

# EGAF Publication in NDS



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The Evaluated Gamma-ray Activation File (EGAF) was published with the IAEA\* in 2007. We propose that future, more detailed updates of EGF be published in Nuclear Data Sheets.

\* *Database of Prompt Gamma Rays from Slow Neutron Capture for Elemental Analysis*, R.B. Firestone, et al, IAEA STI/PUB/1263, 251 pp(2007)

## EGAF Publication Considerations

1. Publication of Budapest  $\sigma_\gamma$  data in refereed journals
2. Detailed EGAF evaluation publication in NDS
  - a. Adopted EGAF dataset –  $E_\gamma$ ,  $\sigma_\gamma$ ,  $k_0$ ,  $\sigma_0$ ,  $S_n$ , RIPL levels
  - b. Supporting datasets –  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_g$
  - c. Activation decay datasets –  $E_\gamma$ ,  $P_\gamma$ ,  $\sigma_\gamma$ ,  $k_0$
3. Database update provided to IAEA

## Why Nuclear Data Sheets?

1. Existing NDS production procedures are satisfactory
2. Only journal suitable for nuclear data publication
3. Detailed information on EGAF evaluation considerations

## EGAF Comments Dataset for Na

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**Abstract:** Evaluated thermal capture prompt and delayed  $\gamma$ -ray energies,  $\sigma\gamma$  cross sections and  $k_0$  values were determined for the  $^{23}\text{Na}(n,\gamma)$  reaction. A revised version of the RIPL library for  $^{24}\text{Na}$  was generated and a new, more precise value for  $S_n$  was determined.

**General Policies and Organization of Material:** See the January issue of the *Nuclear Data Sheets* or <http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nds/NDSPolicies.pdf>.

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**General Comments:** Neutron capture  $\gamma$ -ray  $\sigma\gamma$  data from the cold neutron beam at the Budapest Reactor were combined with capture  $\gamma$ -ray data from ENSDF to determine an evaluated set of energies,  $\sigma\gamma$  cross sections, and  $k_0$  values for the  $^{23}\text{Na}(n,\gamma)^{24}\text{Na}$  E=thermal reaction. The decay scheme is nearly complete with 0.540 3 b observed populating the ground state and 0.537 3 b deexciting the capture state. The activation cross section for  $^{24}\text{Na}$   $\beta^-$  decay (14.997 h) was determined as 0.542 3 b and the activation cross section for  $^{24}\text{Na}$  IT decay was determined as 0.501 3 b. A new Reaction Input Parameter Library was prepared with definite spins and parities determined for the first 30 levels. The neutron separation energy was determined as  $S_n=6959.527\ 8$  keV in good agreement with  $S_n=6959.58(8)$  (2003Au03) adopted by Audi et al.

# General comments



## $^{23}\text{Na}(n,\gamma) E=\text{thermal}$

ECAF thermal neutron capture adopted  $E_\gamma$ ,  $\sigma_0$ , and  $k_0$  data.

$\sigma_0=0.605$  b (Coltman, PR 69, 411, 1946). Original value  $\sigma_0=0.474$  b corrected for monitor  $\sigma_0(\text{B})=600$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.6313$  b (Seren, 1947Se33). Activation method.

$\sigma_0=0.49025$  b (Pomerance, PR83,641,1951), Pile oscillator method. Corrected from original value  $\sigma_0=0.47024$  b calibrated assuming  $\sigma_0(^{197}\text{Au})=95$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.56032$  b (Bartholomew, Can J. Chem 31, 204, 1953). Measured value  $\sigma_0=0.53032$  corrected for monitor value  $\sigma_0(^{197}\text{Au})=93$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.5115$  b (Harris, ANL-5031 Report, p 68, 1953). Pile oscillator method. Corrected from original value  $\sigma_0=0.5035$  b assuming  $\sigma_0(\text{B})=755$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.505$  b (Brooksbank, ANS Transactions, 203, 1955). Activation cross section, monitor  $\sigma_0^{55}\text{Mn}=13.3$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.51330$  b (Grimeland, J. Nucl. En. 1, 231, 1955). Thermal column method. Corrected from original value  $\sigma_0=0.513$  b calibrated assuming  $\sigma_0(\text{B})=750$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.5366$  b (Cocking, J. Nucl. En. 4, 33, 1957). Measured by  $4\pi\beta\gamma$  coincidence counting. Monitor  $\sigma_0(^{197}\text{Au})=98.6$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.5368$  b (Jowitt, Prog. Nucl. En. 3, 242, 1959). Method dimple oscillator reactivity modulation. Monitor  $\sigma_0(\text{B})=766.6$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.5368$  b. (Rose, Prog. Nucl. En. 3, 242, 1959). Pile oscillator method assuming  $\sigma_0(\text{B})=771$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.5318$  b (Wolf, 1960Wo07). Measured by  $4\pi\beta\gamma$  coincidence counting. Monitor  $\sigma_0(^{197}\text{Au})=98.7035$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.476$  b (Meadows, 1961Me02) Pulse die away method. Monitor  $^{197}\text{Au}$ .

$\sigma_0=0.502$  b (Koehler, Zeit. Nat. A18, 1339,1963). Activation cross section with  $^{197}\text{Au}$  monitor.

$\sigma_0=0.503$  b (Yamamuro, Nucl. Sci. Eng. 41, 445 (1970). Measured neutron flux, natural Cd monitor.

$\sigma_0=0.5265$  b (Ryves, 1970Ry05). Measured by  $4\pi\beta\gamma$  coincidence counting. Monitor  $\sigma_0(^{197}\text{Au})=98.83$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.542$  b (Gleason, 1975G109). Activation method. Monitor  $\sigma_0(^{197}\text{Au})=98.88$  b.

$\sigma_0=0.5235$  b (Heft, Conf. MAYAG, 1978). Activation with natural Sc flux monitor.

$\sigma_0=0.5778$  b (Kaminishi, Jap. J. Appl. Phys. 21, 366 (1982). Activation method.

$\sigma_0=0.5136$  b (De Corte, 2003De34).  $k_0$  method.

$\sigma_0=0.51521$  (Kennedy, J. Rad. Nucl. Chem. 257, 475, 2003).  $k_0$  method.

$\sigma_0=0.5278$  b (Szentmillosi, 2006Sz05). Activation with neutron beam.

$\sigma_0=0.5403$  b (Budapest prompt  $\gamma$ -ray data to ground state).

$\sigma_0=0.5343$  b (Budapest prompt  $\gamma$ -ray data primaries).

$\sigma_0=0.5423$  b (Budapest activation  $\gamma$ -ray data).

$\sigma_0=0.5174$  b (Mughabghab, 2006MuZX), Evaluation.

Summary of  $\sigma_0$  values from the literature (CSISRS) and this evaluation

# Levels



## $^{24}\text{Na}$ Levels

E(level) <sup>§</sup>	J $\pi$ <sup>#</sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub> <sup>@</sup>	$\sigma\gamma(\text{in})$ <sup>†</sup>	$\sigma\gamma(\text{out})$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
0.0	4+	14.9590 h 12	0.540_3		
472.2082 8	1+	20.20 ms 7	0.508_4	0.501 3	
563.1974 15	2+	36 ps 6	0.257_1	0.260 3	
1341.457 5	2+	60 fs 20	0.120_1	0.118 2	
1344.644 7	(3)+	26 fs 6	0.0388_3	0.0386 22	
1346.623 5	1+	4.4 ps 3	0.0828_7	0.0805 13	
1515.70 22	5+		0.00013_3	0.00010 2	E(level): Level energy 3-keV higher than Adopted Level (2007Fi14) but consistent with energy shift in 2562.37 adopted level.
1846.021 5	2+	180 fs 25			
1885.581 4	3+	26 fs 5	0.0097_3	0.00979 6	
2513.413 10	3+	10 fs 3	0.0103_1	0.0102 1	
2564.90 18	4+		6.4E-5_10	2.2×10 <sup>-4</sup> 4	E(level): Level energy 3-keV higher than adopted level (2007Fi14) but consistent with energy shift in 1514.7 4 adopted level.
2904.025 13	3+	35 fs 6	0.0054_2	0.0055 1	
2977.807 12	(2+)	<17 fs	0.0760_8	0.0775 4	J $\pi$ : Adopted J $\pi$ is (2+,3+), Strong population by (n, $\gamma$ ) favors 2+.
3216.7 5	(4+)		1.0E-4_1	7.5×10 <sup>-5</sup> 11	J $\pi$ : Adopted J $\pi$ is (4+,2+), Weak population by (n, $\gamma$ ) favors 4+.

Cross section balance through the (n, $\gamma$ ) level scheme.

Justification of RIPL J $\pi$  assignments.

# Gammas



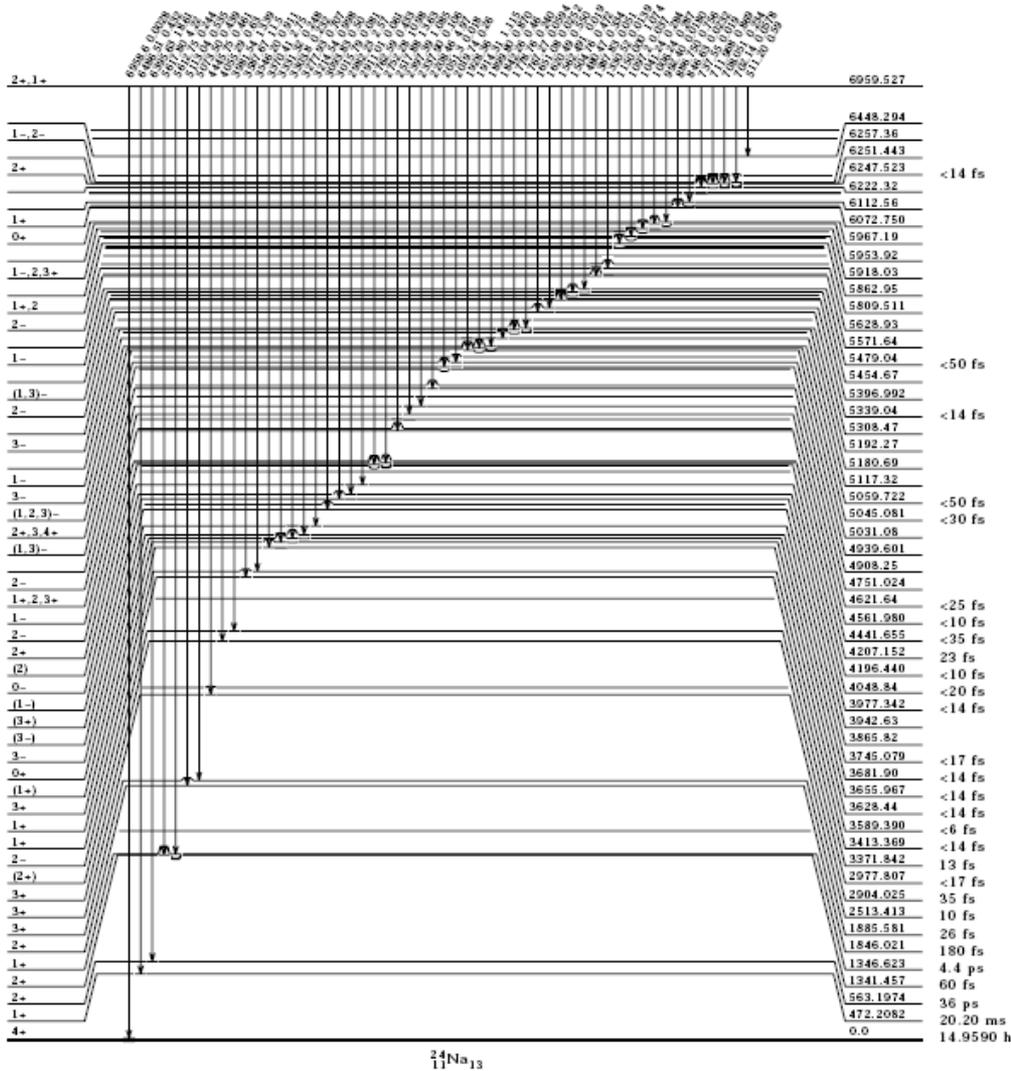
## $\gamma(^{24}\text{Na})$

I $\gamma$  normalization: Normalization to per 100 neutron captures assuming  $\sigma_0=0.540$  b.

$E_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	E(level)	$\sigma_{\gamma}^{\ddagger@}$	Mult.	$\alpha$	Comments
90.9921 14	563.1974	0.250 3	M1	0.00213	$k_0=0.0329$ 4.
242.30 9	3655.967	0.000110 11			$k_0=1.45\times 10^{-5}$ 14.
340.8 3	4527.3	0.000033 9			$k_0=4.3\times 10^{-6}$ 12.
373.24 6	3589.390	0.000075 7			$k_0=9.9\times 10^{-6}$ 9.
	3745.079	0.000075 6			$k_0=9.9\times 10^{-6}$ 8.
387.98 18	3977.342	0.000028 6			$k_0=3.7\times 10^{-6}$ 8.
472.2027 11	472.2082	0.501 3	M3	0.00047	$k_0=0.0660$ 4.
499.383 5	1846.021	0.01474 22			$k_0=0.00194$ 3.
501.30 3	1846.021	0.00308 12			$k_0=0.000406$ 16.
504.57 4	1846.021	0.00140 8			$k_0=1.85\times 10^{-4}$ 11.
511.20 2	6959.527	0.0032 2			$k_0=0.00042$ 3.
					E $\gamma$ , $\sigma_{\gamma}$ : Expected primary $\gamma$ -ray, I $\gamma$ from the intensity balance. Observed transition with E=510.94 9 keV, $\sigma_{\gamma}=0.00552$ 23 b includes annihilation radiation from pair production.
543.94 13	4751.024	0.000042 7			$k_0=5.5\times 10^{-6}$ 9.
551.21 $\S$ 4	4207.152	0.000348 13			$k_0=4.59\times 10^{-5}$ 17.
563.1974 16	563.1974	0.00925 8			$k_0=0.001219$ 11.
605.51 $\S$ 3	3977.342	0.000159 10			$k_0=2.10\times 10^{-5}$ 13.
617.84 5	4207.152	0.000143 10			$k_0=1.88\times 10^{-5}$ 13.
662.06 25	4527.3	0.00006 4			$k_0=8\times 10^{-6}$ 5.
665.14 12	5192.27	0.00042 5			$k_0=5.5\times 10^{-5}$ 7.
696.570 20	4441.655	0.000215 17			$k_0=2.83\times 10^{-5}$ 22.

Gamma ray cross sections and  $k_0$  values

# Level scheme drawing



Possibly too complex?

# Budapest Data



## $\gamma(^{24}\text{Na})$

I $\gamma$  normalization: Normalization to per 100 neutron captures assuming  $\sigma_0=0.540$  b.

$E_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	E(level)	$\sigma_{\gamma}^{\dagger\&}$	Mult.	$\alpha$	Comments
91.004 <i>15</i>	563.200	0.250 <i>3</i>	M1	0.00213	
242.30 <sup>S</sup> <i>9</i>	3655.889	0.000110 <sup>S</sup> <i>11</i>			
340.8 <sup>S</sup> <i>3</i>	4527.3	0.000033 <sup>S</sup> <i>9</i>			
373.24 <sup>S</sup> <i>6</i>	3589.209	0.000075 <sup>S</sup> <i>7</i>			
	3744.928	0.000075 <i>6</i>			
387.98 <sup>S</sup> <i>18</i>	3977.202	0.000028 <sup>S</sup> <i>6</i>			
472.205 <i>14</i>	472.197	0.501 <i>3</i>	M3	0.00047	
499.363 <i>22</i>	1845.976	0.01474 <i>22</i>			
501.35 <i>4</i>	1845.976	0.00308 <i>12</i>			
504.55 <i>5</i>	1845.976	0.00140 <i>8</i>			
511.20 <i>2</i>	6959.315	0.0032 <i>2</i>			$E_{\gamma}, \sigma_{\gamma}$ : Expected primary $\gamma$ -ray. I $\gamma$ from the intensity balance. Observed transition with E=510.94 9 keV, $\sigma_{\gamma}=0.00552$ 23 b includes annihilation radiation from pair production.
543.94 <sup>S</sup> <i>13</i>	4750.870	0.000042 <sup>S</sup> <i>7</i>			
551.21 <i>4</i>	4207.020	0.000348 <i>13</i>			
563.171 <i>11</i>	563.200	0.00925 <i>8</i>			
605.51 <i>3</i>	3977.202	0.000159 <i>10</i>			
617.84 <sup>S</sup> <i>5</i>	4207.020	0.000143 <sup>S</sup> <i>10</i>			
662.06 <sup>S</sup> <i>25</i>	4527.3	0.00006 <sup>S</sup> <i>4</i>			
665.14 <sup>S</sup> <i>12</i>	5192.13	0.00042 <sup>S</sup> <i>5</i>			
696.570 <sup>†</sup> <i>20</i>	4441.525	0.000215 <sup>†</sup> <i>17</i>			

Typically this is the only source of  $\sigma_{\gamma}$  data. Reference to the published form of this data will be included.

# Second data set - levels



## $^{23}\text{Na}(n,\gamma)$ E=thermal 1983Hu11,1983Ti02

Thermal neutron capture  $\gamma$ -ray Intensity per 100 neutron captures.

Target  $J\pi=3/2^+$ .

1983Hu11: Measured  $E_\gamma$  and  $I_\gamma$  with curved crystal (GAMS), Ge(Li), and pair spectrometers. Deduced neutron separation energy  $S_N=6959.73$  keV 14.

1983Ti02: Measured  $E_\gamma$  and  $I_\gamma$  with Ge(Li)-NaI(Tl) AND Ge(Li) pair spectrometer. Deduced neutron separation energy  $S_N=6959.42$  keV 8.

1987Zh12: Measured  $E_\gamma$  and  $I_\gamma$  with Ge(Li)-NaI(Tl) spectrometer. Deduced neutron separation energy  $S_N=6959.51$  keV 21.

## $^{24}\text{Na}$ Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J\pi^\ddagger$	$T_{1/2}^\ddagger$	$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J\pi^\ddagger$	$T_{1/2}^\ddagger$
0.0	4+	14.9590 h 12	4186.8 7	2+	<14 fs
472.2069 8	1+	20.20 ms 7	4196.54 6	(1+, 2, 3+)-	<10 fs
563.1974 16	2+	36 ps 6	4207.205 19	2+	23 fs 6
1341.441 10	2+	60 fs 20	4441.68 3	2-	<35 fs
1344.646 8	(3)+	26 fs 6	4562.056 24	1-	<10 fs
1346.627 6	1+	4.4 ps 3	4621.60 10	(1+, 2, 3+)	<10 fs
1846.020 6	2+	180 fs 25	4691.7 4		<25 fs
1885.506 5	3+	26 fs 5	4751.086 21	2-	
1960.89 4			4891.267 5		
1977.05 9			5031.177 4	(2+, 3, 4+)	
2513.414 23	3+	10 fs 3	5045.07 3	(1, 2, 3)-	<30 fs
2562.37 24	(4+, 2+)	<17 fs	5059.647 21	3-	<50 fs
2904.10 6	3+	35 fs 6	5117.36 7	1-	
2977.809 16	(2+, 3+)	<17 fs	5192.41 7	3-	<7 fs
3371.853 23	2-	13 fs 3	5252.28 14	3-	
3413.298 25	1+	<14 fs	5339.09 4	2-	<14 fs
3589.42 4	1+	<6 fs	5397.08 3	(1, 3)-	
3628.35 6	3+	<14 fs	5479.07 6	1-	<50 fs
3655.91 6	(2+, 1+)	<14 fs	5809.579 19	1+, 2	
3681.93 12	0+	<14 fs	5862.93 16		
3745.14 3	3-	<17 fs	5918.357 24	1-, 2, 3+	
3865.58 8			5953.367 5		
3935.877 18		<14 fs	5967.377 19	0+	<7 fs
3943.48 12		<14 fs	6072.837 16	1+	
3977.40 3	(1-, 2+)	<14 fs	6222.35 9		
4048.34 14	0-	70 fs 30	6247.644 17	2+	<14 fs
4143.17 3	(4-)	<20 fs	6959.623 14	1+, 2+	

Adopted  $J^\pi$  data

$^\dagger$  from least squares fit to  $\gamma$  energies.

$^\ddagger$  From adopted levels.

# Second data set - gammas



## $\gamma(^{24}\text{Na})$

I $\gamma$  normalization: Normalized to the intensity of the  $^{24}\text{Na}$  decay lines at 1369- and 2754-keV. Systematic errors of 15%, 10% and 5 % were added to the CAMS, Ge(Li) and pair errors, respectively by 1983Hu11. Unplaced gamma intensity is 1.85 5.

$E_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	E(level)	I $\gamma$ per 100 n $^{\ddagger}$ s	Mult. $^{\ddagger}$	$\delta^{\ddagger}$	Comments
90.9921 14	563.1974	41.8 63			
*417.08 21		0.049 20			
*440.10 11		0.092 17			
472.2023 8	472.2069	93.9 74	M3		
499.383 5	1846.020	2.4 7			
501.30 3	1846.020	0.66 6			
504.57 4	1846.020	0.27 3			
552.44 8	2513.414	0.127 18			
563.186 8	563.1974	1.7 3			
614.26 5	1960.89	0.134 16			
711.968 10	6959.623	0.90 8			
737.55 13	6959.623	0.019 6			
773.9 3	4751.086	0.073 3			
778.22 23	1341.441	1.09 10			
781.402 15	1344.646	3.4 3			
793.84 6	4207.205	0.39 5			

I $\gamma$  per 100 neutron captures

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

# Activation decay data



## $^{24}\text{Na}$ $\beta^-$ Decay (14.997 h)

Parent  $^{24}\text{Mg}$ : E=0;  $J\pi=4+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=14.997$  h  $I_2$ ; Q(g.s.)=5515.45 8; % $\beta^-$  decay=100.

### $^{24}\text{Mg}$ Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J\pi$ <sup>†</sup>	$T_{1/2}$
0.0	0+	stable
1368.672 5	2+	
4122.889 12	4+	
4238.24 3	2+	
5235.12 4	3+	

<sup>†</sup> From adopted levels.

### $\beta^-$ radiations

$E\beta^-$	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ <sup>†</sup>	Log ft	Comments
(280.33 9)	5235.12	0.076 3	6.60 2	av $E\beta^-$ =89.24 22.
(1392.56 8)	4122.889	99.855 5	6.11 1	av $E\beta^-$ =554.1 3.
(4146.78 8)	1368.672	0.064 6	11.34 4	av $E\beta^-$ =1865.5 3.

<sup>†</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

### $\gamma(^{24}\text{Mg})$

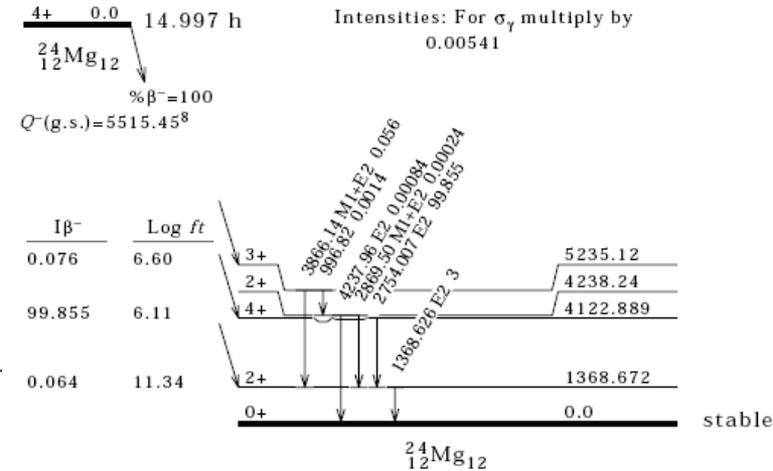
$E\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	E(level)	$P_\gamma$ <sup>††</sup>	Mult.	$\delta$	$\alpha$	$I(\gamma+ce)$ <sup>†</sup>	Comments
996.82 9	5235.12	0.0014 2					
1368.626 5	1368.672	99.9936 15	E2		$1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	3	$k_0=0.0492$ d. $k_0=0.0468$ 3 (IUPAC, 2003De34). $P_\gamma$ ; $\sigma\gamma$ (Budapest)=0.5409 25 b. $P_\gamma$ ; $\sigma\gamma$ (Budapest)=0.5433 35 b.
2754.007 11	4122.889	99.855 5	E2				
2869.50 6	4238.24	0.00024 3	M1+E2	-23 9			$k_0=0.0491$ d. $k_0=0.0462$ 4 (IUPAC, 2003De34). $P_\gamma$ ; $\sigma\gamma$ (Budapest)=0.00042 6 b.
3866.14 10	5235.12	0.056 7	M1+E2	-17 4			
4237.96 6	4238.24	0.00084 10	E2				

<sup>†</sup> From DDEP evaluation (2004BeZr).

<sup>††</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

## $^{24}\text{Na}$ $\beta^-$ Decay (14.997 h) (continued)

### Decay Scheme



$P_\gamma$  on table,  
conversion  
factor to  $\sigma_\gamma$  on  
drawing

# Other considerations



## Theory

- DICEBOX level density and  $\gamma$ -ray strength function parameters
- Calculated continuum ( $Z > 20$ )
- Calculation population below  $E_{\text{crit}}$
- Nuclear model  $J^\pi$  calculations for RIPL

## Experiment

- Average resonance data
- Surrogate reaction data
- Granddaughter decay data

# Conclusions



- Publication of EGAF data in NDS is straightforward
- Data would be published by elemental sets
- EGAF evaluation in collaboration with LLNL, Budapest, Prague, and the IAEA will continue to be the major effort of the Isotopes Project in the future.
- Others are welcome to participate.