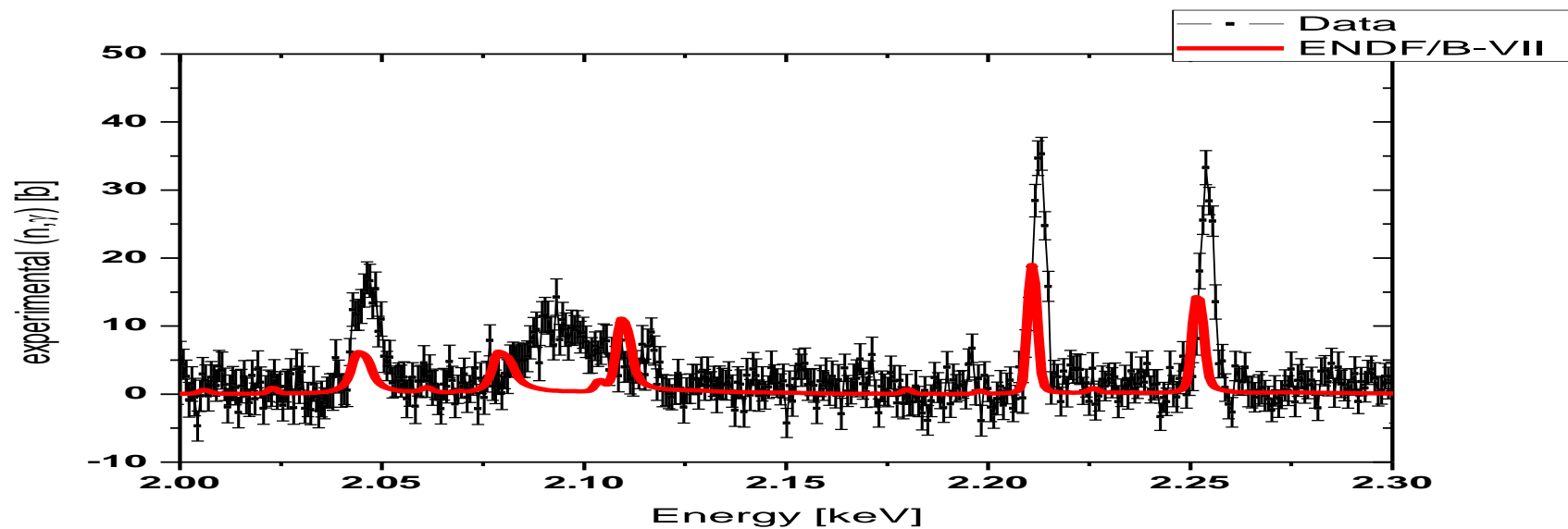


Transmission Data for 1mm ^{184}W compared to ENDF/B-VII: *Terra Incognita*



(n,γ) Data for 2mm ^{184}W compared to ENDF/B-VII





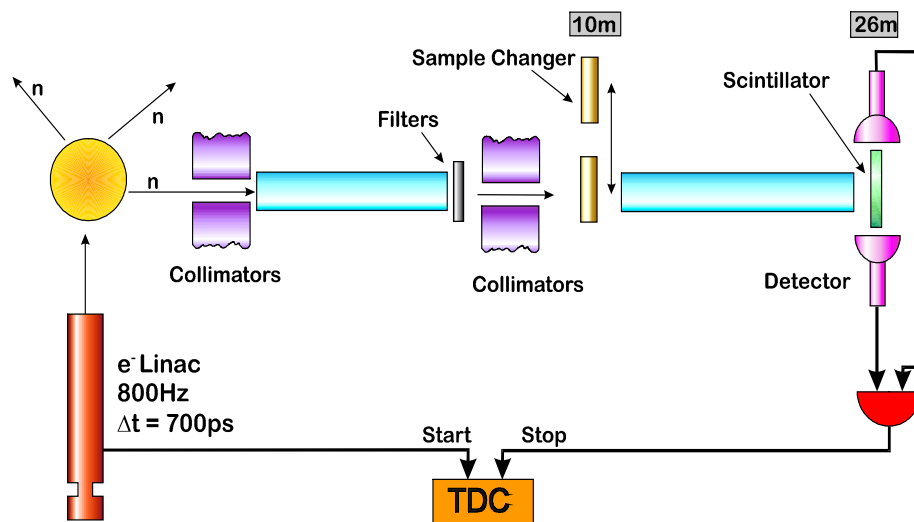
Summary FY09

- ORELA is in stand-by mode.
- Experiments performed at GELINA
- Neutron Capture:
 - Natural W, ^{182}W , ^{183}W , ^{184}W , ^{186}W , thin and thick sample at different FP-length
- Neutron Transmission:
 - Natural W, ^{184}W thin and thick sample
- Data for ^{184}W are reduced to cross section.

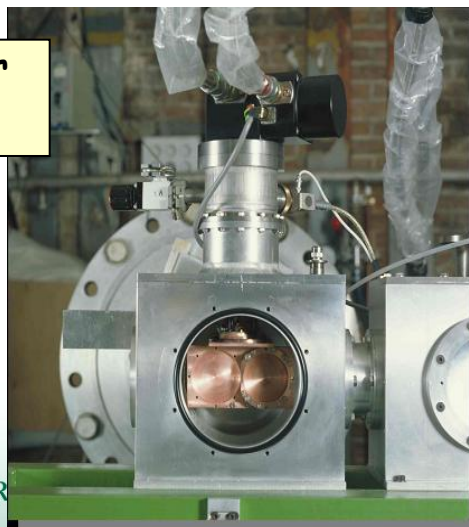
People involved in the Experiments

- **Christos Lampoudis, IRMM**
- **Peter Schillebeeckx, IRMM**
- **Stefan Kopecky, IRMM**
- **Peter Siegler, IRMM**
- **Clint Ausmus, ORNL**

Transmission Setup @25m



cryostat sample changer
temp. range 10K - 350K



^6Li glass (NE912)
diam.: 10cm
thickness 1cm
2 * 5" PM tube