

Nuclear Data Related Activities at KAERI

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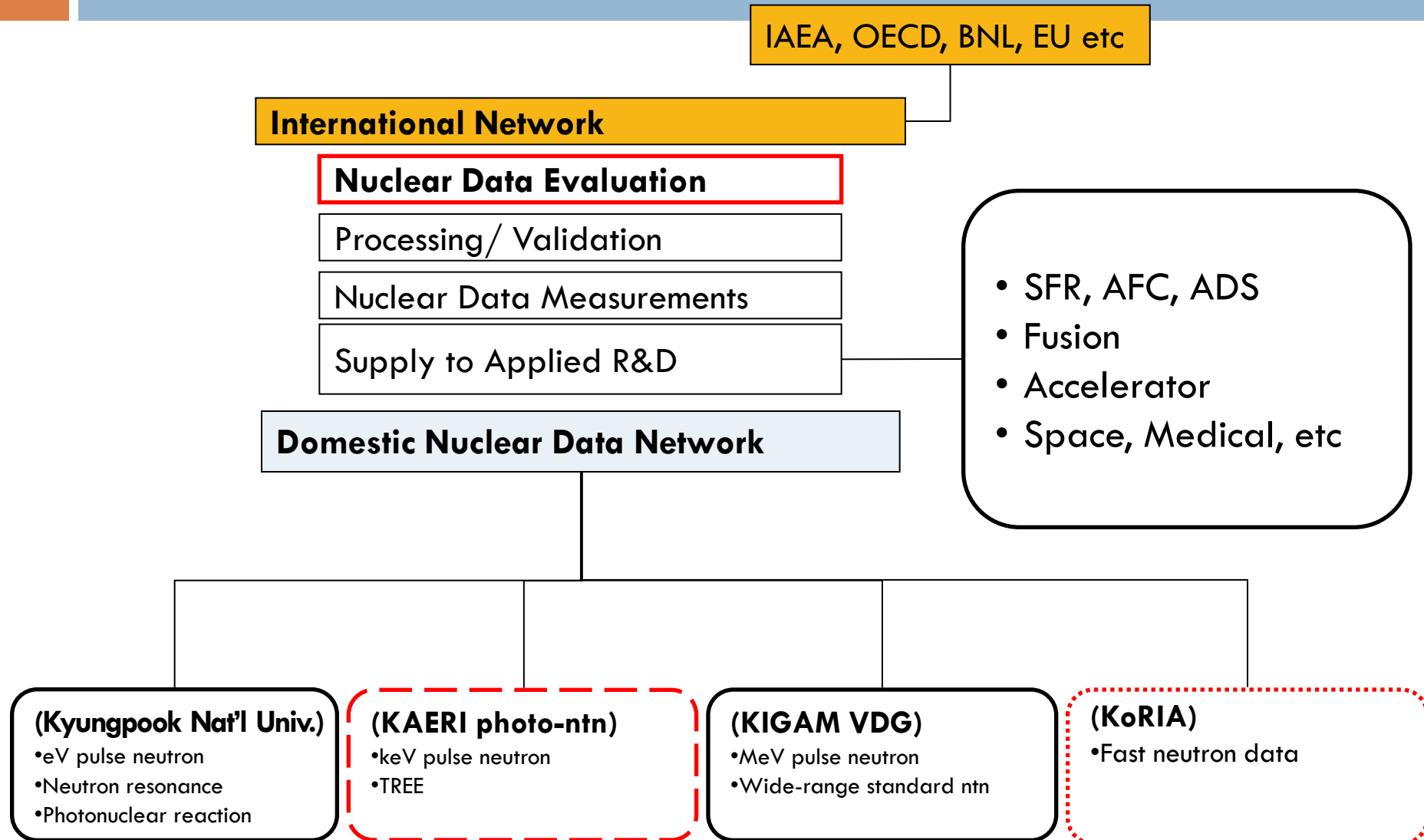
Korea Atomic Energy Research Institute

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- Introduction to Nuclear Data Center at KAERI
- Evaluation activities
 - ▣ Covariance evaluations at resonance region
 - (n,el) , $(n,)$ and (n,f) based on MLBW formalism
 - Sample calculations for ^{237}Np
 - ▣ Evaluations at high energy region
 - XS/Covariance evaluations with EMPIRE-KALMAN
 - Results for Fe, Cr and W
- Processing and validation
 - ▣ Benchmark results for ^{240}Pu
- Measurement activities
 - ▣ Design of fast neutron source and various measurement activities
- New website for providing the nuclear data
 - ▣ Nuclear properties such as mass excess and decay mode, and evaluated nuclear data are provided

Introduction

Nuclear Data Network in Korea



Introduction

Nuclear Data Center @ KAERI

- Performs the measurement, evaluation, processing and validation of nuclear data which are requested by the various fields.
- Comprises 1 director, 11 permanent staffs (2 in evaluation, 1 in theory, 2 in processing and validation, 4 in measurements and application, 2 in atomic and molecular data), 1 PhD student, 1 post master's researcher and 1 secretary.
- Mission of KAERI/NDC is disseminating outcomes of international network as well as promoting domestic nuclear data activities and related applications.

Resonance region

COVRES Code

- Evaluates neutron c/s uncertainties in the resolved resonance region.
 - ▣ Extended from KERCEN
 - ▣ Based on a transparent formalism (using MLBW or kernel approximation) using the resonance parameter uncertainties from the *Atlas of Neutron Resonances*.
 - ▣ Handles scattering radius uncertainty explicitly.
 - ▣ Accepts the correlation coefficients as input.

- Uncertainty of average cross section

$$\langle \delta \bar{\sigma} \delta \bar{\sigma} \rangle = \sum_{i,r,i',r'} \frac{\partial \bar{\sigma}}{\partial p_{i,r}} \langle \delta p_{i,r} \delta p_{i',r'} \rangle \frac{\partial \bar{\sigma}}{\partial p_{i',r'}}$$

where $\langle \delta p_{i,r} \delta p_{i',r'} \rangle$ is covariance of resonance parameters.

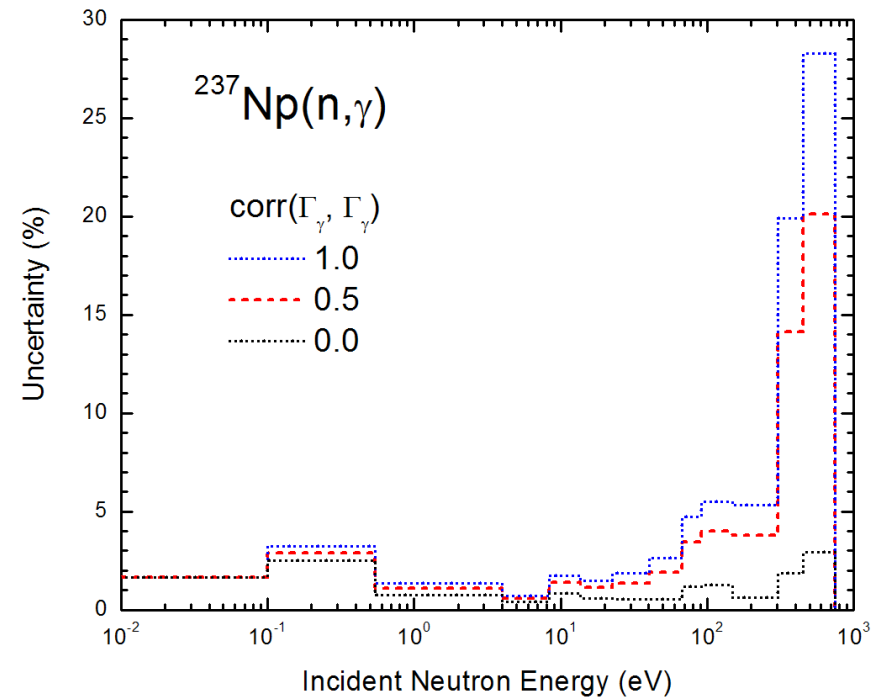
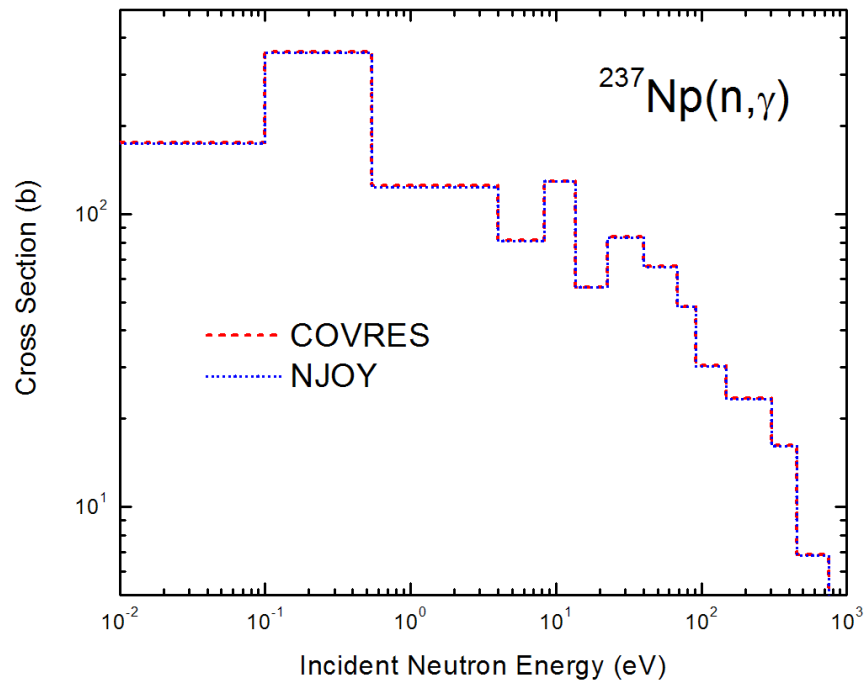
- Sensitivity

$$\frac{\partial \bar{\sigma}}{\partial \Gamma_i} = \frac{1}{\Delta E} \int_{E_1}^{E_2} \frac{\partial \sigma(E)}{\partial \Gamma_i} dE \quad \text{where } i = \gamma, n$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{\sigma}_n}{\partial R'} \quad ? \quad \text{by observing variation of average scattering cross section due to deviation of } R' \quad \frac{\partial \bar{\sigma}_n}{\partial R'} \delta R' \approx \delta \bar{\sigma}_n (R' \rightarrow R' + \delta R')$$

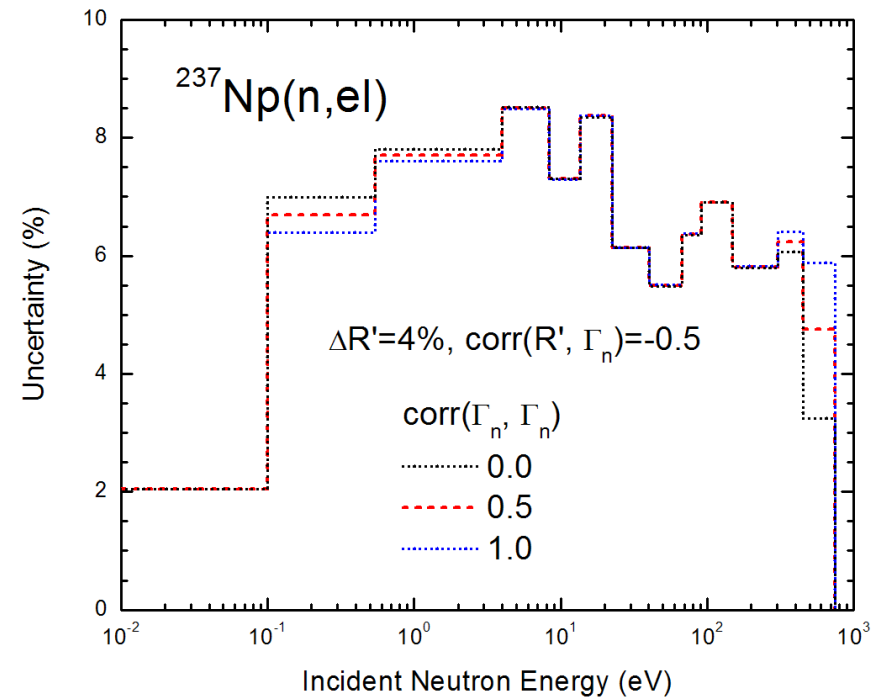
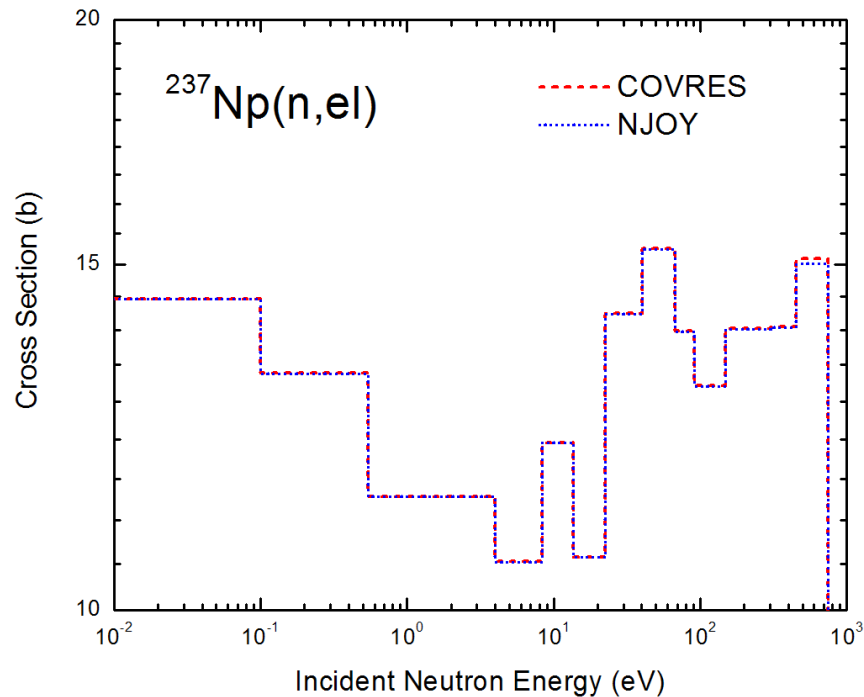
Resonance region

^{237}Np , capture



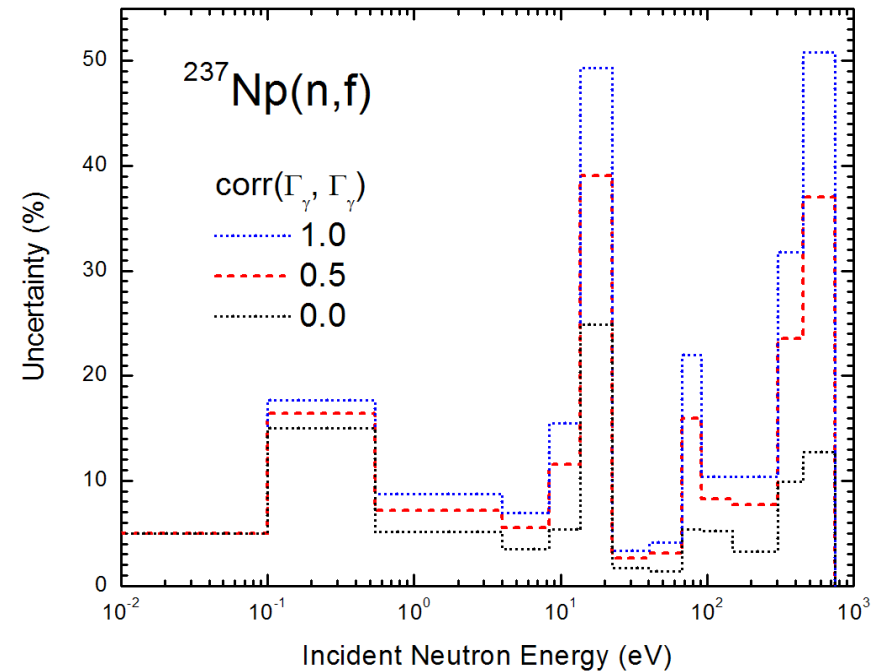
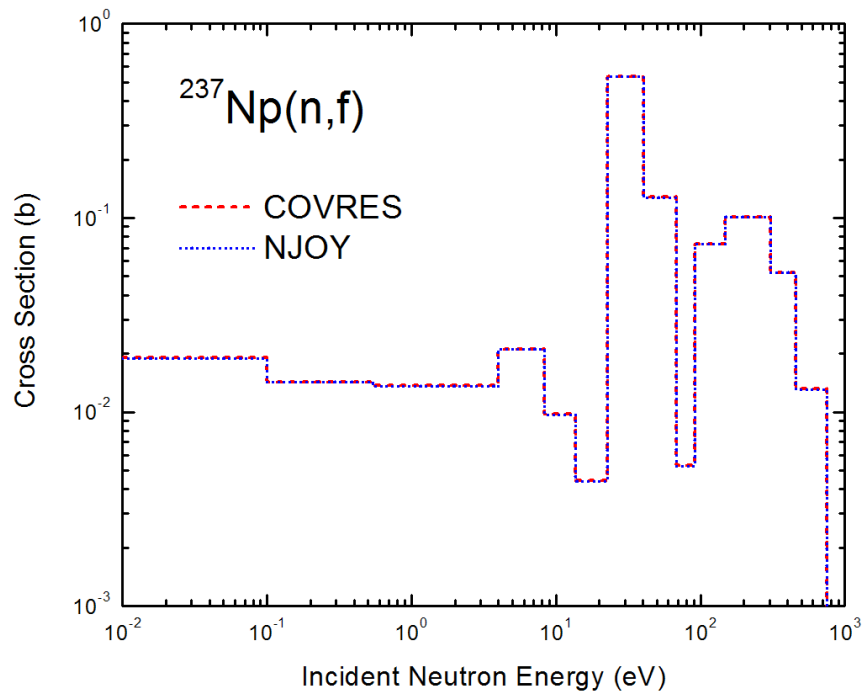
Resonance region

^{237}Np , scattering



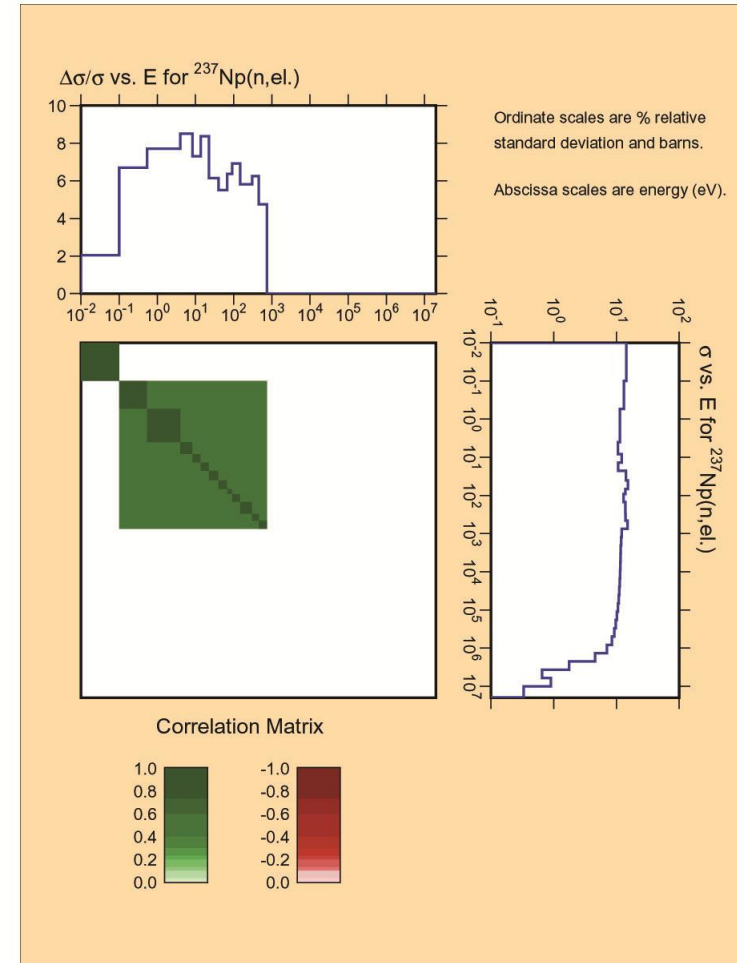
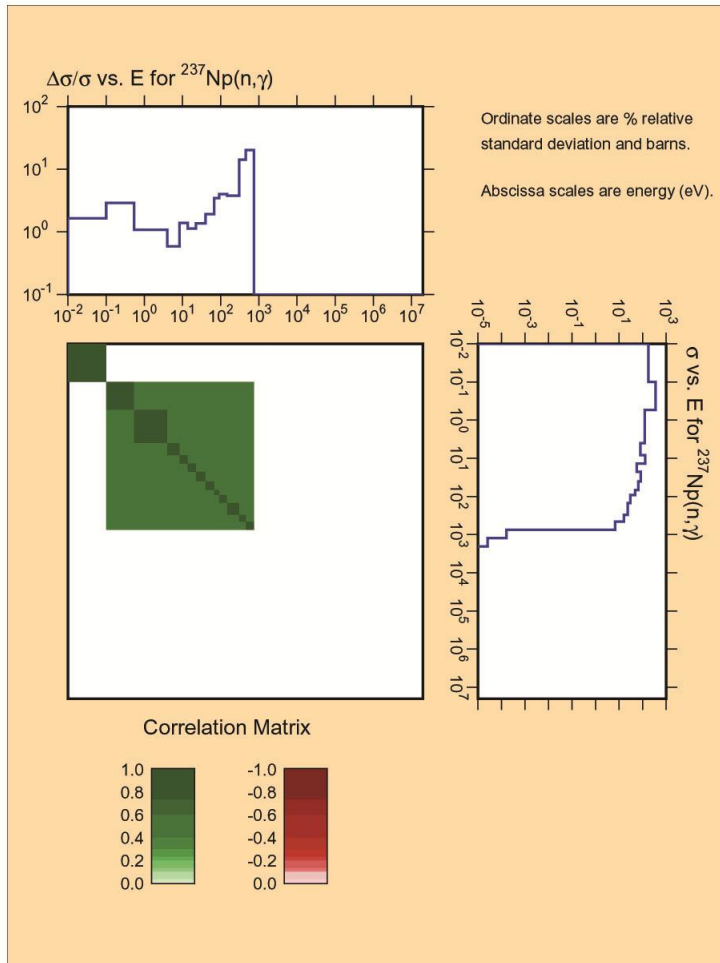
Resonance region

^{237}Np , fission



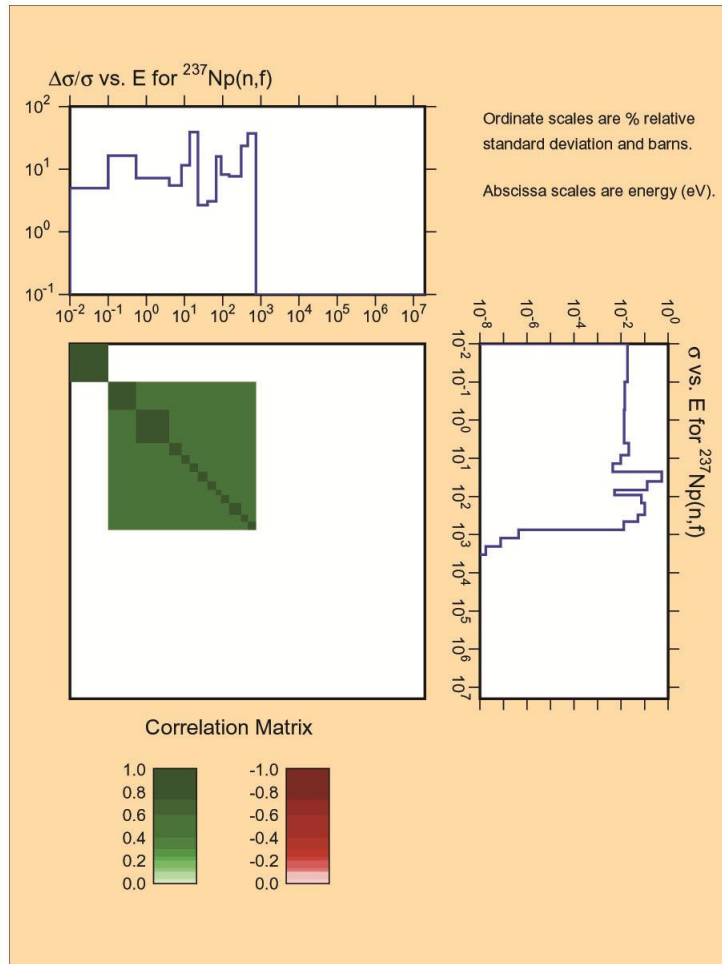
Resonance region

Covariances for ^{237}Np



Resonance region

Covariances for ^{237}Np



High energy region

Evaluation Method

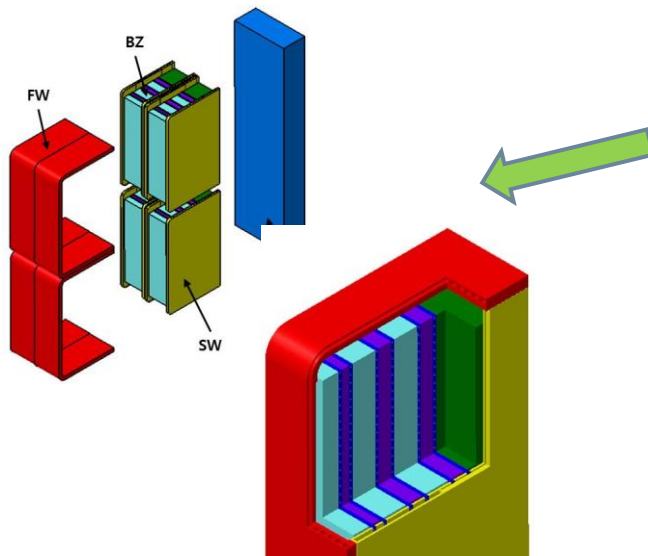
- Code
 - EMPIRE-3
 - Parallel computing used in order to reduce a computing time due to covariance matrices and a thousand incident energies
- OMP adjustment
 - Tool for optimization of OMP developed by KAERI/NDC
- Models
 - Hauser-Feshbach with HRTW
 - DEGAS for gamma and PCROSS for others in pre-equilibrium
 - Empire specific level densities
 - Gamma strength function by plujiko(MLO1)
- Covariance
 - EMPIRE-KALMAN used
 - Sensitivity matrices by variations of model parameters around optimal value
 - Using uncertainties of measurements if available
 - Scaling up or down the uncertainty if extremely low or high

High energy region

Ko HCCR TBM

- A Mission of KAERI/NDC to Ko HCCR TBM
 - ▣ The neutronics analysis to obtain the optimal design parameters
 - ▣ Provision of the most reliable nuclear data
 - Recommendation of the evaluated nuclear data from the existing libraries
 - Production of the evaluated nuclear data

HCCR TBM configuration



Projection view of HCCR TBM sub-module

Materials used in the Ko HCCR TBM

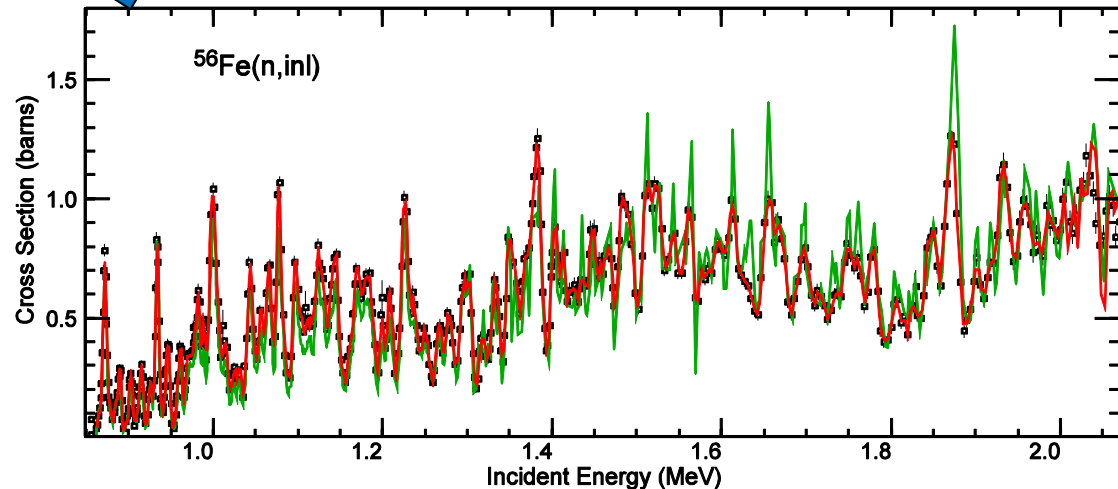
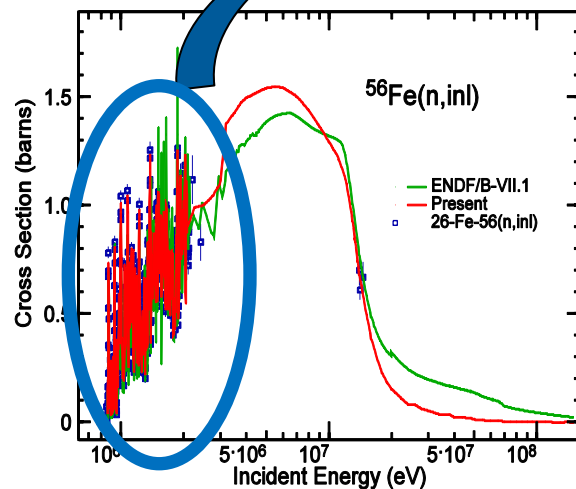
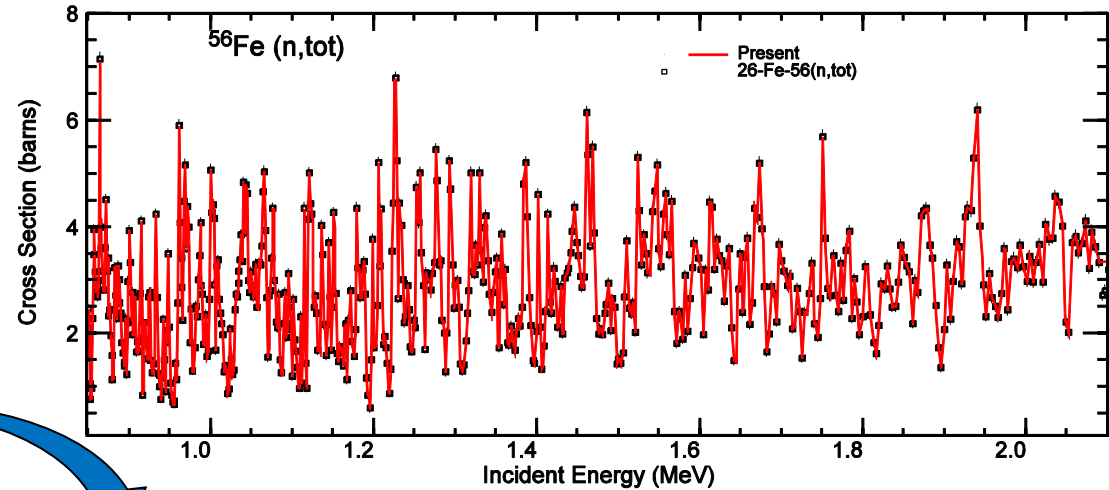
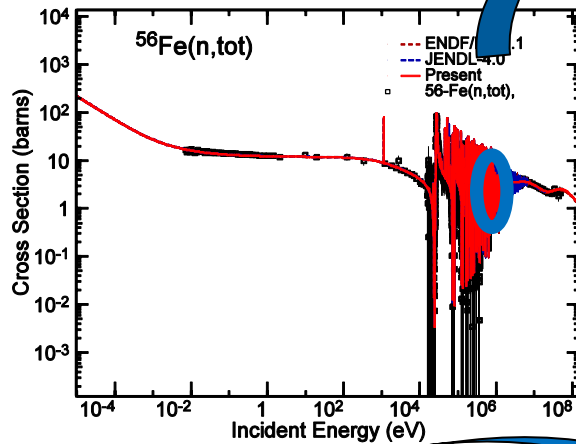
Material	Element
RAFM Steel* (Structural Material)	W, Ta, Fe, Cr, Zr, Mn, Mo, Nb, Cu, Ni, Co, V, Ti, S, P, Al, O, C, N, B, H
Li ₄ SiO ₄ (Breeder)	Co, Fe, Ti, Ca, K, Si, Al, Na, O, Li-6, Li-7
Beryllium (Multiplier)	Fe, Si, Al, Mg, O, C, Be
SiC Coated Graphite (Reflector)	Pb, Zn, Cu, Ni, Co, Fe, Mn, Cr, V, Ti, Ca, K, Si, Al, Mg, Na, C, Li, B

*Reduced Activation Ferritic/Martensitic (RAFM)

Red : this year
Remaining: 2016

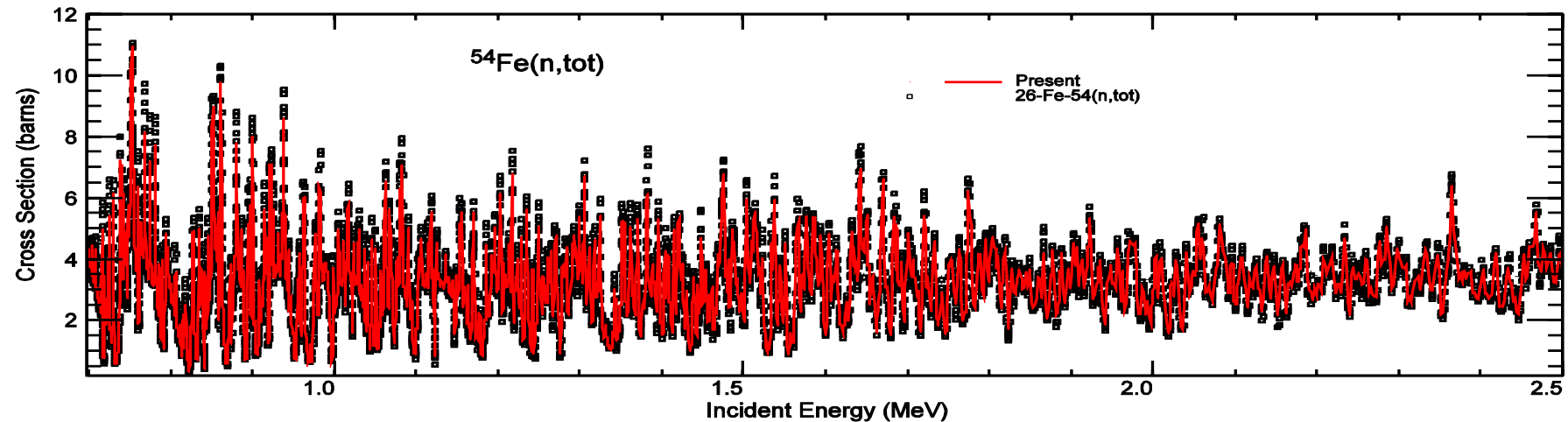
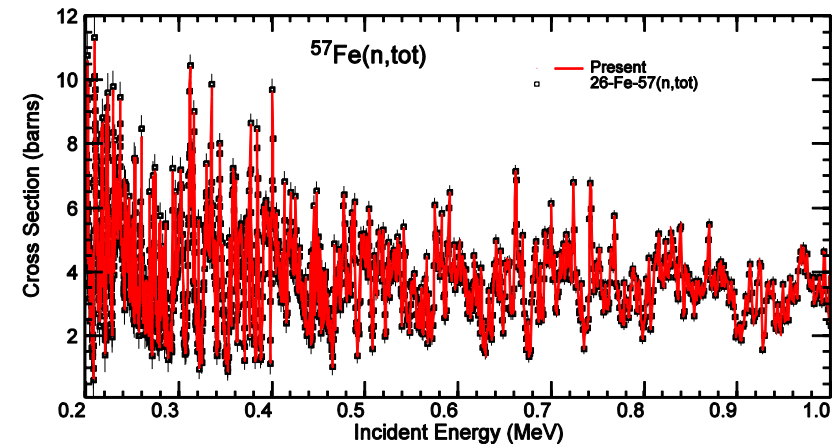
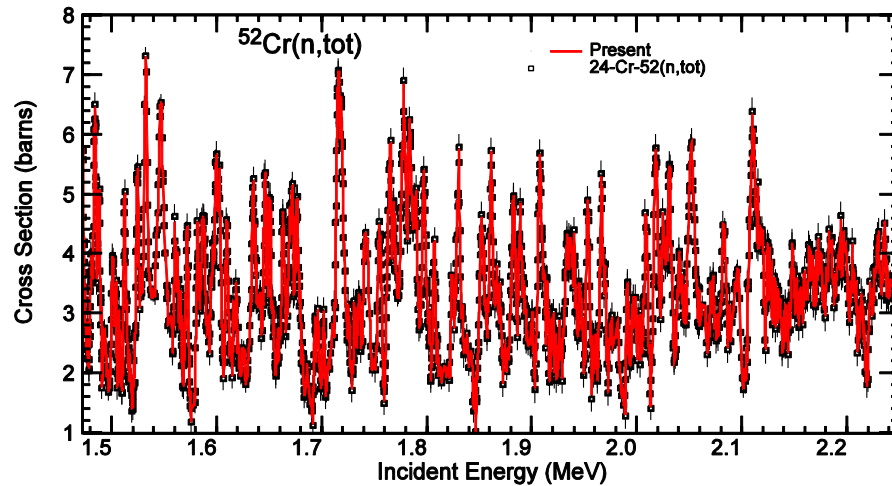
High energy region

Reproductions of a Resonance-like Structure (1)



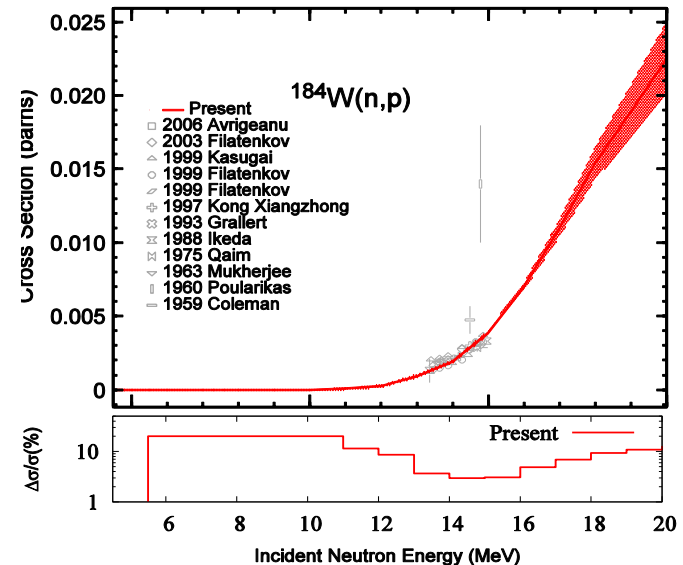
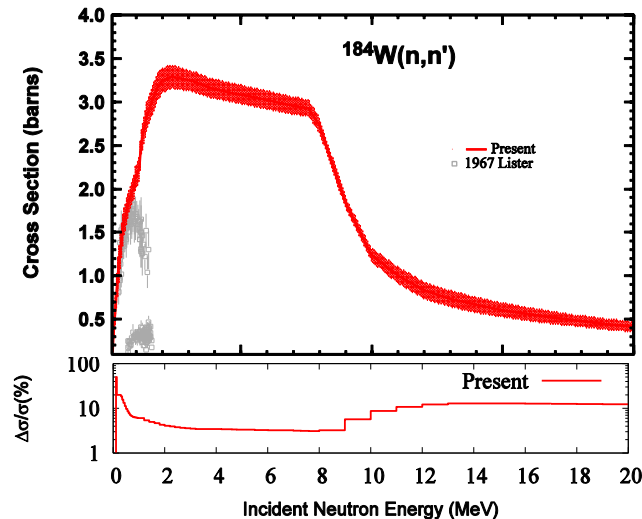
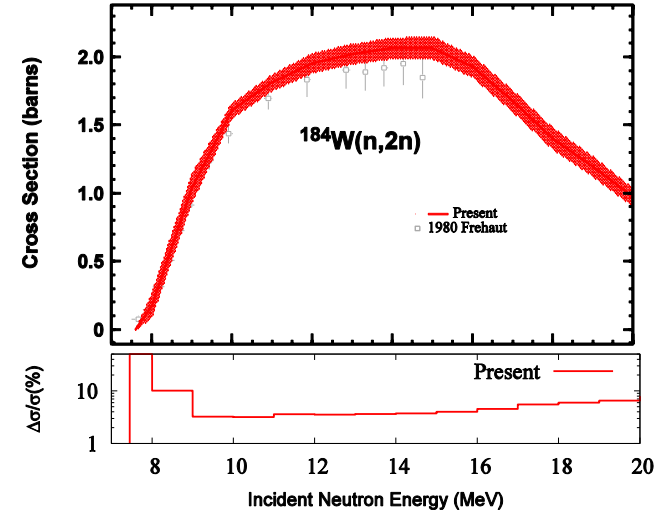
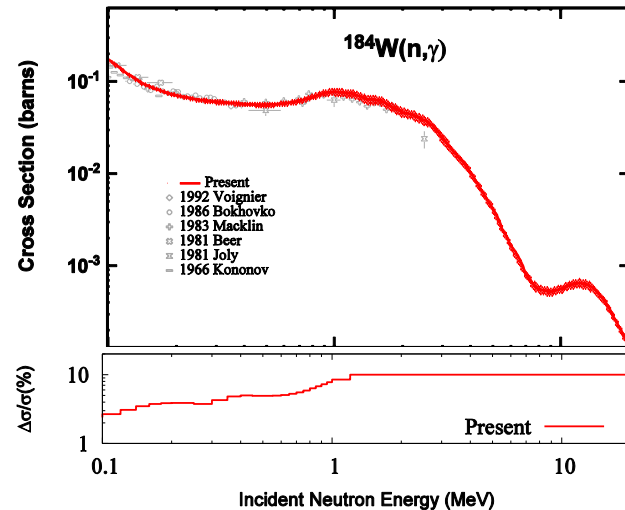
High energy region

Reproductions of a Resonance-like Structure (2)



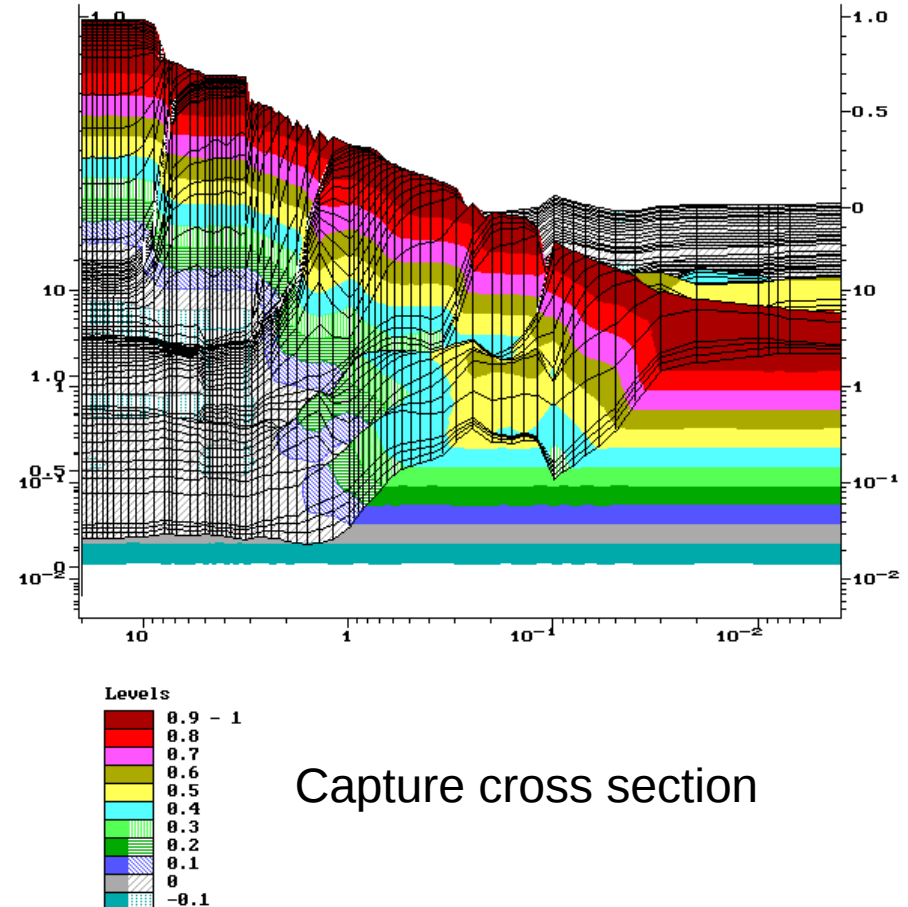
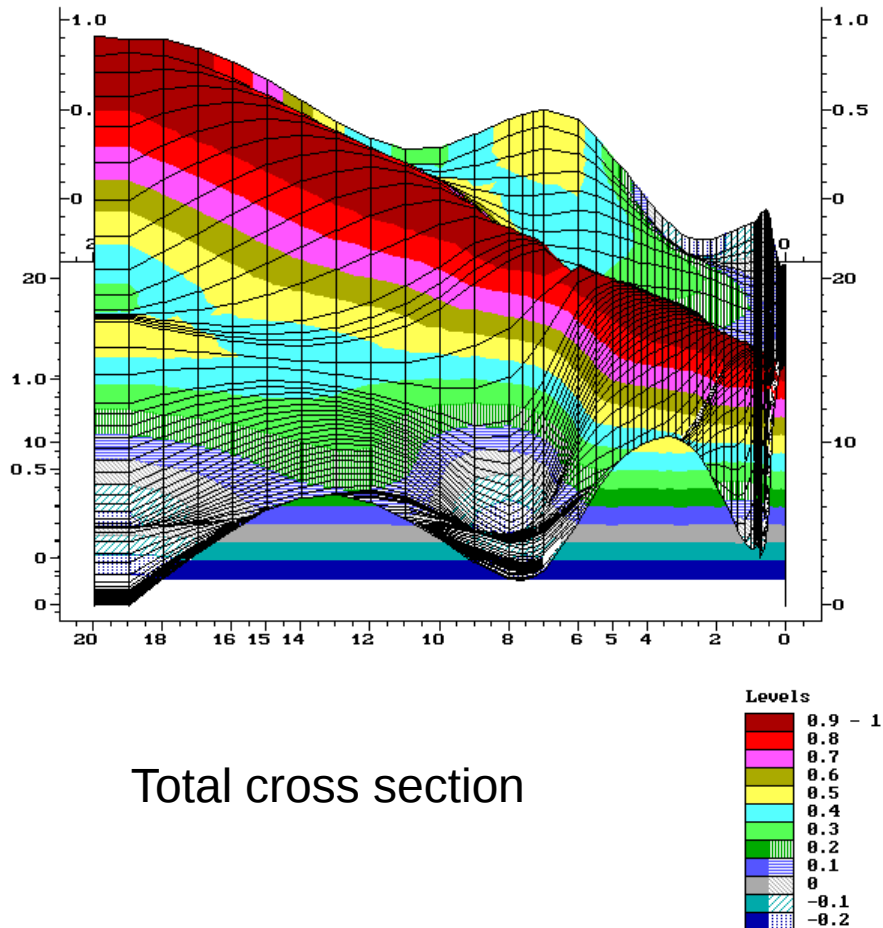
High energy region

Cross Section and Uncertainties of W



High energy region

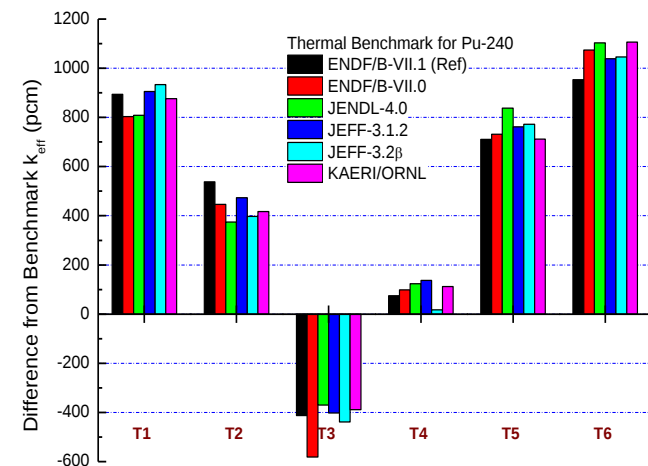
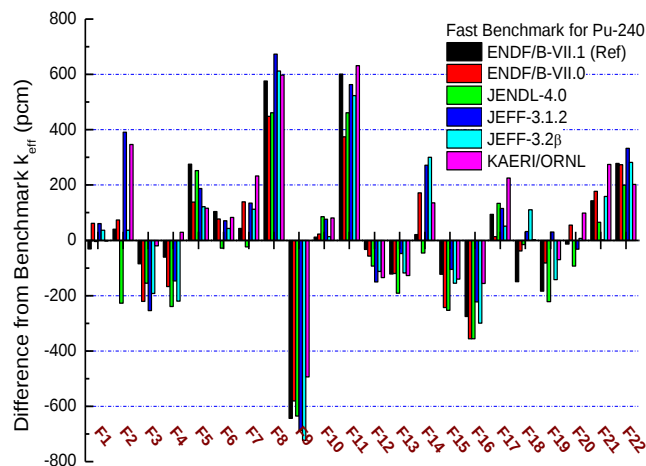
Correlations of ^{184}W



Benchmark Study for Pu-240

- Benchmark problems taken from the ICSBEP/CSEWG
- X^2 obtained from 22 benchmark results for fast reactor and 6 for thermal reactor

Benchmark	ENDF/B-VII.1	ENDF/B-VII.0	JENDL-4.0	JEFF-3.1.2	JEFF-3.2(β)	KAERI/ORNL
Fast reactor	1.481E-04	1.160E-04	1.392E-04	1.837E-04	1.659E-04	1.481E-04
Thermal reactor	2.679E-04	2.880E-04	2.866E-04	2.883E-04	2.911E-04	2.835E-04
Overall	4.159E-04	4.040E-04	4.257E-04	4.720E-04	4.570E-04	4.317E-04

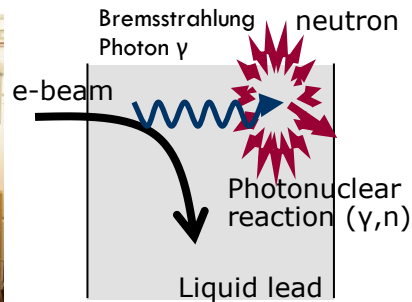


Measurement

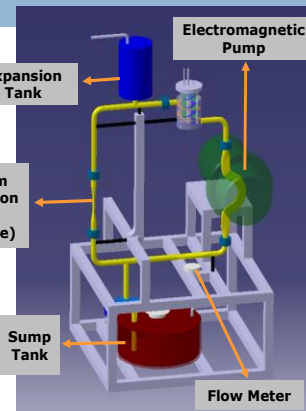
Design of KAERI Fast Neutron Source



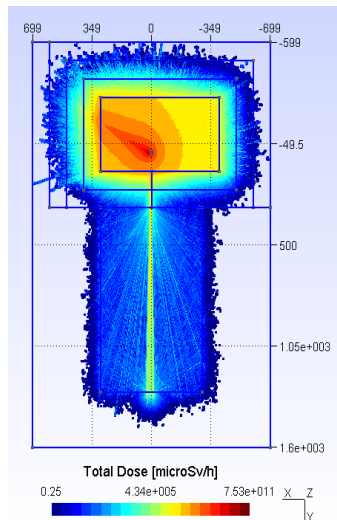
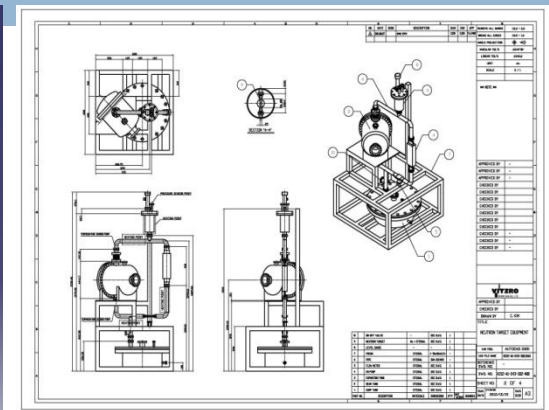
Photo-neutron source at HZDR



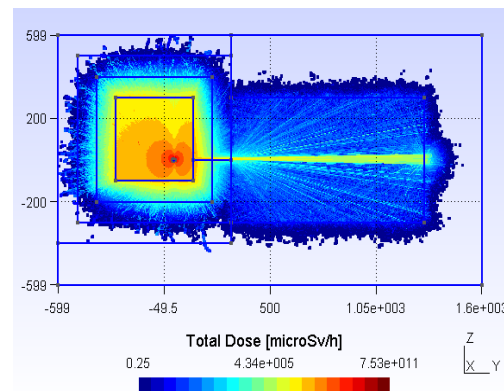
Neutron generation mechanism



Our design of photo-neutron source



Shielding calculation for TOF facility



Optimum thickness of concrete shield:
3.4 m (x) x 2.8 m (y)

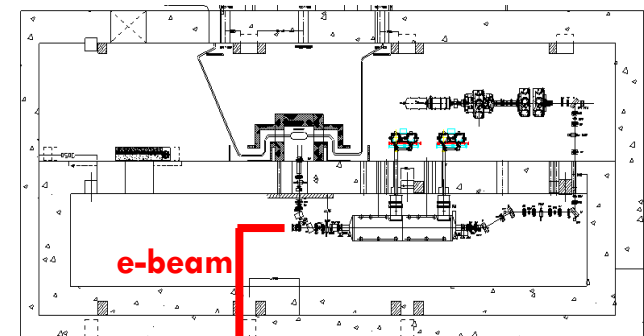
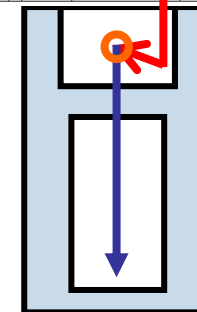


Photo-neutron source

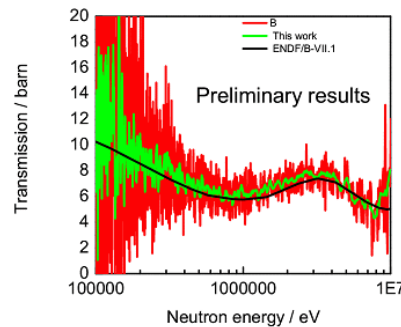


Neutron beam

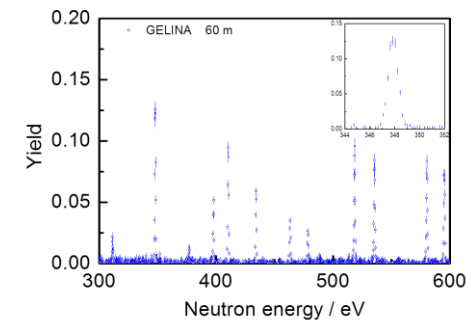
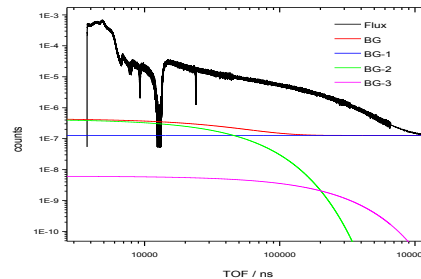
Measurement

Measurement Activities

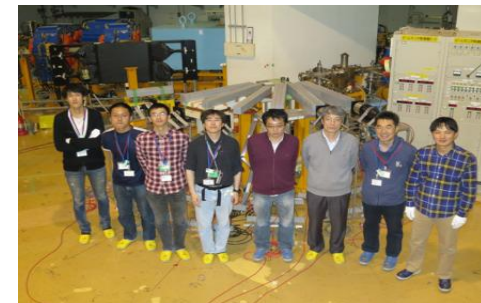
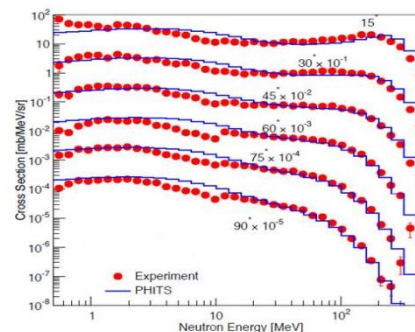
- Measurement of total cross section of W at HZDR



- Measurement of capture cross section of U-238 at IRMM



- Measurement of neutrons by high energy heavy ion reactions at HIMAC

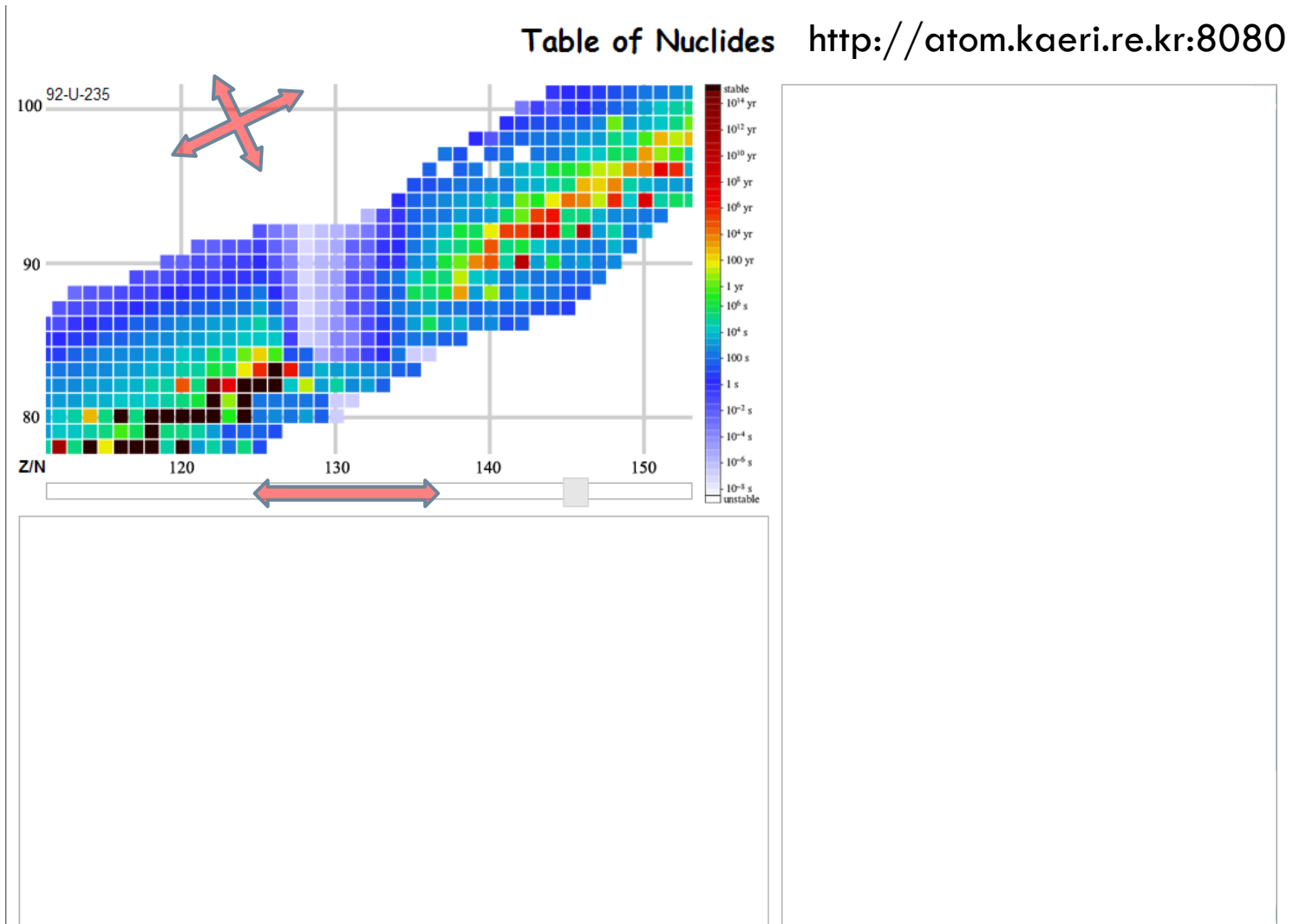


Development of a New Website

- Goal
 - ▣ As much information as possible is accessible from one page
 - ▣ Portable and easily migratable to new platform
- Development platform
 - ▣ Fedora, Java and MySQL (free of charge)
- Information provided now
 - ▣ Atomic mass, mass excess, binding energy, beta-decay energy, abundance, half-life and decay mode
 - ▣ Nuclear data evaluations including ENDF/B-VII.1, JENDL-4.0, CENDL-3.1 and JEFF-3.1 along with their plots
- Future plan
 - ▣ Other useful data including the resonance property and EXFOR will be added.
 - ▣ Comparison plot of evaluations and measurements will be provided.

Website

Table of Nuclides



Summary

- COVRES has been developed to accommodate the MLBW formalism, extending the previous work based on the kernel approximation, and has been tested for computing cross section uncertainties for the ^{237}Np .
- Fluctuations observed in Fe and Cr were reproduced, and covariance matrices for W were generated.
- Benchmark study for ^{240}Pu was carried out.
- Various measurement activities were performed.
- New website for providing the nuclear properties and the current evaluations are being developed.

Thank you !