

Nuclear Data Measurements at RPI

Report to CSEWG November, 2011

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Measurements Completed This Year

- **Scattering**
 - ^{238}U , Neutron Scattering (4/7 angles), 0.5-20 MeV, 30m flight path.
- **Transmission**
 - ^{95}Mo , Fe-filtered transmission, 100m flight path
 - $^{95,96,98,100}\text{Mo}$, 10 eV - 600 keV, 100m and 30m flight path
 - $^{95,96,98,100}\text{Mo}$, 0.5-20 MeV, 250m flight path
 - ^{56}Fe , 0.5-20 MeV, 250m flight path



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Planned Measurements

- **Scattering**
 - Complete ^{238}U , Neutron Scattering, 0.5-20 MeV, 30m flight path.
- **Transmission**
 - Fe-filtered ^{56}Fe , 100m flight path
 - $^{92,94}\text{Mo}$, 10 eV - 600 keV, 100m and 30m flight path
 - Ti, Zr, Mo 0.5-20 MeV, 250m flight path
 - Fission neutrons spectrum for ^{252}Cf and ^{235}U



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Data Analysis

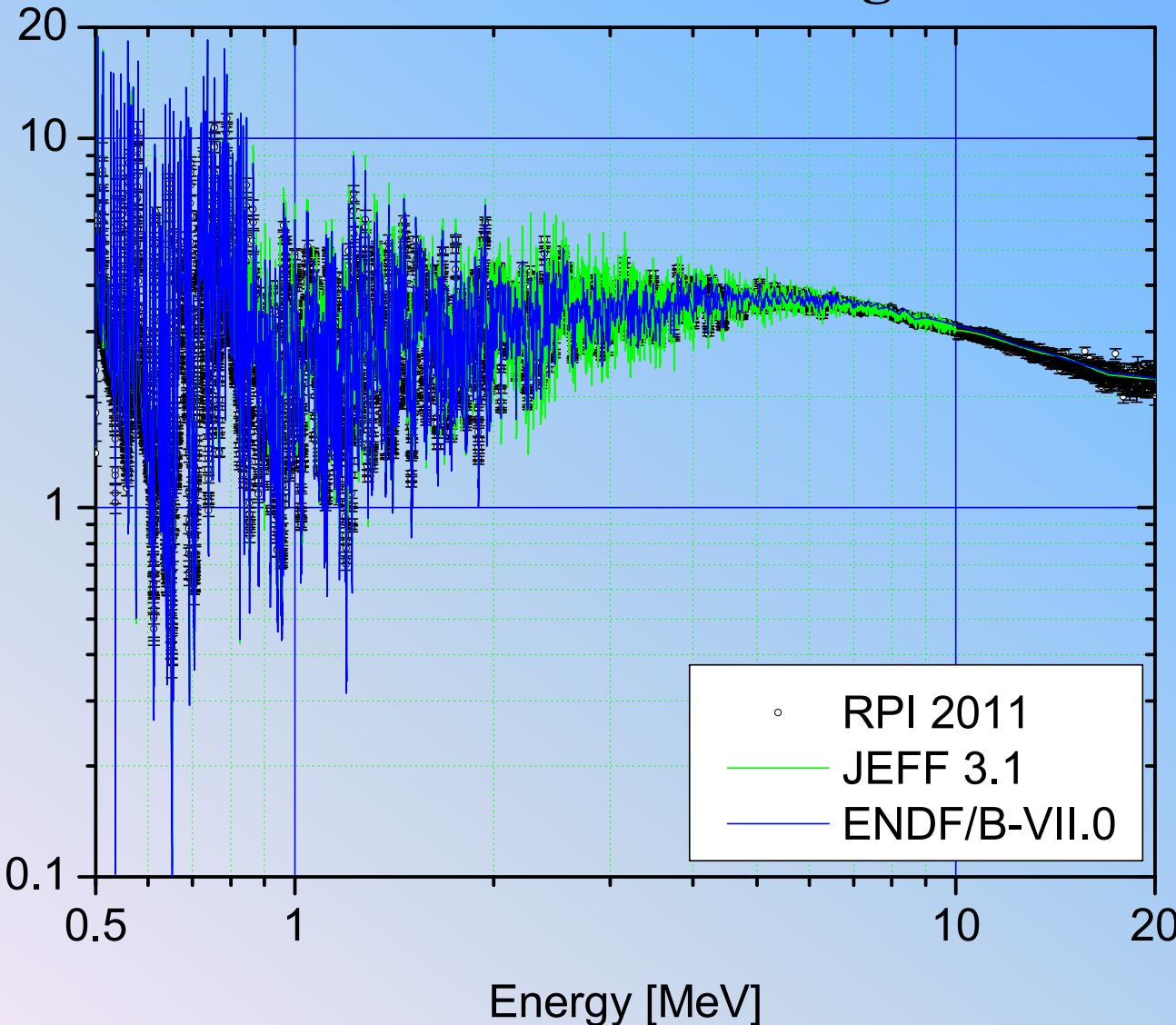
Sample	Status
Be, C	High energy (0.5-20MeV) transmission, submitted for publication
Zr	High energy (0.5-20MeV) scattering, submitted for publication
$^{147,149}\text{Sm}$ (n,α)	Cross section measurements with the LSDS, submitted for publication
Ti, Ta, Zr, Mo	High energy (0.5-20MeV) transmission analysis in progress
^{235}U	Capture and fission in the energy range thermal to 5 keV (in progress)
$^{95,96,98,100}\text{Mo}$, Rh, Eu, ^{153}Eu , Cd, ^{236}U , $^{161,162,163,164}\text{Dy}$ $^{155,156,157,158,160}\text{Gd}$,	Resonance parameters analysis in progress



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^{56}Fe Total Cross Section Measurements (NCSP)

250m Flight Path

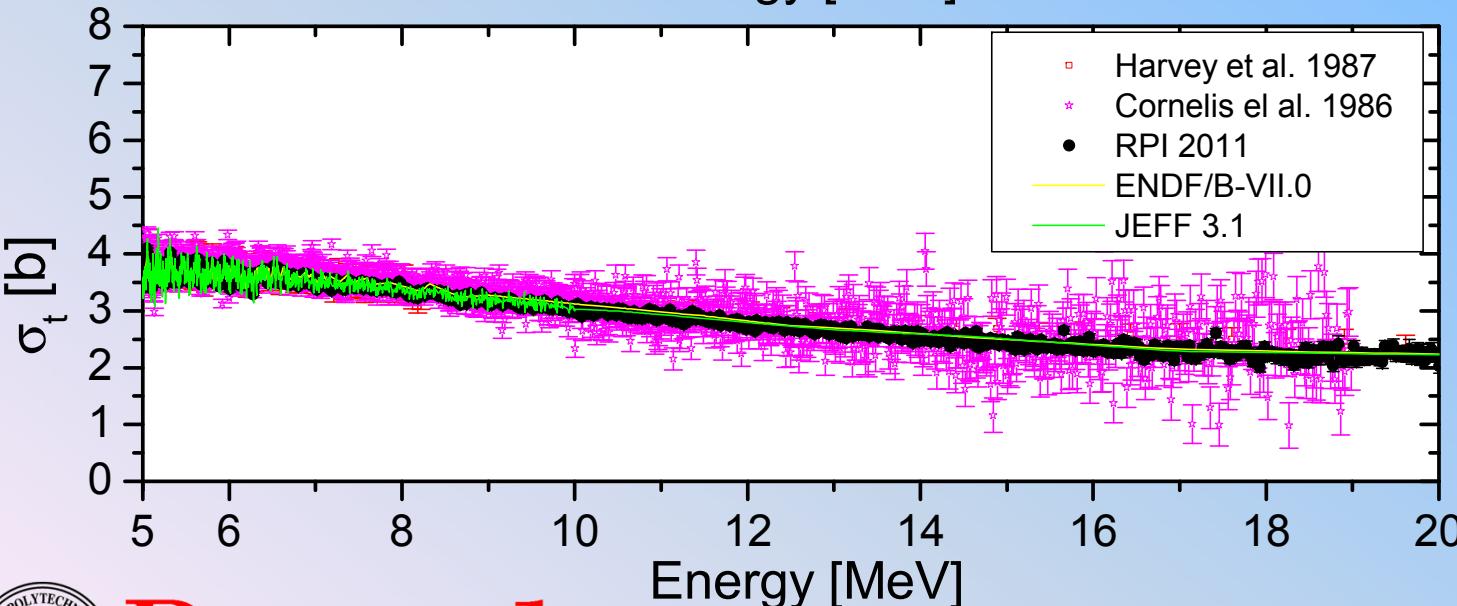
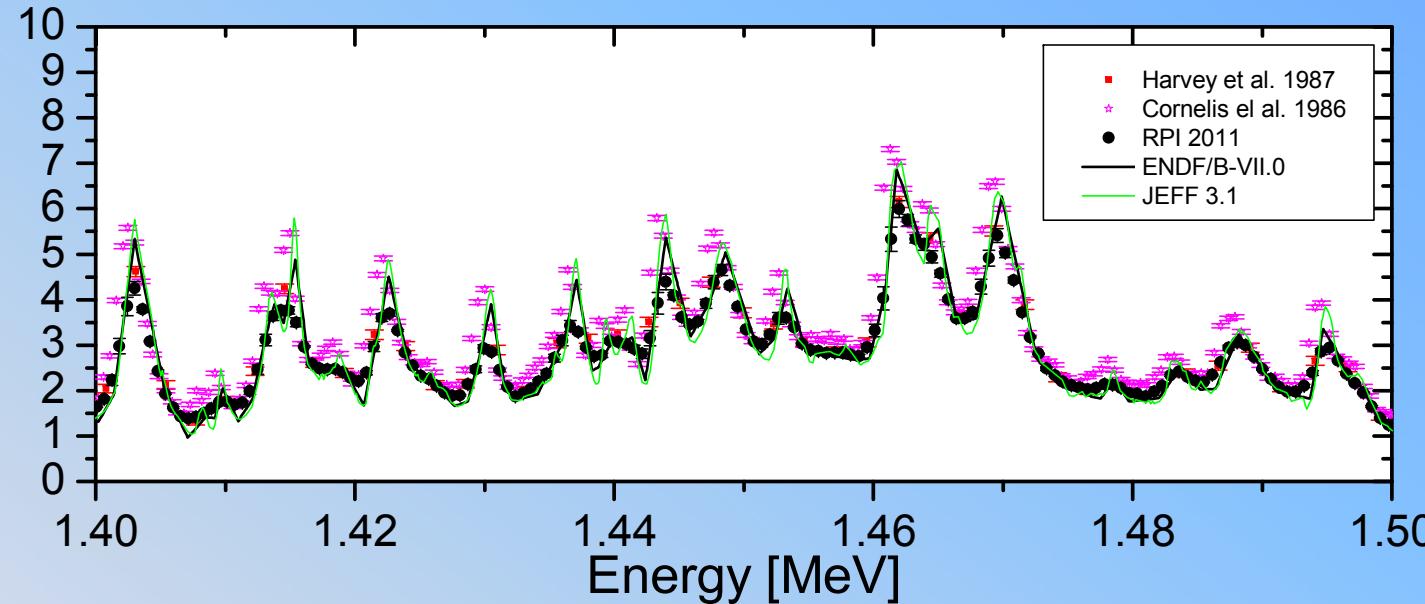


- Measured at 250m flight station with 8ns pulse width.
- Two sample thicknesses were used 0.271767 a/barn (3.22 cm) and 0.649742 a/barn (7.69 cm)
- Sample is 99.87% metallic ^{56}Fe
- Can help extend the resolved resonance region above 892 keV
- Only two other data sets available on EXFOR above 900 keV (Harvey et al. and Cornelis et al.)
- The JEFF 3.1 evaluation follows the Cornelis et al. data



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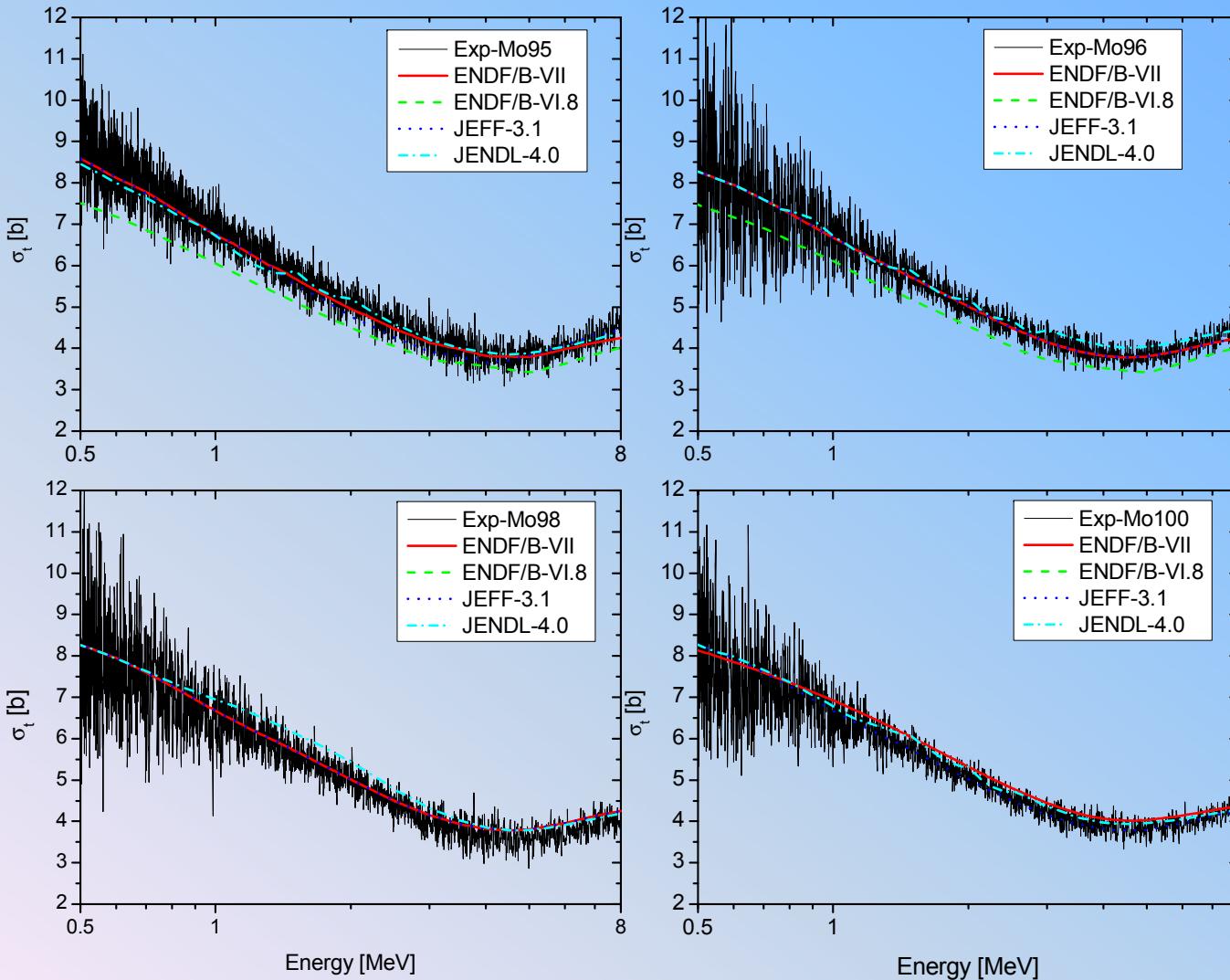
^{56}Fe Total Cross Section Measurements



- New data has good energy resolution but lower than Cornelis et al.
- The Cornelis et al. data is based on an oxide sample Fe_2O_3 (need to correct for O_3)
- Above 10 MeV the data has low errors and is in good agreement with both ENDF/B-VII.0 and JEFF 3.1

High Energy Total Cross Section of Mo Isotopes

250m Time of Flight



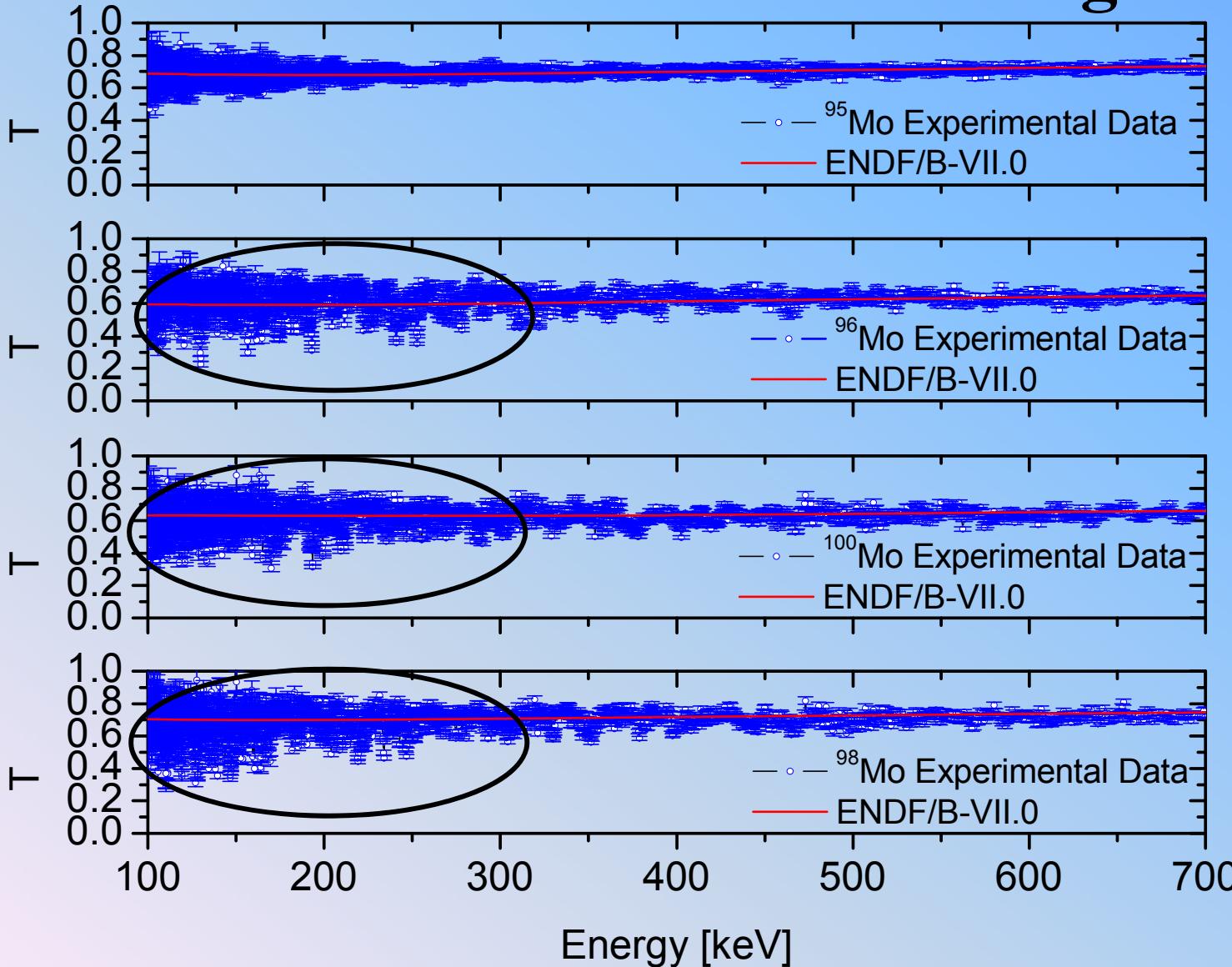
- Data show structure below 2 MeV
- General good agreement with evaluations



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$^{95,96,98,100}\text{Mo}$ Transmission 100to 700 keV

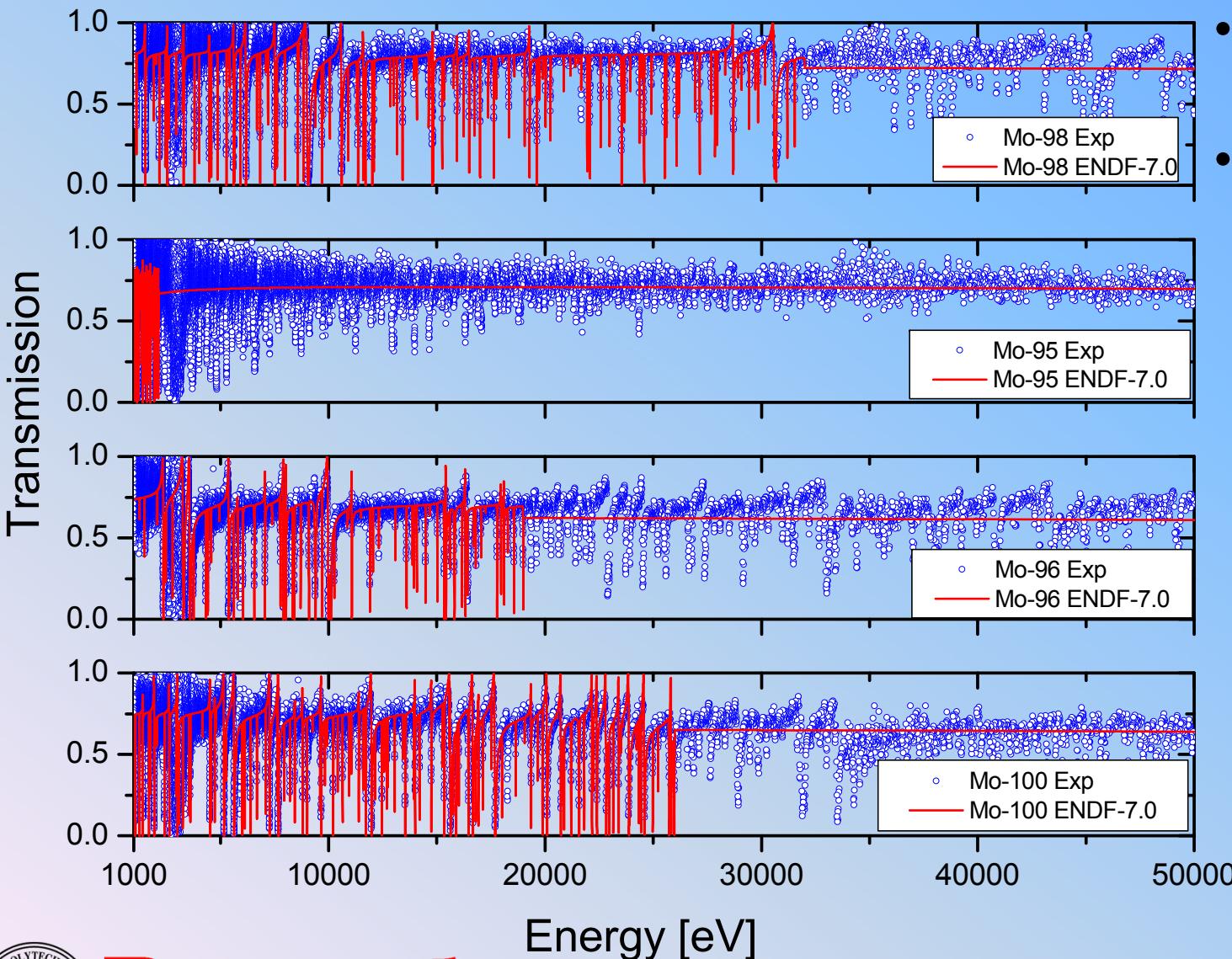
100m Time of Flight



- Experiments with ^6Li -Glass detector at 100m flight distance
- Detector counts were grouped but still data show structure
- Good agreement with ENDF//B-7.0

Mo Isotopes in the Resonance Region

100m Flight Path



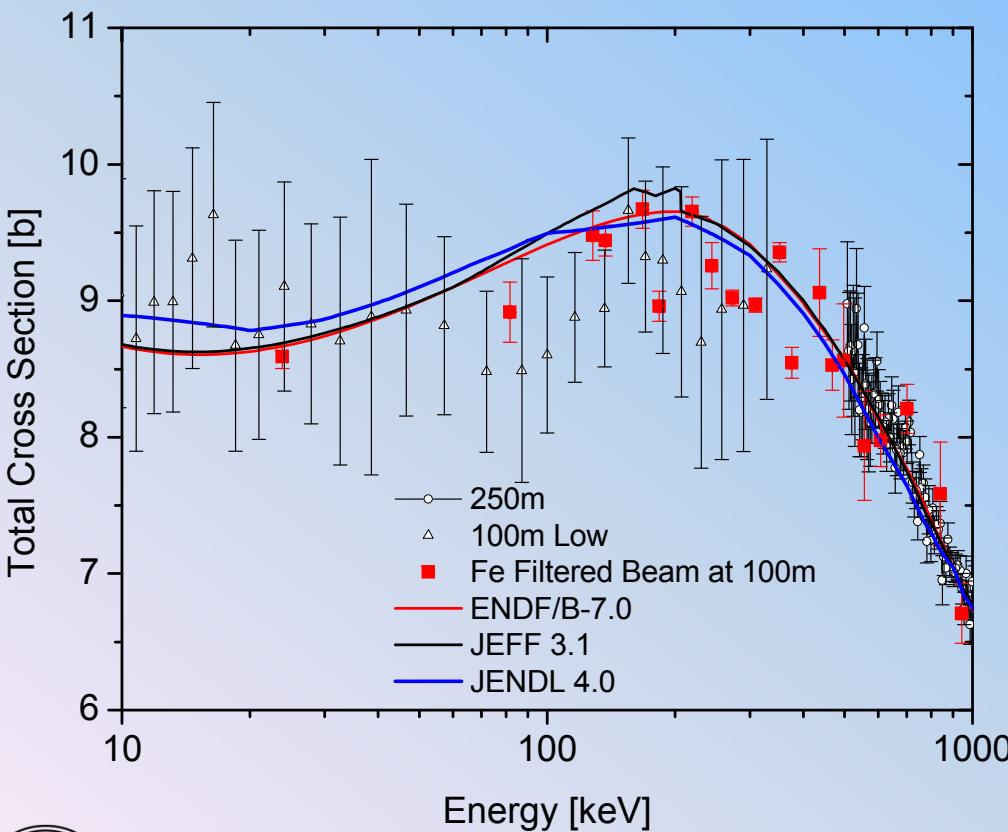
- Resonance parameters analysis in progress
- Data provide information to extend the resolved resonance region of several isotopes



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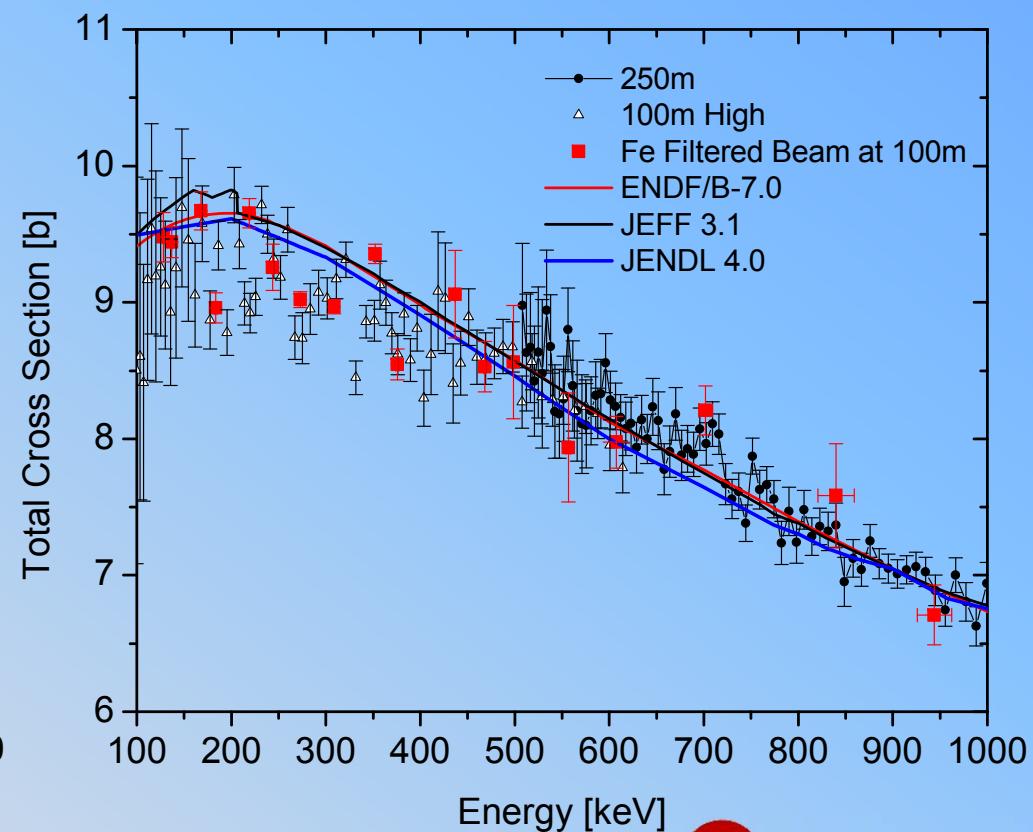
Iron Filtered beam Mo-95 total cross section

- There is general good agreement in the shape of all experimental data sets and evaluations.
- Above 10 keV Mo-95 the filtered beam, 100m, and 250m transmission experiments suggest structure in total cross section.
- Near 200 keV the data are ~4% lower than the evaluations.



Configurations

- 100m Detector
 - low energy – 10 keV-200 keV
 - high energy – 100-600 keV
 - Iron Filtered beam 24-960 keV
- 250m detector
 - 0.5-20 MeV



$^{151,153}\text{Eu}$ measurements - Samples

- Stable samples of volatile metals
- Natural and enriched metal samples
- Sample thickness distribution verified by X-ray imaging*

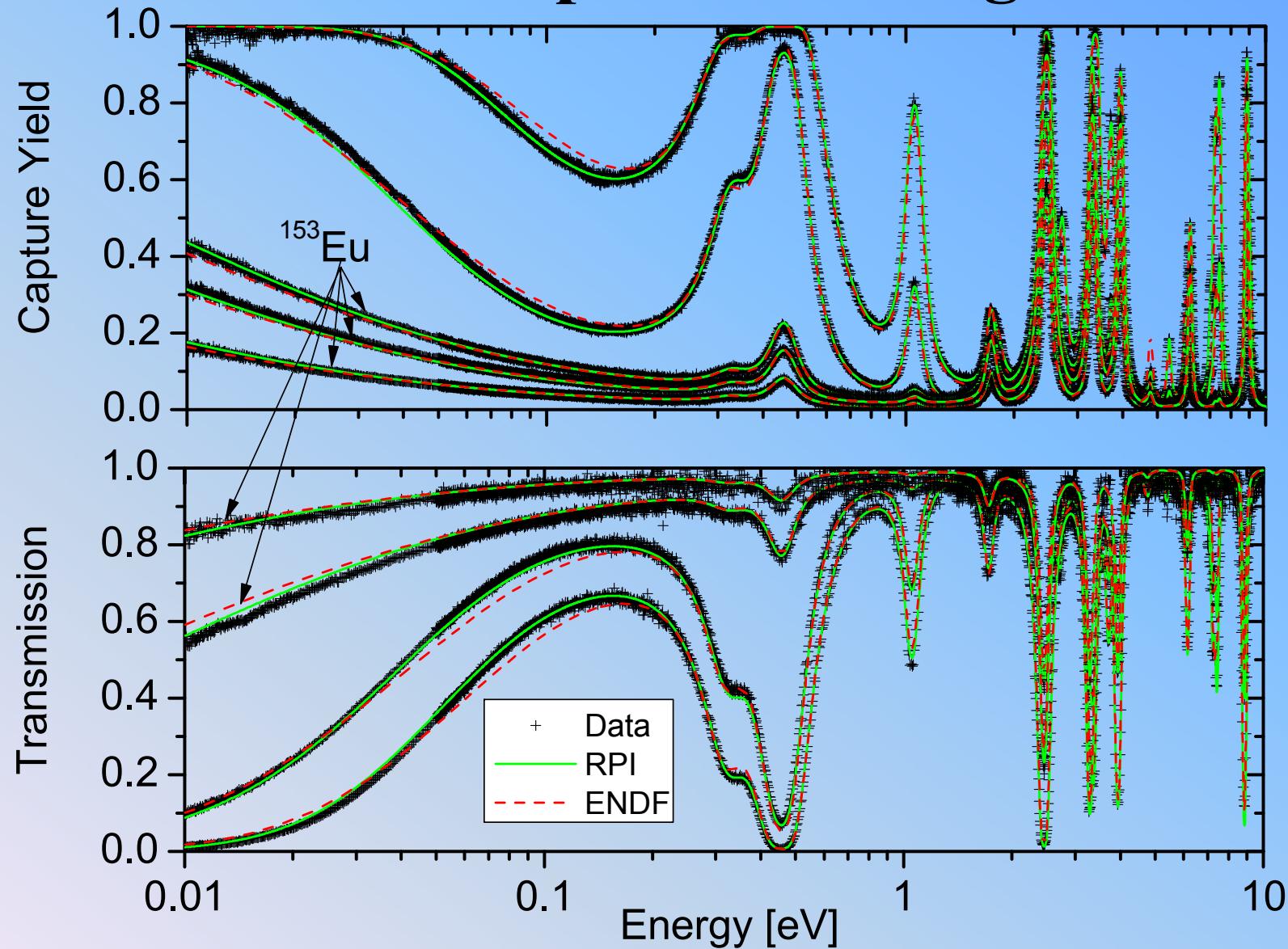
	Natural Samples [at frac.]	Enriched [at frac.]
^{151}Eu	0.478	0.0123
^{153}Eu	0.522	0.9877

*Jeffrey A. Geuther, Robert C. Block, Brian Methé, Devin P. Barry, Gregory Leinweber,
“X-ray Determination of the Thickness of Thin Metal Foils” to be submitted to NIM A, 2011.



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Eu Thermal/Epithermal Region Fit



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Eu Thermal Total Cross Sections (barns)

- RPI thermal values obtained from the measured data itself.
- Results in significant changes to negative energy resonances

Isotope	ENDF error from atlas [b]	RPI [b]	Dean et al. Reactivity Worth [b]	Mughabghab [b]
^{151}Eu	9187 ± 100	9700 ± 200		
^{153}Eu	321 ± 8	360 ± 20	382*	358*

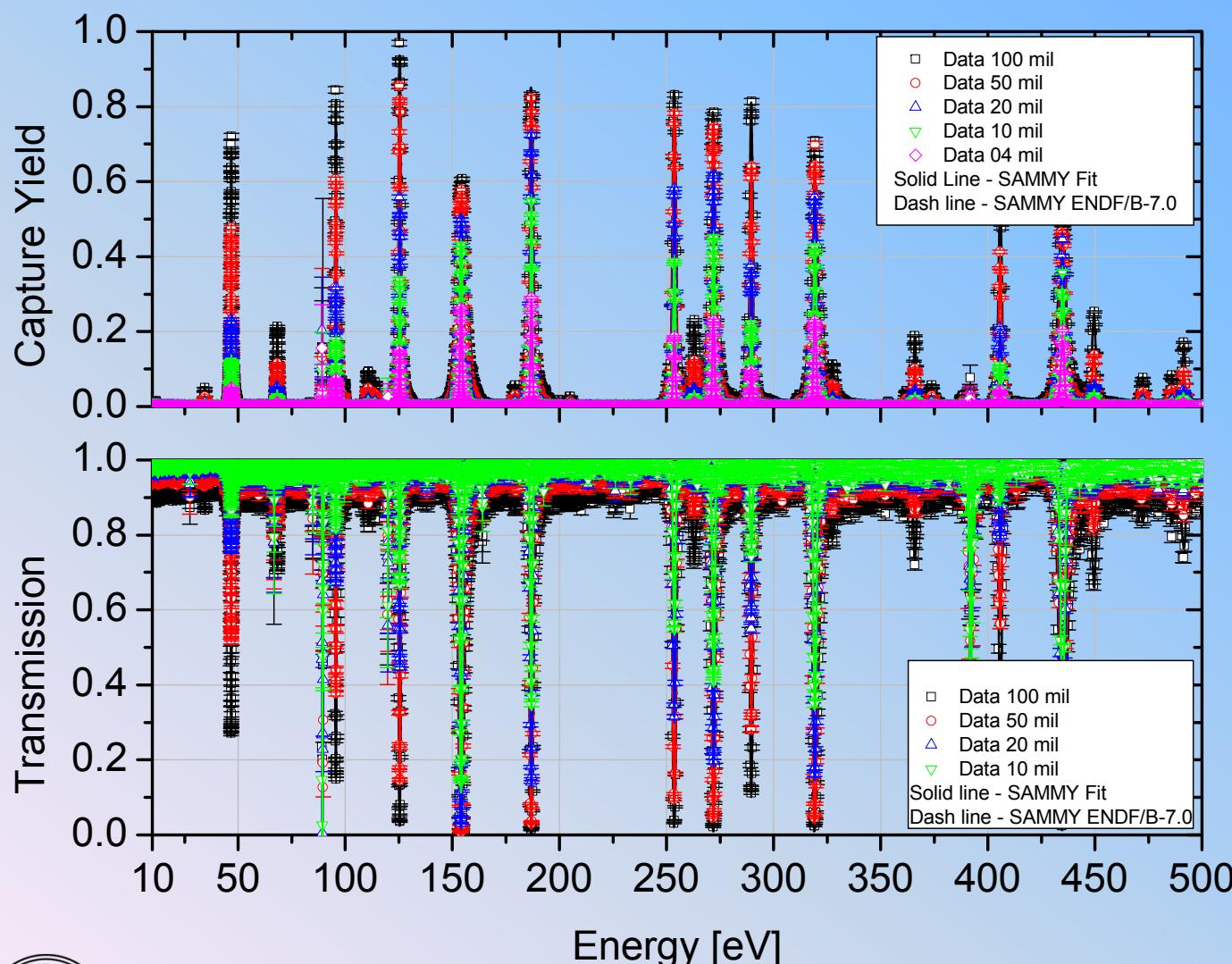
(Uncertainties provided at the one sigma level)

* Said Mughabghab, “Analysis of Measurements in the Unresolved Resonance Region for ENDF Evaluations”, PI Nuclear Data (RND) 2011 Symposium for Criticality Safety and Reactor Applications.



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Rh Transmission and Capture Measurements



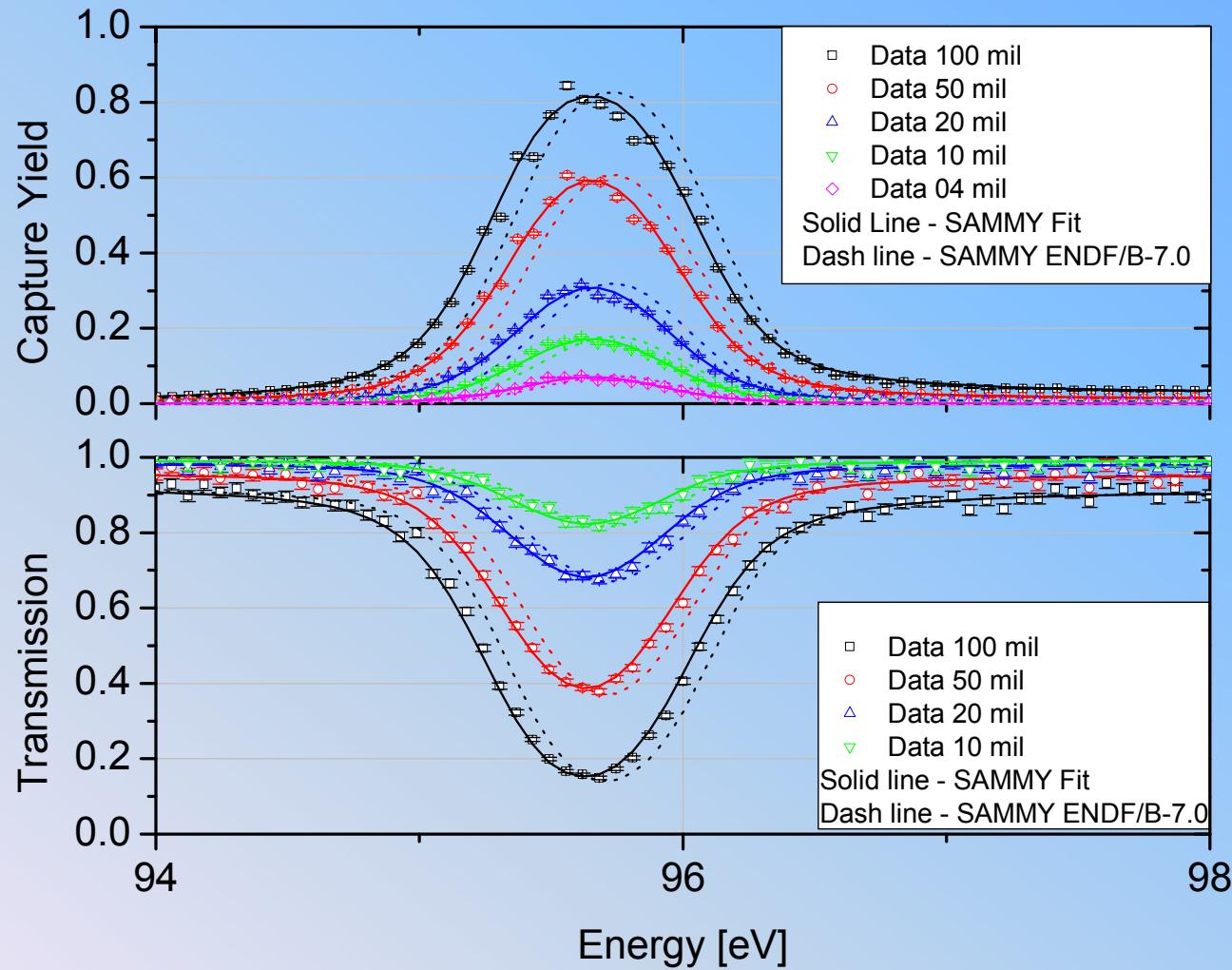
- Data analysis from thermal to 500 eV
- Generally the data agree well with ENDF/B-7.0
- Thermal data analysis in progress



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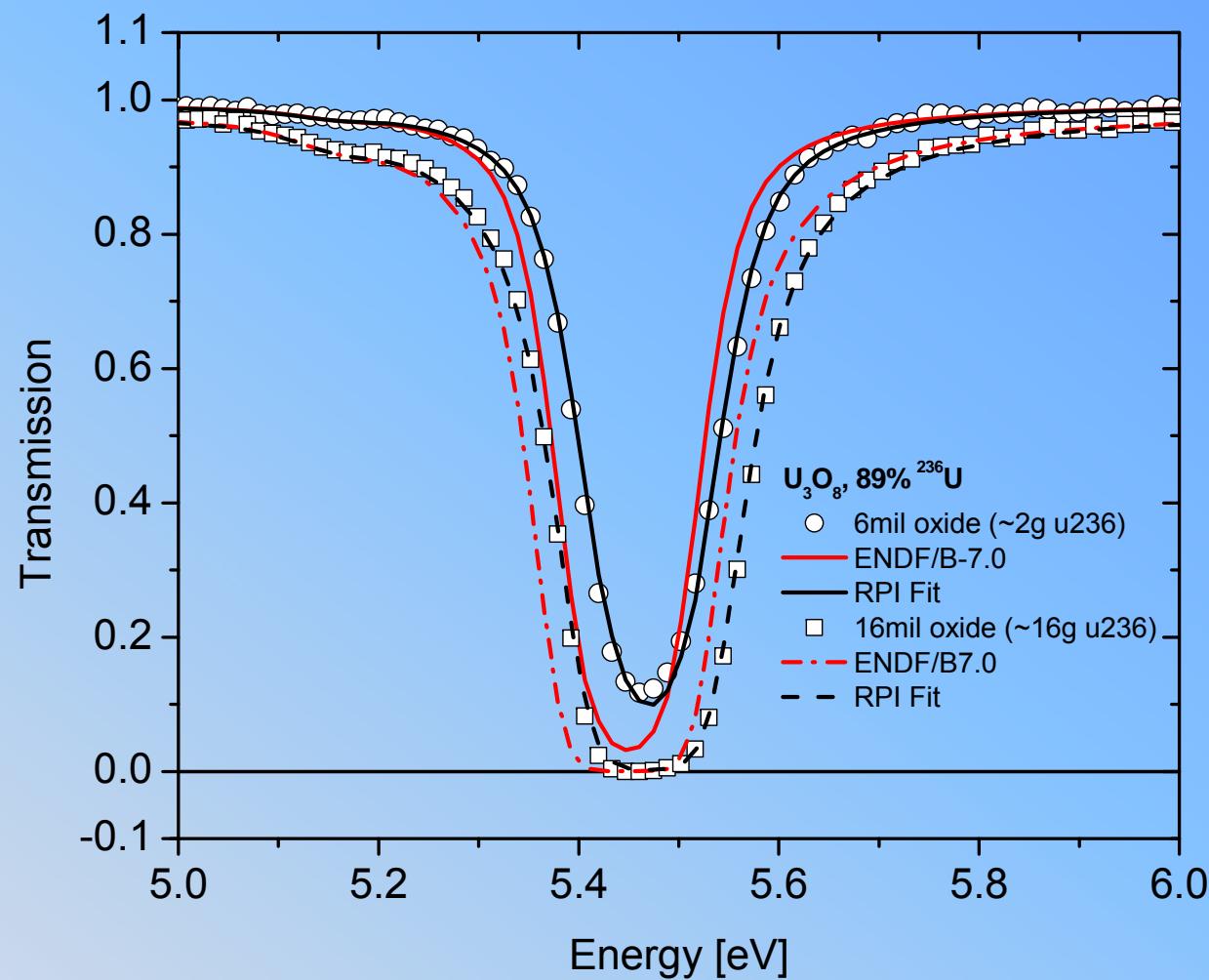
Rh Resonance Analysis

- Showing improvements to ENDF/B 7.0 parameters



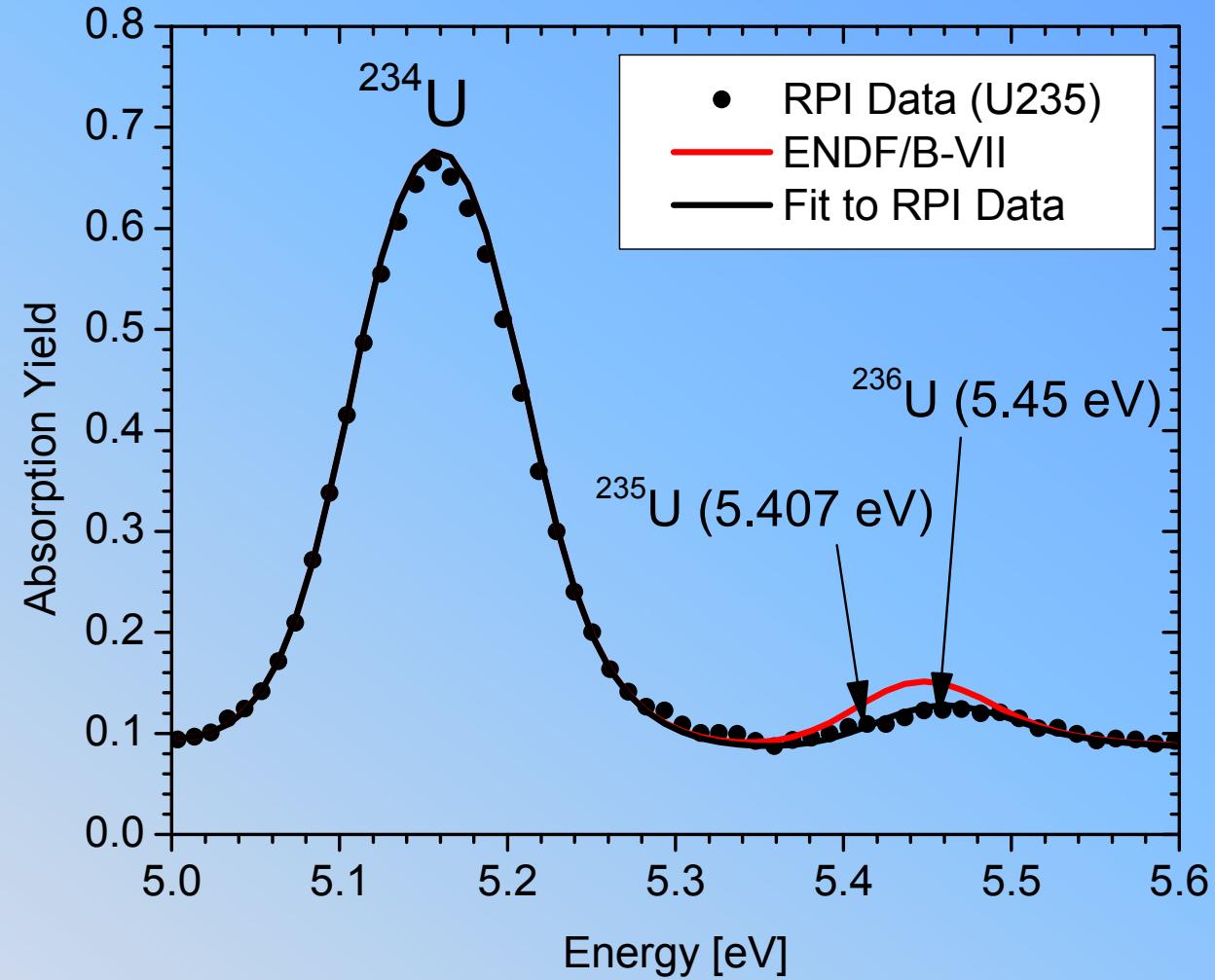
^{236}U Resonance At 5.45 eV

- Fitted several thicknesses of U_3O_8 samples, 89% ^{236}U , thinnest two shown
- RPI data have higher transmission
- Peak cross section for RPI is about 30% less than ENDF-7.0
- Could be explained by possible voids in the sample
- Use of liquid samples in new measurements is being evaluated.

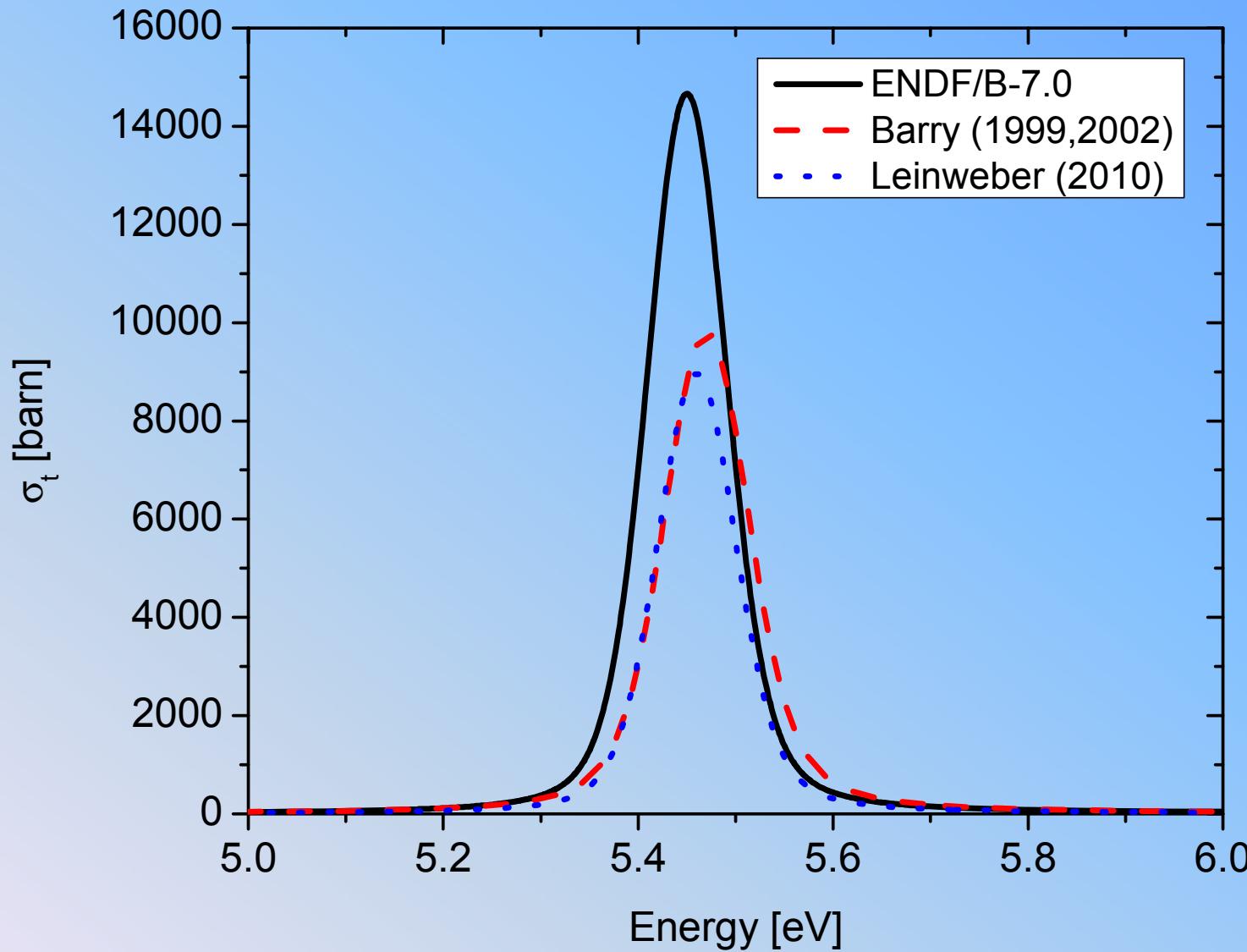


^{235}U Measurement Supports Lower ^{236}U Cross Section @ 5.45 eV

- 40 mil thick Sample
- $93.399 \pm 0.016\%$ enriched in ^{235}U
- $0.1264 \pm 0.0012\% \text{ } ^{236}\text{U}$



^{236}U Conclusions



Both Barry and Leinweber measurements indicate $\sim 33\%$ reduction in Γ_n



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Analysis of Capture Measurements of Gd and Dy Isotopes (NSCP/RPI)

- Resonance parameter analysis of $^{155, 156, 157, 158, 160}\text{Gd}$ nearly complete.
 - $^{155, 157}\text{Gd}$ resonance region was extended to 1000 eV
 - Used transmission data from previous RPI measurements to test data below 300 keV
- Resonance parameter analysis of $^{161, 162, 163, 164}\text{Dy}$ data started
 - Plan to include older RPI measurements in the analysis
- **Demonstrates good collaboration with Korean universities**



Gd enriched samples

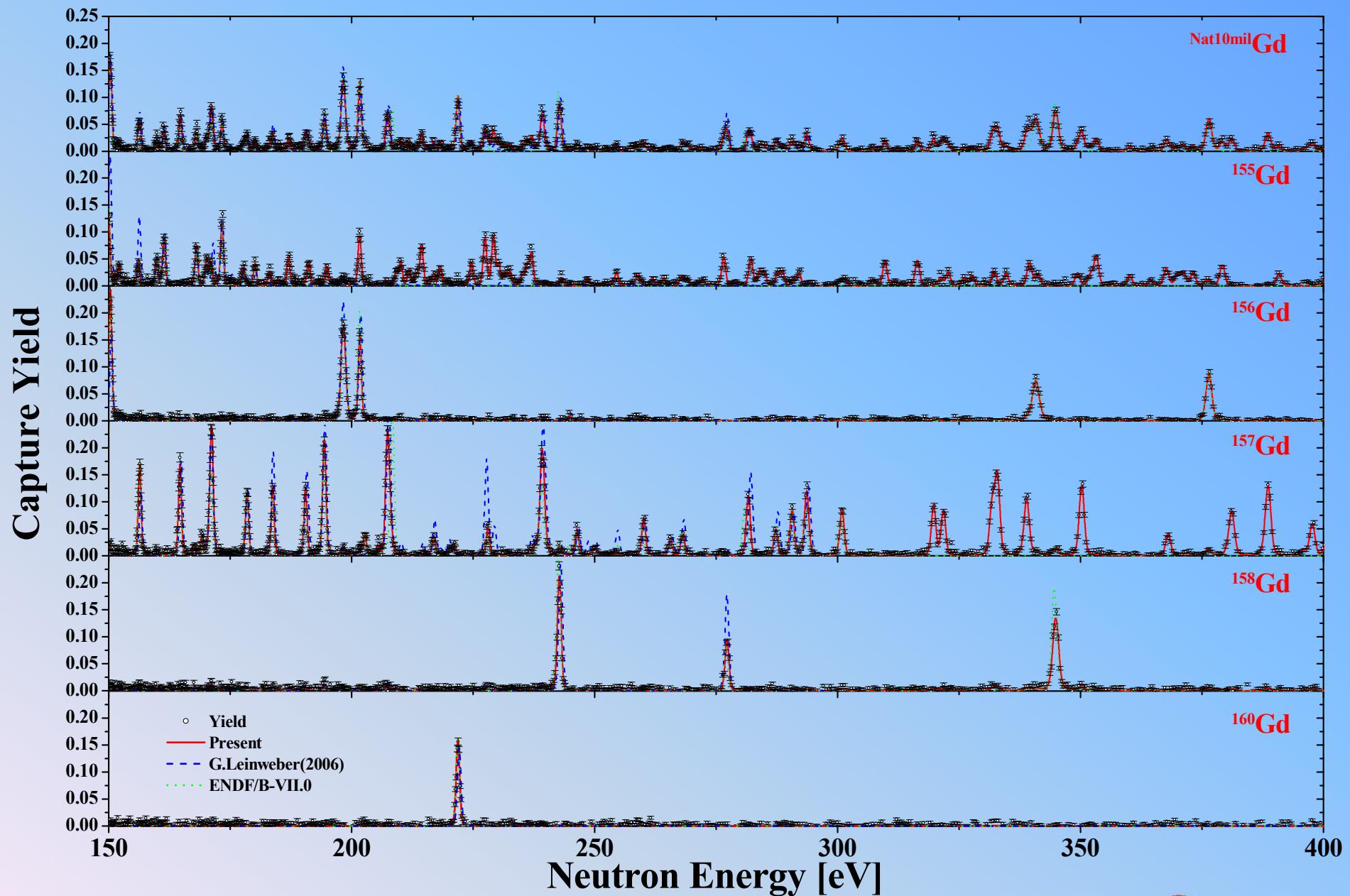


Dy enriched samples



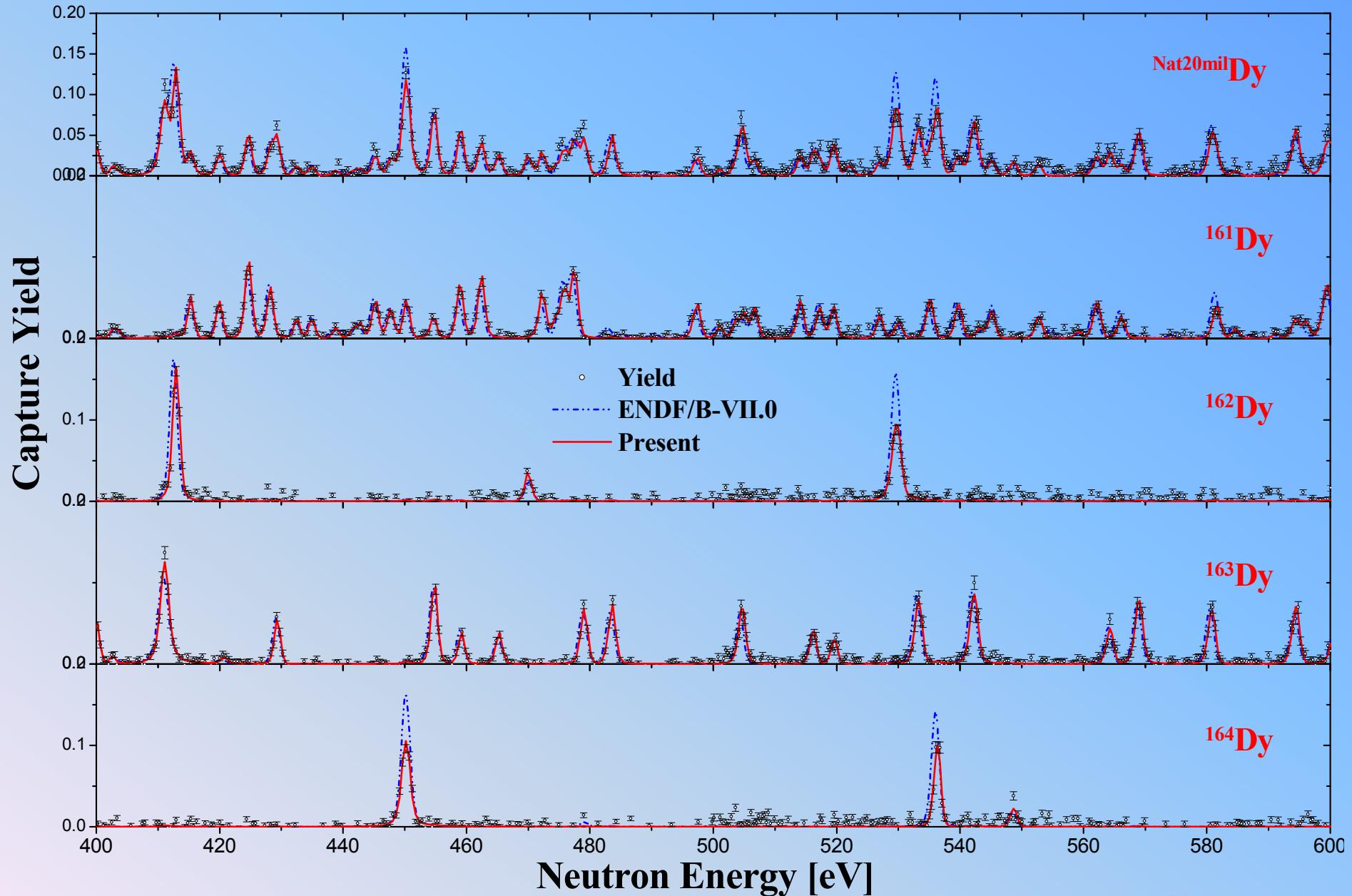
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SAMMY fits to $^{155,156,157,158,160}\text{Gd}$ Capture Yield



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SAMMY fits to $^{161,162,163,164}\text{Dy}$ Capture Yield



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^{235}U Capture & Fission Yield Data - Epithermal Measurement

- Challenges:

- Normalization
- False capture due to neutron scattering

➤ Normalize experimental fission yield to resonance

$$Y_f^{\text{ENDF}} = k_1 \cdot Y_f \quad \text{Solve for } k_1 @ 19.3 \text{ eV res} \quad \left(\frac{\Gamma_f}{\Gamma} = 0.63 \right)$$

➤ Use two equations for predominantly capture and fission resonances

$$@ 11.7 \text{ eV res} \quad \left(\frac{\Gamma_\gamma}{\Gamma} = 0.86 \right) \quad @ 19.3 \text{ eV res} \quad \left(\frac{\Gamma_f}{\Gamma} = 0.63 \right)$$

$$Y1_\gamma^{\text{ENDF}} = k_2 \cdot Y1_\gamma - k_3 \cdot k_1 \cdot Y1_f$$

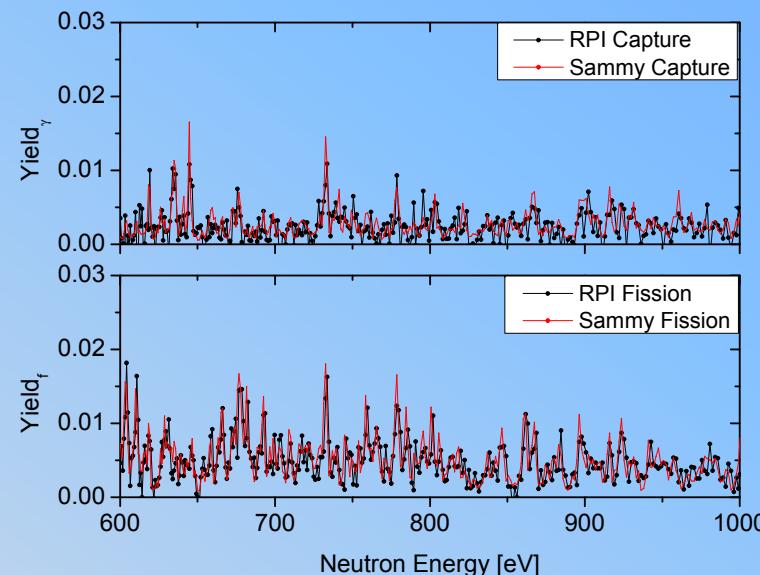
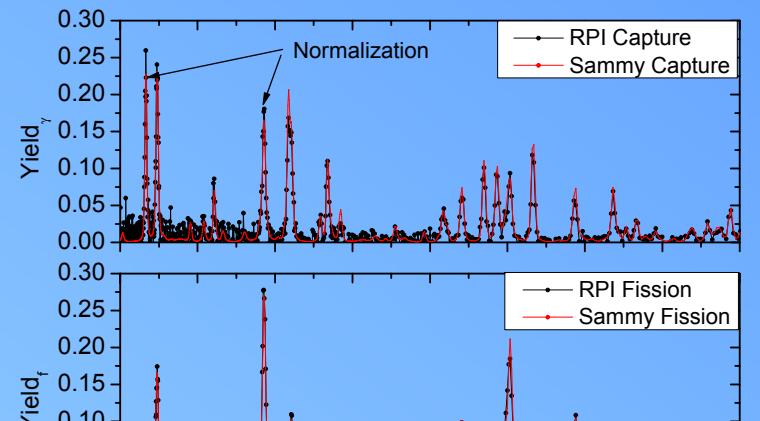
$$Y2_\gamma^{\text{ENDF}} = k_2 \cdot Y2_\gamma - k_3 \cdot k_1 \cdot Y2_f$$

➤ Solve the two equations for k_2 and k_3

► Need 2 resonances with known parameters ◀

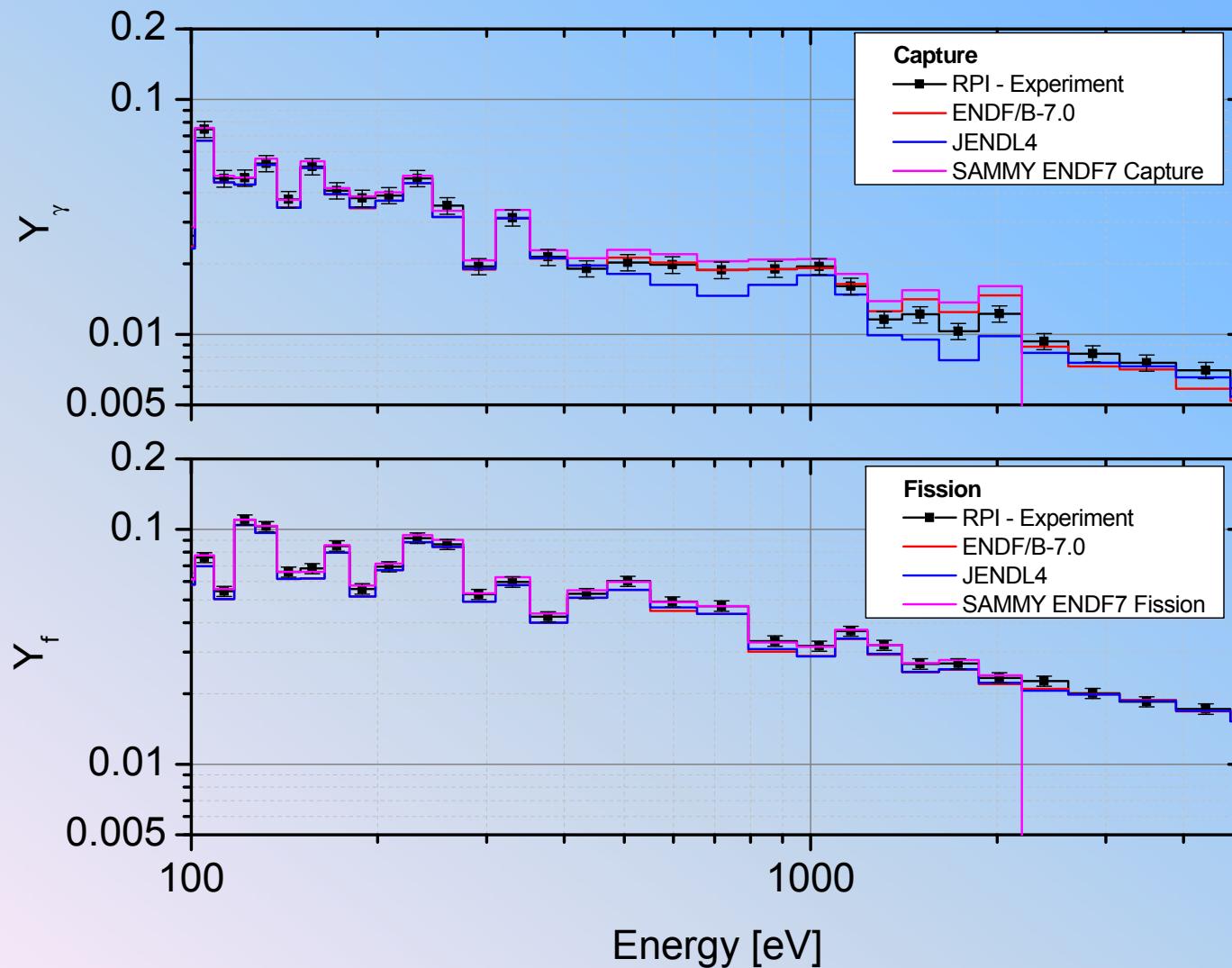
Provides data to address WPEC subgroup 29 report

“Uranium-235 Capture Cross-section in the keV to MeV Energy Region”



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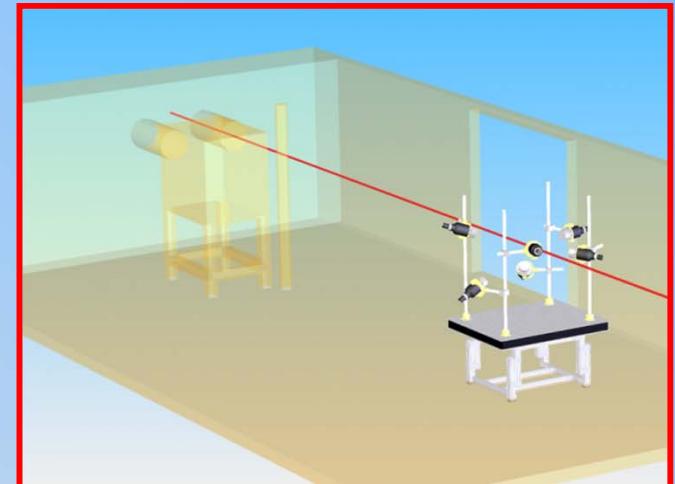
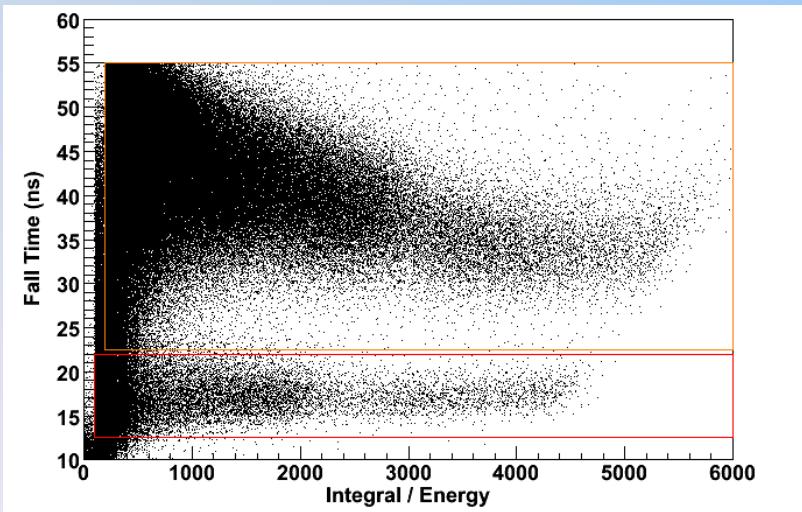
Comparing ^{235}U Fission and Capture with Evaluations



- Fission is in excellent agreement with evaluations
- Capture data has up to 8% multiple scattering that must be taken into account during the analysis
- Capture error is about 8%
- **0.4-1 keV capture data is closer to ENDF/B-7.0**
- **1-2 keV ENDF/B7.0 too high JENDL 4.0 too low.**
- **E>1 keV data is slightly higher than evaluations but within errors.**

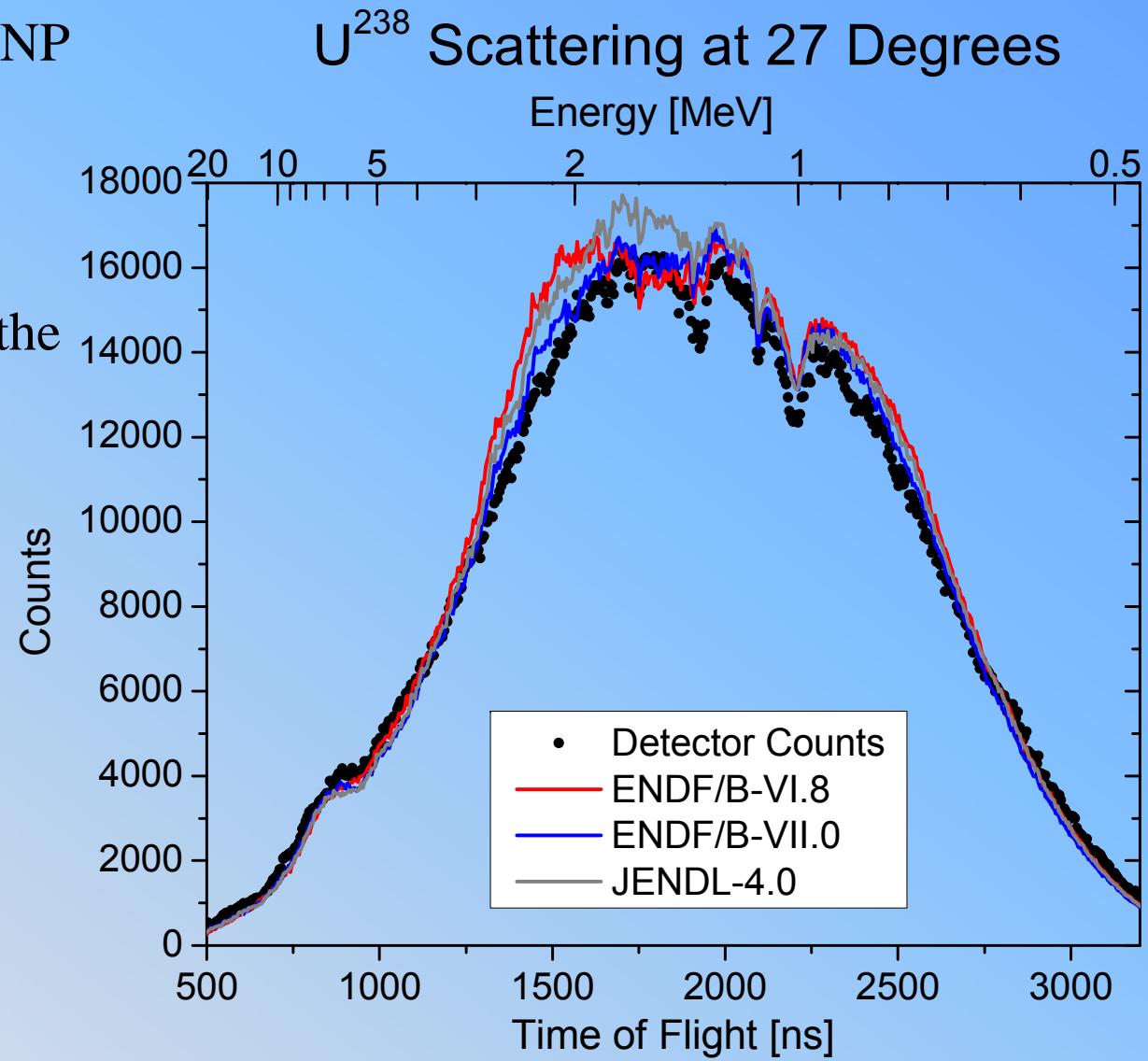
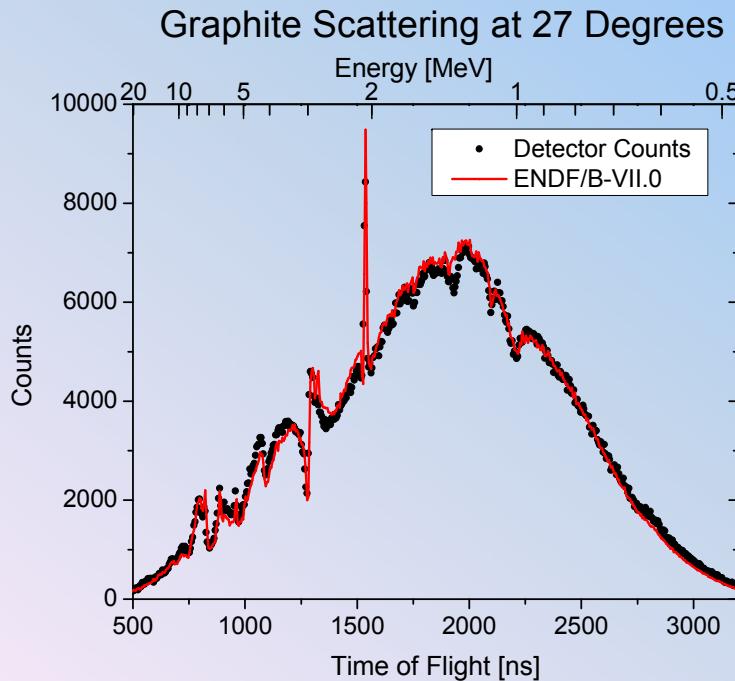
Scattering Detection System: Experimental Setup

- **Detector Array**
 - 8 EJ301 Liquid Scintillation Detectors
 - 8 A/D channels
 - Pulse Shape discrimination in TOF
- Measures neutrons scattered from the sample at different angles
- Measured scattered neutron energy 0.5 MeV - 20 MeV
- Results are compared with a Monte Carlo simulation of the system



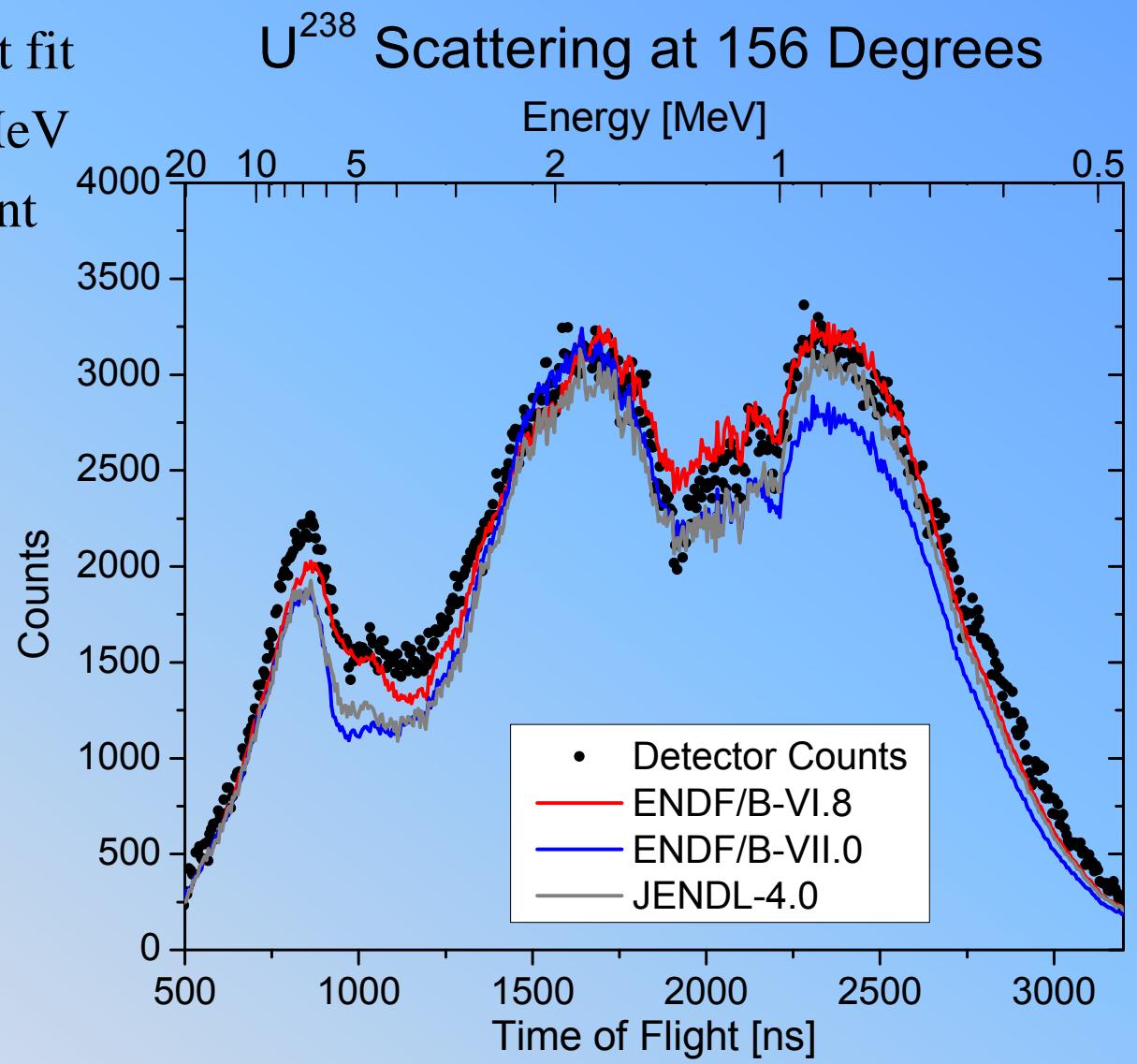
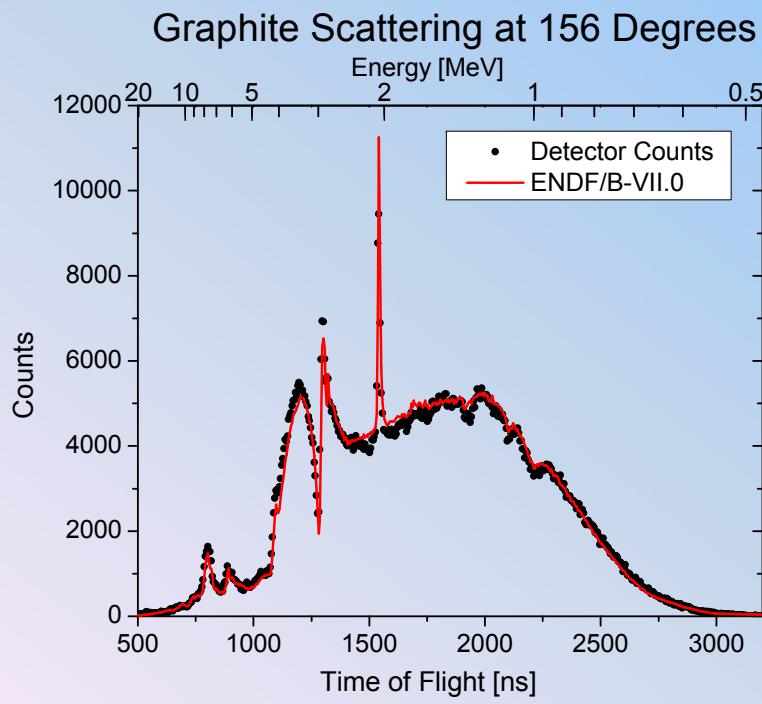
^{238}U Scattering at 27 Degrees

- Measured in September 2011.
- Compare measured data to MCNP simulations
- Use Carbon for verification of system and methodology
- ENDF/B 7.0 has the best fit to the data



^{238}U Scattering at 156 Degrees

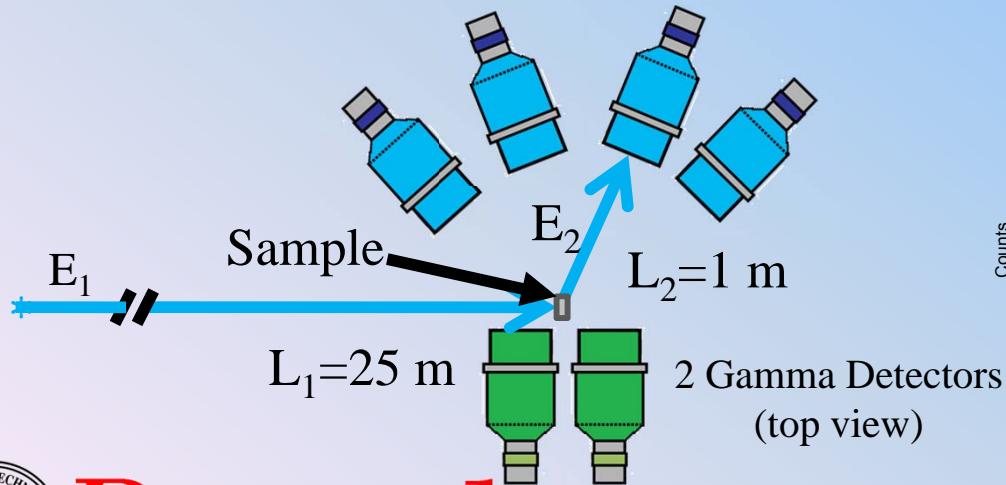
- ENDF/B-VI.8 provides the best fit
- JENDL-4.0 fits well for $E < 3$ MeV
- ENDF/B 7.0 needs improvement



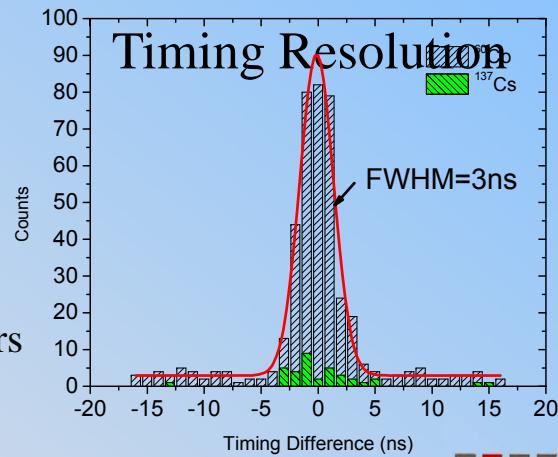
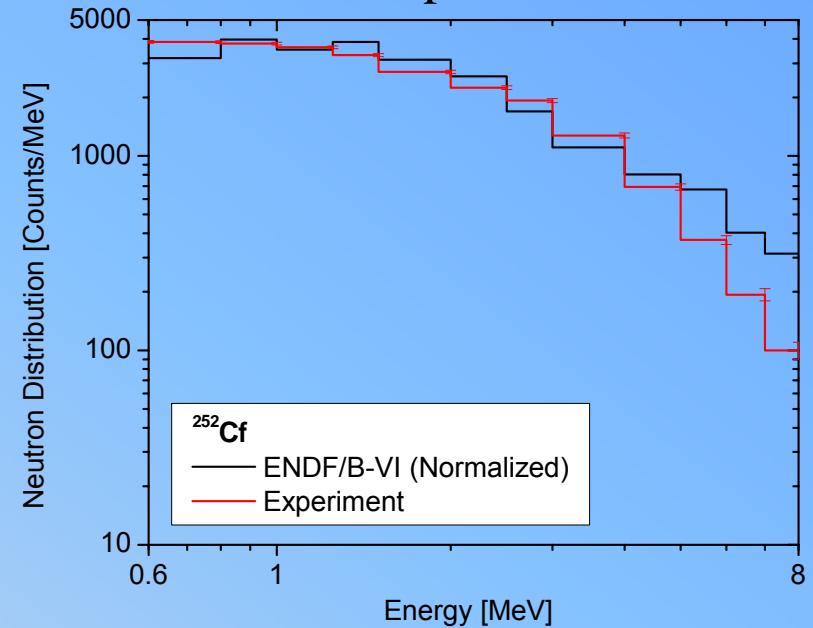
Nu-bar and Fission Spectrum Measurements (SSAA)

- A system is developed for the simultaneous measurement of nu-bar and fission spectrum.
- This system utilizes a coincidence requirement on an array of gamma detectors to tag fission events.
- This allows for much larger samples to be used than with conventional fission chambers

Experimental Setup Neutron Detectors

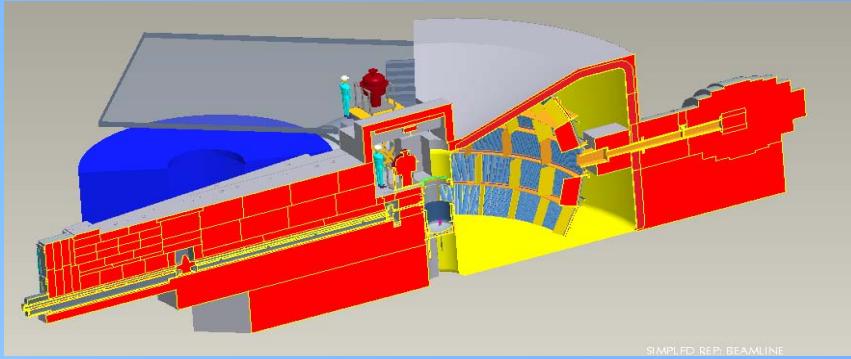


Preliminary ^{252}Cf prompt fission neutron spectrum



Thermal Scattering Experiment at SEQUOIA (SNS)

- SEQUOIA:
 - Fine-Resolution Fermi Chopper Spectrometer at SNS
 - $E_i = 10$ to 2000 meV
 - 900 ^3He detector tubes
 - Scattering angles: -30° to -3° horizontal and 3° to 60° vertical
 - Flux: $> 1 \times 10^5$ neutrons/cm 2 /s
 - Resolution: $\Delta E/E_i \sim 1\%$
- Double differential scattering cross section for inelastic scattering:



$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{d\Omega dE'}(E \rightarrow E', \Omega \rightarrow \Omega') = \frac{\sigma_b}{4\pi kT} \sqrt{\frac{E'}{E}} e^{-\frac{\beta}{2}} S(\alpha, \beta)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{E' + E - 2\sqrt{E'E \cos \theta}}{AkT} = \frac{\hbar^2 \kappa^2}{2MkT}$$

$$\beta = \frac{E' - E}{kT} = \frac{\varepsilon}{kT}$$

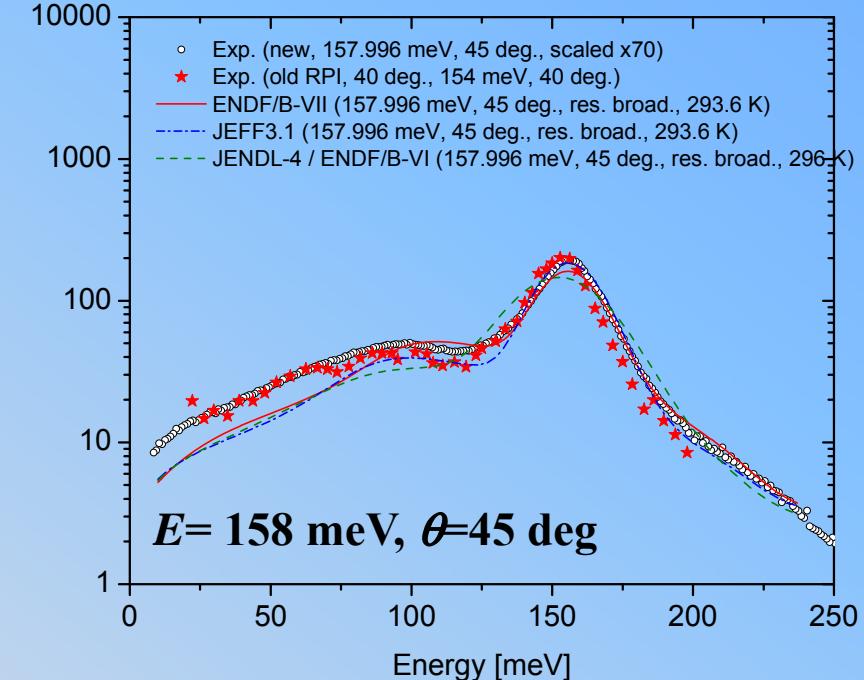
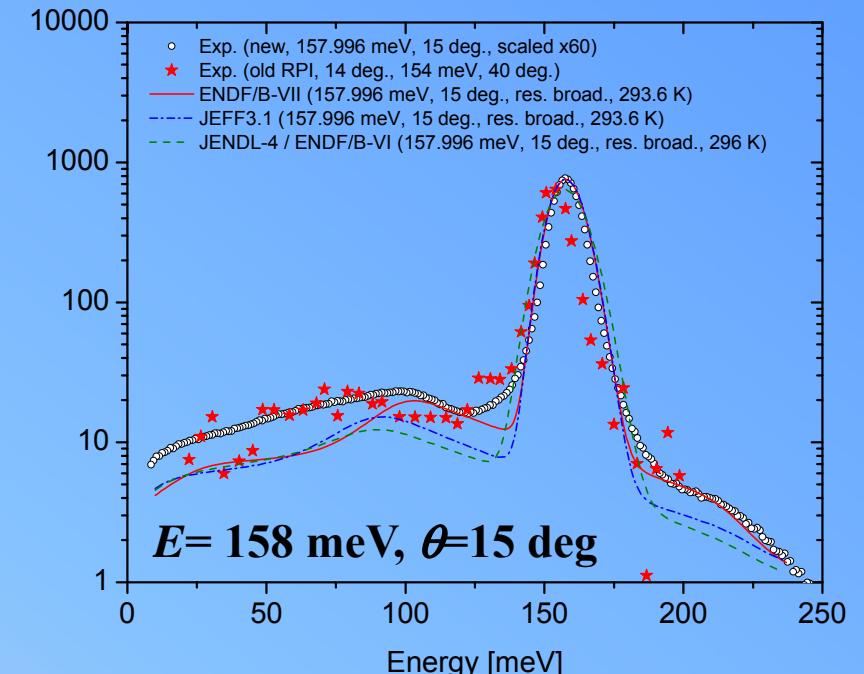
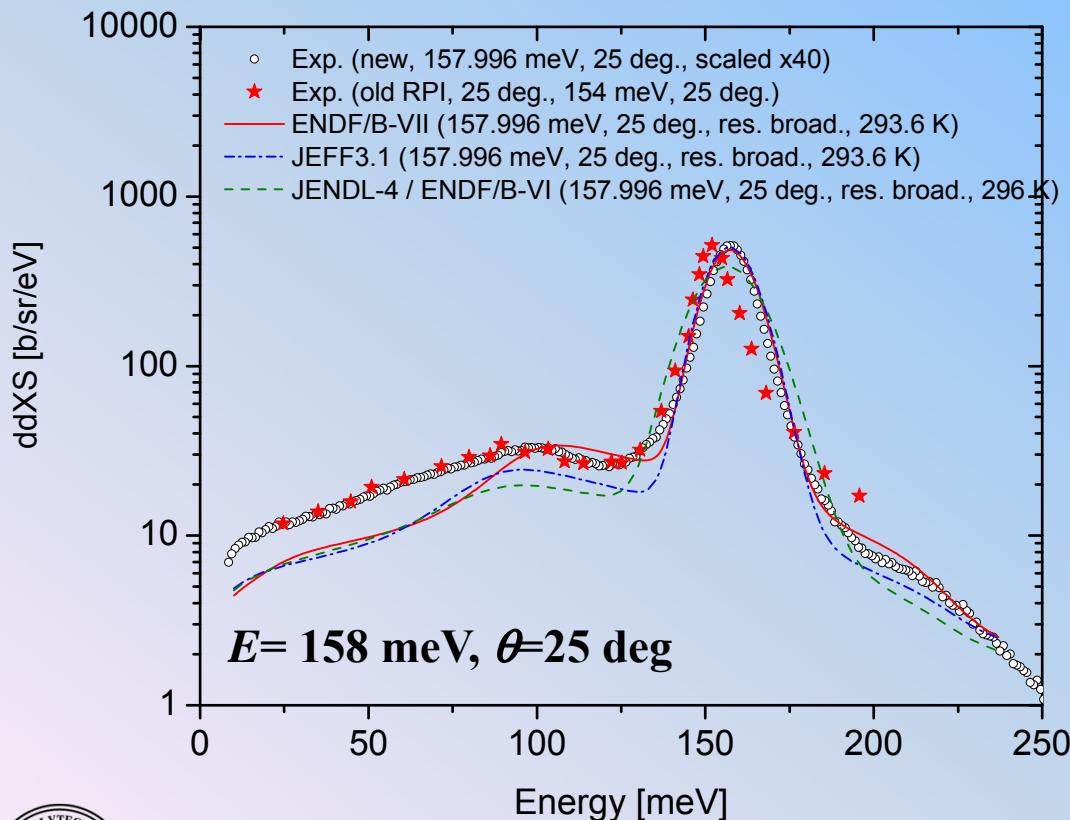


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Thermal Scattering Measurements

Emily Liu(RPI), Alexander Kolesnikov(ORNL/SNS)

- Samples: H_2O , Poly, Empty Can, Vanadium
- E_i (eV): 0.055, 0.16, 0.25, 0.6, 1, 3, 5
- Working on absolute normalization



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Summary – FY2011 and planned 2012 activity

- Data publications (published and in preparation)
 - High energy total cross section for C and Be
 - High energy scattering from Zr
 - $^{147,149}\text{Sm}$ (n,α) cross section measurements with the LSDS
 - Eu sample x-ray characterization
 - Michael Rapp PhD thesis – “Design and construction of a large area detector system and neutron total cross section measurements in the energy range 0.4 to 20 Mev”, included transmission results on C, Be, Mo, Zr, Ta, Ti
- Analysis in progress
 - Ti, Ta, Zr and Mo high energy (0.5-20 MeV) transmission
 - Rh, Cd, Eu, ^{153}Eu , $^{161,162,163,164}\text{Dy}$, $^{155,156,157,158,160}\text{Gd}$, ^{236}U – Resonance parameter analysis
 - $^{95,96,98,100}\text{Mo}$ resonance region (10 eV - 600 keV) transmission measurements
 - ^{238}U neutron scattering
- Planned measurements
 - Fe-filtered ^{56}Fe , 100m flight path
 - $^{92,94}\text{Mo}$, 10 eV - 600 keV, 100m and 30m flight path
 - Ti, Zr, Mo 0.5-20 MeV, 250m flight path
 - Fission neutron spectra and nubar from ^{252}Cf and ^{235}U
 - ^{50}V (n,α) cross section measurements with a LSDS



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