



Evaluated Gamma-ray Activation File (EGAF)

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EGAF Collaboration



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LLNL Nuclear Data Library – B. Sleaford, N. Summers

Budapest Reactor – Zs. Revay, T. Belgya, L. Szentmiklosi

NIF STARS + LiBerACE Collaboration –

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M. Wiedeking (iThemba Labs, South Africa)

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IAEA Nuclear Data Section –D. Abriola, R. Capote, M. Kellett,
V. Zerkin

EGAF Database



Prompt thermal (n,γ) data

- Gamma-ray energies E_γ (ENSDF, Budapest)
- Gamma-ray cross sections σ_γ (Budapest)
- PGAA k_0 factors
- Recommended I_γ per 100 neutron captures
- Neutron separation energies S_N (AME mass evaluation)
- RIPL nuclear structure data
 - Recommended J^π values from experiment and theory
 - New J^π values from statistical model calculations
 - Improved level γ -ray branching intensities

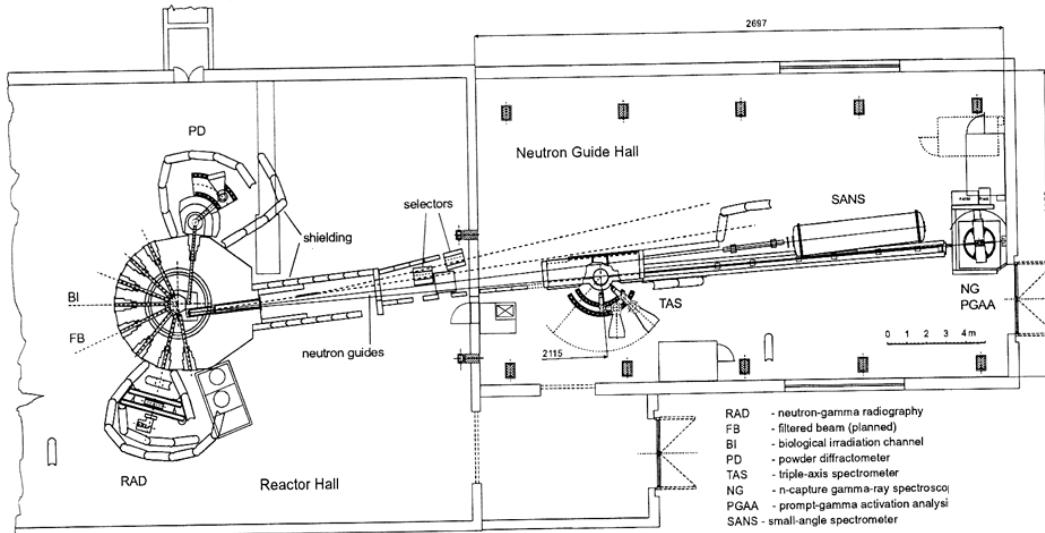
Activation thermal (n,γ) data

- E_γ , P_γ (from DDEP/ENSDF)
- Normalization to γ -ray cross sections, σ_γ
- NAA k_0 factors calculated from σ_γ and P_γ

Total radiative cross sections σ_0

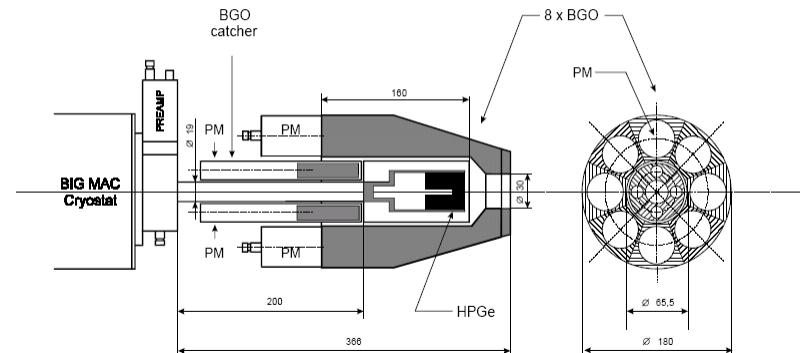
- Compilation measured values (corrected for new standard data)
- New values derived from prompt (n,γ) data and statistical model calculations
- Recommended values from all data

Neutron beam measurements - Budapest



Reactor and neutron guide hall. The PGAA (capture gamma) station is located ≈ 30 m from the reactor wall.

BUDAPEST COMPTON-SUPPRESSED / PAIR-MODE GAMMA SPECTROMETER

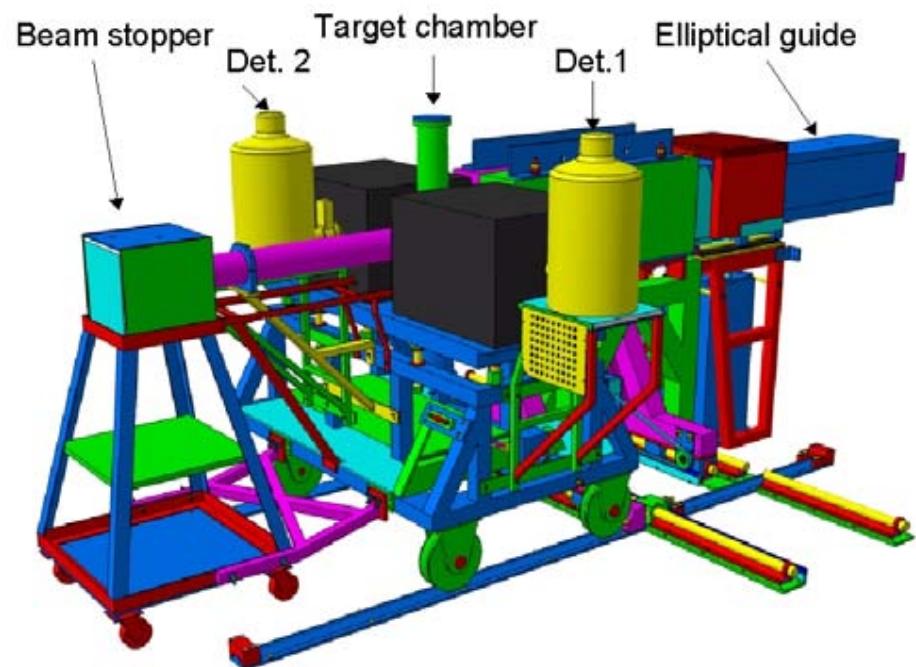
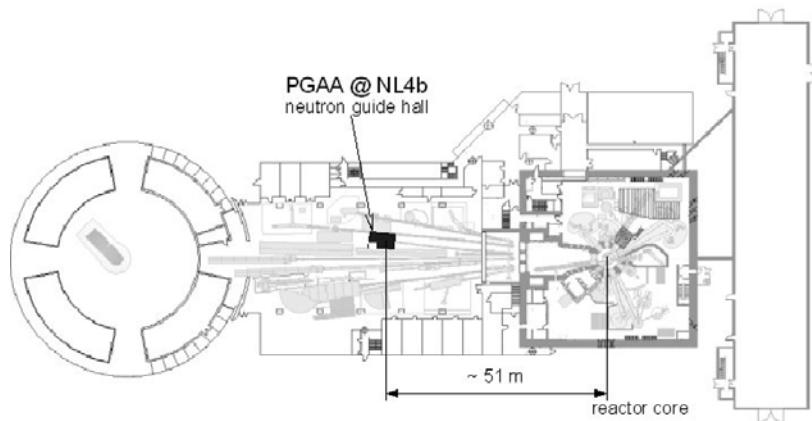


Compton suppression: ≈ 5 (1332 keV) to ≈ 40 (7000 keV)

1.2×10^8 n/cm² at target

HPGe efficiency curve precision <1% for E=0.5-6 MeV, <3% 0.05-0.5 MeV and >6 MeV.

Neutron beam measurements - Munich



New experiments planned for 2011

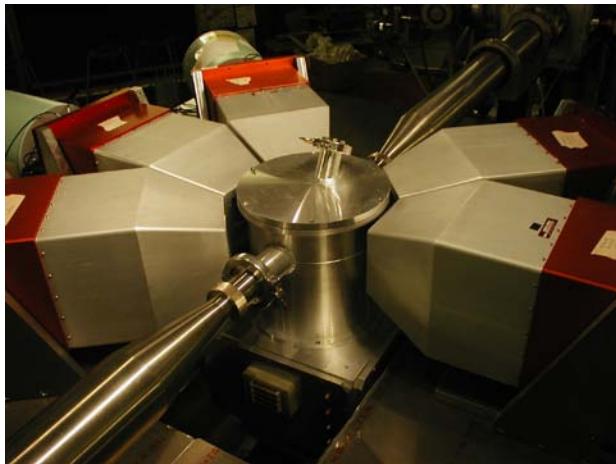
7.3×10^9 n/cm² at target position (14 mm×38 mm beam)

2×10^{10} n/cm² at He gas-flushed elliptical guide (4 mm×10 mm beam)

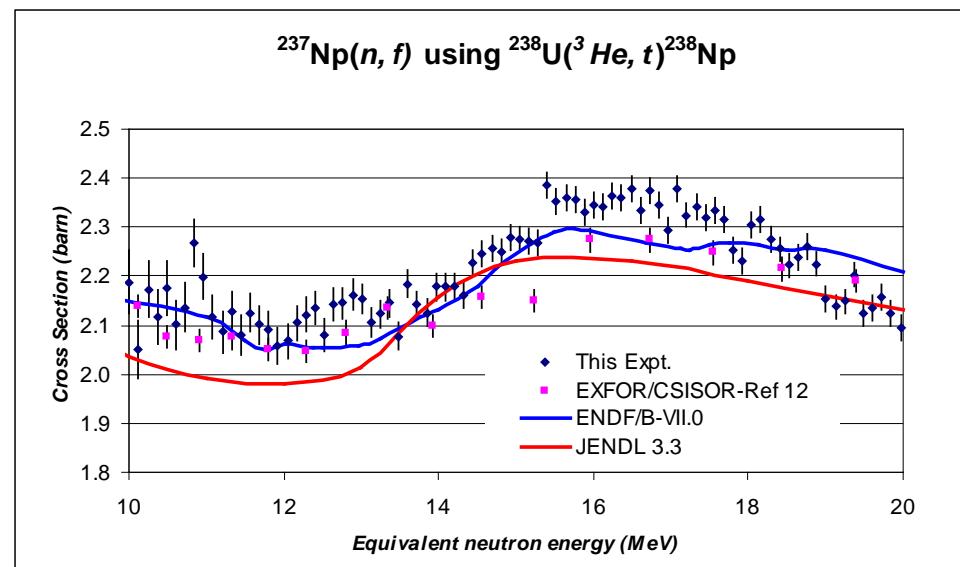
Surrogate reactions - STARS+LiBerACE



Target Chamber+6 “Clover” Ge



Interior w/S2 Si detectors



$^{238}\text{U}({}^3\text{He}, t)^{238}\text{Np}$ surrogate reaction to determine the $^{237}\text{Np}(n,f)$ cross section (S. Basunia - LBNL)

Isotopes Project is LBNL lead group in STARS + LiBerACE collaboration

- Surrogate reaction cross section studies
- Statistical model studies
- NIF nuclear reaction studies

Reaction Input Parameter Library (RIPL)*



¹⁰⁶Pd

number of levels:	133
number of gamma-rays:	212
number of levels in a complete level scheme:	30
number of levels with assigned spin and parity:	8
neutron separation energy:	9.561510 [MeV]
proton separation energy:	9.345901 [MeV]

J^π are adopted from ENSDF. For calculations if uniquely assigned no problem. Otherwise?

NL	EL [MeV]	S/P	F	T1/2 [s]	Ng	s	unc		s-info	nd	m	p	mode	
					Nf			Eg [MeV]	Pg					
1	0.000000	0.0	1	-1.00E+00	0	u				0+	0			
2	0.511851	2.0	1	1.21E-11	1	u				2+	0			
3	1.128010	2.0	1	3.12E-12	2	u				2+	0			
										1	0.616	6.461E-01	6.482E-01	3.252E-03
										1	1.128	3.515E-01	3.518E-01	7.525E-04
4	1.133770	0.0	1	6.80E-12	2	u				0+	0			
										2	0.622	9.968E-01	1.000E+00	3.171E-03
										1	1.134	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
5	1.229250	4.0	1	1.34E-12	1	u				4+	0			
										2	0.717	9.978E-01	1.000E+00	2.183E-03

33	2.591200	-1.0	0		1			(2, 3) +	0				
34	2.624400	0.0	1		11			0.659	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	0.000E+00		
					3	u			0+	0			
					7			1.062	3.608E-01	3.611E-01	8.584E-04		
					3			1.496	2.505E-01	2.506E-01	4.201E-04		
					2			2.113	3.883E-01	3.883E-01	0.000E+00		
35	2.626870	-1.0	0		3			(2, 3) +	0				
					7			1.065	7.453E-02	7.453E-02	0.000E+00		
					3			1.499	6.211E-01	6.211E-01	0.000E+00		
					2			2.115	3.043E-01	3.043E-01	0.000E+00		

J^π uncertain

* R. Capote et al, Nucl. Data Sheets 110, 3107 (2009).

Cross section standardization methods



1. Stoichiometric compounds containing elements with well-known cross sections: H, N, Cl, S, Na, Ti, Au

KCl, $(\text{CH}_2)_n$, Pb(NO₃)₂, Tl₂SO₄

2. Homogenous mixtures

Aqueous (H₂O) or acid (20% HCl) solutions

Mixed powders (TiO₂)

3. Activation products with well-known P_γ

¹⁹F, ²⁸Al, ¹⁰⁰Tc, ²³⁵U

Measurements have been completed on all elemental targets

Z=1-83, 92 except for He and Pm

and on the radioactive targets

⁹⁹Tc, and ¹²⁹I

The k_0 PGAA/NAA Method



$$(k_{0,H})_\gamma = \frac{M_H \theta_x \sigma_{0,x} P_\gamma}{M_x \theta_H \sigma_{0,H} P_H}$$

x = PGAA analyte H(2223.25γ) comparator

= NAA analyte Au(411.802γ) comparator

M = atomic mass ($M_H = 1.00794$, $M_{Au} = 196.9655$)

θ = isotopic abundance ($\theta_H = 99.9985$, $\theta_{Au} = 100$)

$\sigma_{0,x}$ = thermal neutron cross section ($\sigma_{0,H} = 0.3326$ b, $\sigma_{0,Au} = 98.65$ b)

P_γ = γ -ray transition probability ($P_{2223}(H) = 1.0$, $P_{411}(Au) = 0.9558$)

$$\sigma_\gamma = \sigma_{0,x} P_\gamma$$

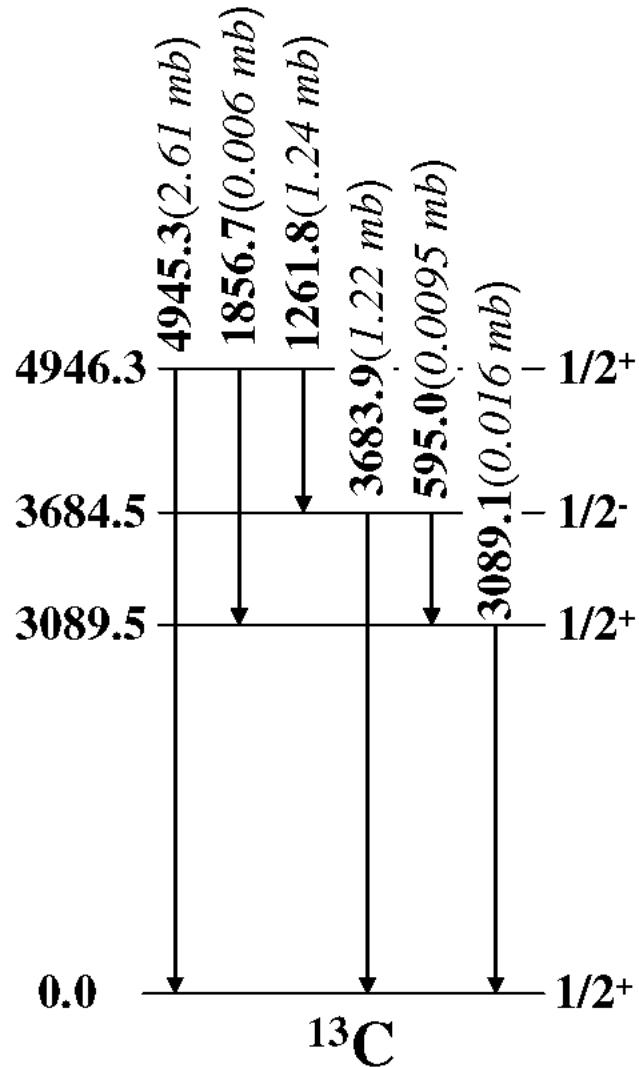
Relative γ -ray intensities measured in PGAA/NAA from different elements can be converted to relative masses using the γ -ray k_0 factors.

Compilation/Evaluation of σ_0 values



For simple, low-Z level schemes σ_0 can be determined from

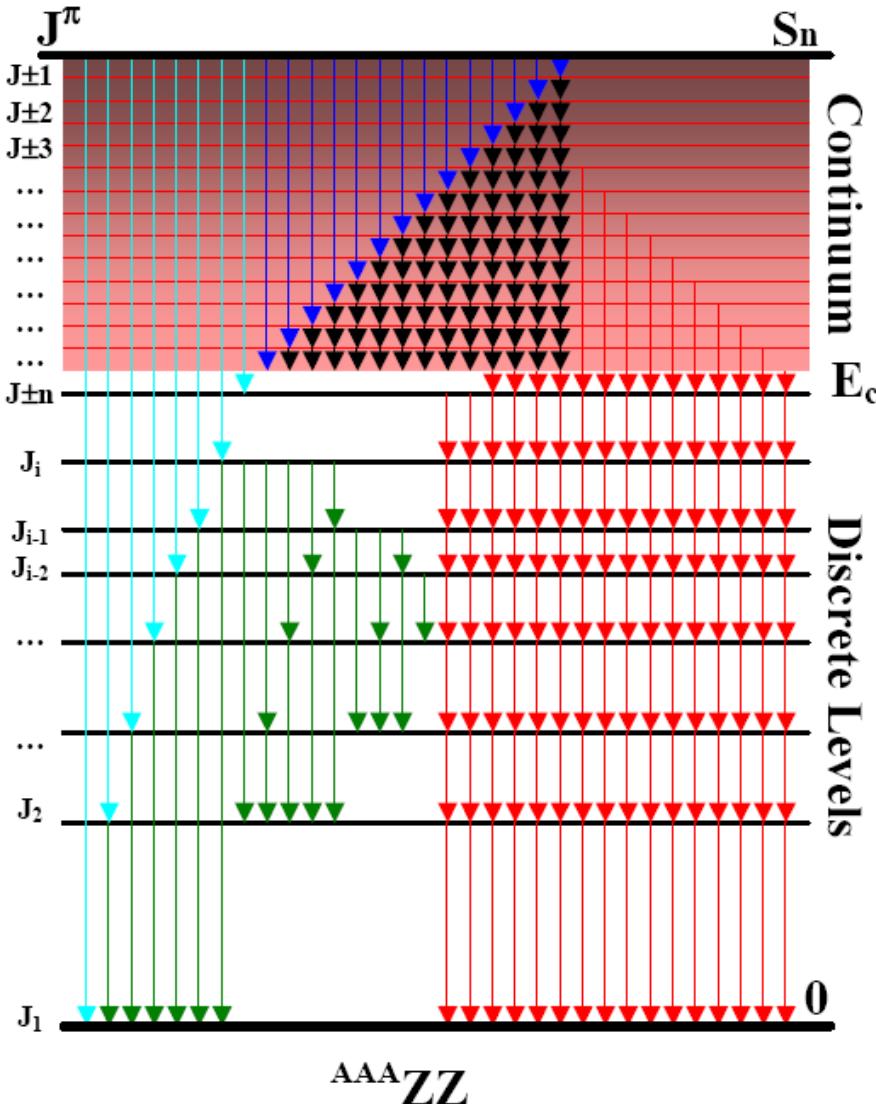
$$\sigma_0 = \sum \sigma_\gamma (\text{primary}) = \sum \sigma_\gamma (\text{GS})$$



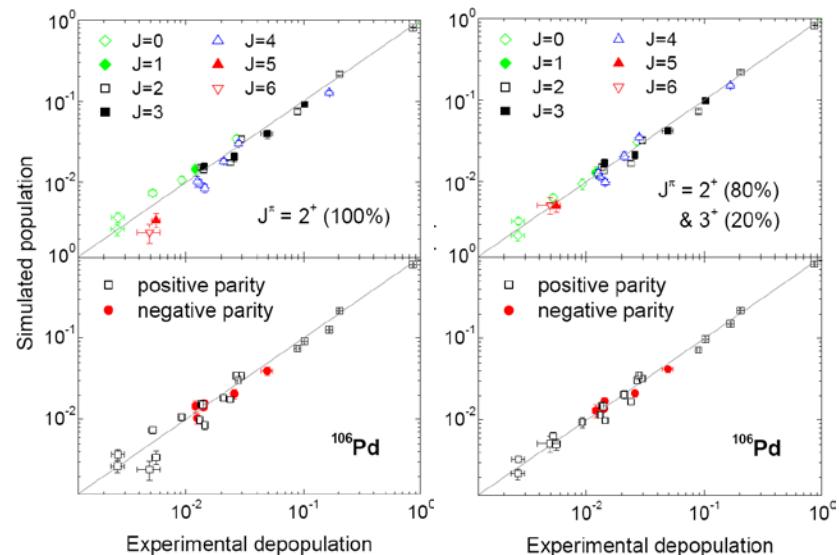
$\sigma(\text{in})$	$\sigma(\text{out})$	$\sigma(\text{in-out})$
0.0	3.86	3.86 mb
1.24	1.22	0.02
0.016	0.016	0.00

$$3.85 \quad 0.0 \quad 3.85 \text{ mb}$$

Determining σ_0 for complex level schemes



- Below E_{crit} all nuclear structure is known (RIPL)
- All primary γ -ray to levels below E_{crit} are measured (Budapest)
- The rest of the levels and γ -rays can be calculated with DICEBOX
- $\sigma_0 = \sigma_0(\text{GS})_{\text{obs}} + \sigma_0(\text{GS})_{\text{stat}}$

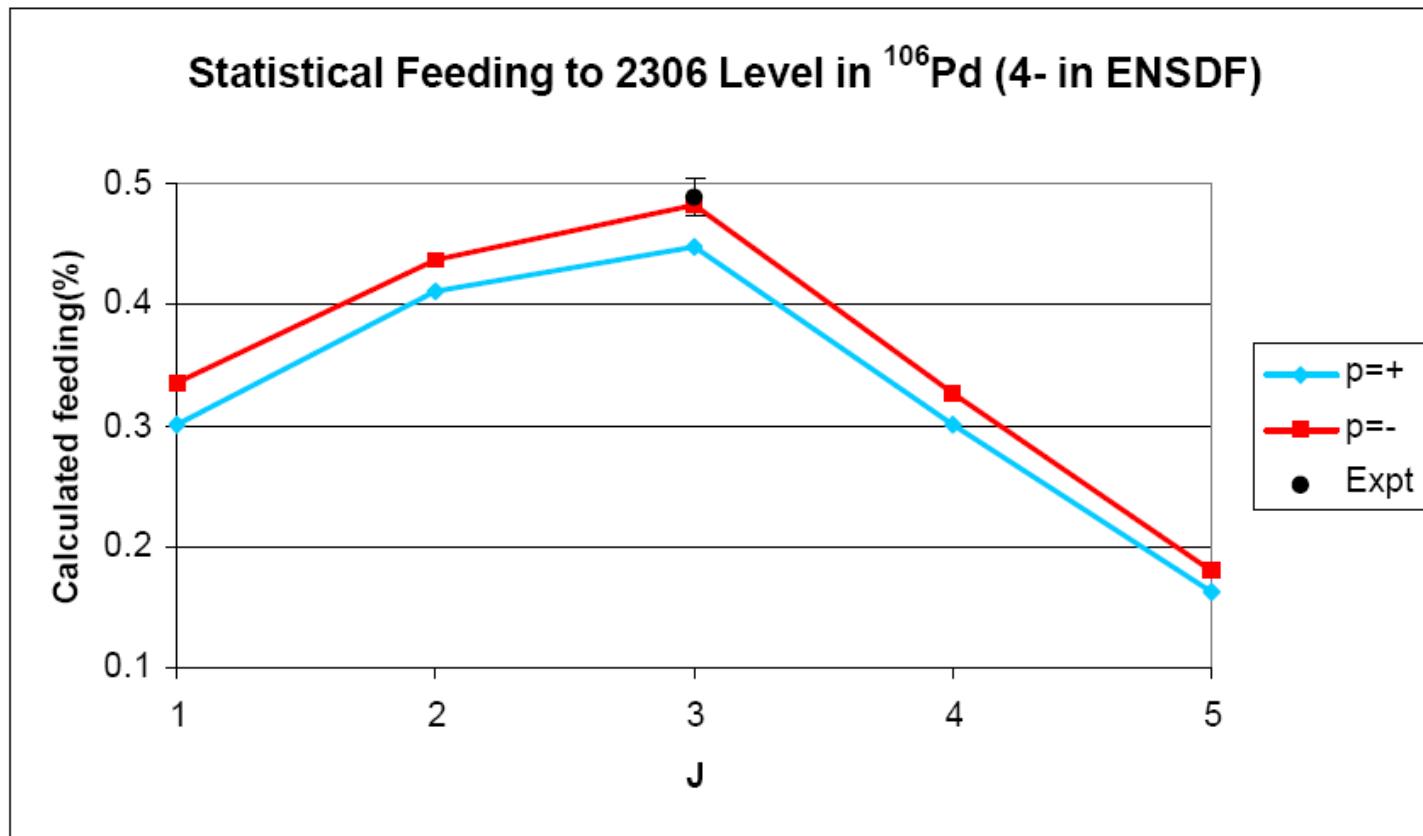


Population/Depopulation plot

Improved J^π Assignments



Significant deviations of the measured depopulation from the calculated are always due to mistakes in the RIPL data.



Palladium Isotopes Results*



Isotope	σ_0 (literature) (b)	σ_0 (this work) (b)
$^{102}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{103}\text{Pd}$	1.6 0.2	1.1 0.4
$^{104}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{105}\text{Pd}$	0.65 0.30	0.75 0.26
$^{105}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{106}\text{Pd}$	21.0 1.5	21.7 0.5
$^{106}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{107}\text{Pd}$	0.30 0.03	0.36 0.10
$^{108}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{109\text{g}}\text{Pd}$	7.6 0.5	8.6 0.6
$^{108}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{109\text{m}}\text{Pd}$	0.185 0.011	0.185 0.010
$^{110}\text{Pd}(n,\gamma)^{111}\text{Pd}$	0.70 0.17	0.34 0.10

* M. Krticka, R.B. Firestone, D.P. McNabb, B. Sleaford, U. Agvaanluvsan, T. Belgya, and Z.S. Revay, Phys. Rev. C 77, 054615 (2008).

Status of EGAF



EGAF version 1.0 published and available on Internet

- *Database of Prompt Gamma Rays from Slow Neutron Capture for Elemental Analysis*, R.B. Firestone, et al, IAEA STI/PUB/1263, 251 pp(2007)
<Http://www-pub.iaea.org/MTCD/publications/PubDetails.asp?pubId=7030>
- IAEA Prompt Gamma-ray Activation Analysis Viewer:
<http://www-nds.iaea.org/pgaa/pgaa7/index.html>
- LBNL Capture Gamma-ray Data
<http://ie.lbl.gov/ng.html>

EGAF version 2.0 currently in progress

- Updated evaluations – first pass revision complete
- DICEBOX calculations – σ_0 measurements, improved RIPL
- Activation file – $k_0/\sigma_0/P_\gamma$ comparison
- σ_0 measurement compilation – CSISRS plus

Status of EGAF



Publication status

- Pd published
- Z=1-19, 26, 63, 64, 68, 74 publication planned for 2011
- NDS publication planned (see discussion in later talk)

Planned separated isotope measurements at Budapest and Munich Reactors in FY2011

- ^2H , ^3He , ^{73}Ge , $^{90,91,92,94,96}\text{Zr}$, ^{153}Eu , $^{155,157}\text{Gd}$, $^{182,183,184,186}\text{W}$, ^{167}Er

LBNL LIBERACE/STARS measurements in FY2011

- $^{167}\text{Er}(\text{d},\text{p})$ – search for collective nuclear structure contribution to statistical decay.
- $^{106,108,110}\text{Pd}(\text{p},\text{p}')$ – ^{107}Pd s-process waiting point nucleus surrogate reaction cross section study (proposed).
- $^{73}\text{Ge}(\text{d},\text{p})$ – surrogate cross section measurement, preliminary NIF experiment.

3rd IAEA Research Coordination Meeting on “Reference Database for NAA”



Comparison of IUPAC(k_0), Atlas(σ_0), and EGAF(σ_γ) PGAA/NAA data

$$\sigma_0(^{24g}Na)_{NAA} = 542(3) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{24g}Na)_{PGAA} = 540(4) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{24g}Na)_{Atlas} = 517(4) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{24m}Na)_{PGAA} = 478(4) \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{24m}Na)_{Atlas} = 400(3) \text{ mb}$$

$$k_0(^{36}S)_{IUPAC} = 1.96(4) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$k_0(^{36}S)_{EGAF} = 3.05(10) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{39}K)_{PGAA} = 2.21(3) \text{ b}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{39}K)_{Atlas} = 2.1(2) \text{ b}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{40}K)_{PGAA} = 90(3) \text{ b}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{40}K)_{Atlas} = 30(8) \text{ b}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{41}K)_{PGAA} = 1.522(22) \text{ b}$$

$$\sigma_0(^{41}K)_{Atlas} = 1.46(3) \text{ b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} {}^{30}\text{Si}(n,\gamma) \\ P_\gamma(1266)_{ENSDF} = 0.00050(4) \\ P_\gamma(1266)_{PGAA} = 0.000589(12) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_0(^{45m}\text{Sc})_{NAA} = 7.77(21) \text{ b} \\ \sigma_0(^{45m}\text{Sc})_{Atlas} = 9.9(11) \text{ b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_0(^{70}\text{Zn})_{NAA} = 83(5) \text{ mb} \\ \sigma_0(^{70}\text{Zn})_{Atlas} = 22 \text{ mb} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_0(^{127}\text{I})_{k0} = 5.48(12) \text{ b} \\ \sigma_0(^{127}\text{I})_{Atlas} = 6.15(6) \text{ b} \\ \text{or} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_\gamma(443)_{ENSDF} = 0.1261(8) \\ P_\gamma(443)_{Atlas} = 0.112(3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_0(^{185}\text{W})_{NAA} = 34.8(2) \text{ b} \\ \sigma_0(^{185}\text{W})_{Atlas} = 38.1(5) \text{ b} \end{aligned}$$

From new ENSDF P_γ

$${}^{114m}\text{In}(t_{1/2}=49.51 \text{ d})$$

ENSDF

$$\%IT=96.75(24)$$

$$\%EC+\beta^+=3.25(24)$$

EGAF-NAA

$$\%IT=95.72(7)$$

$$\%EC+\beta^+=4.28(7)$$

$\sigma_0(^{155}\text{Gd}(n,\gamma)^{156}\text{Gd})$	
Atlas	60,900(500)
EGAF	66,200(4,100)
$\sigma_0(^{157}\text{Gd}(n,\gamma)^{158}\text{Gd})$	
Atlas	254000(815)
EGAF	216000(5000)

Conclusions



- EGAF version 1.0 completed in 2007
- EGAF version 2.0 under development
- Surrogate reaction studies are continuing at the LBNL 88" cyclotron with STARS+LiBerACE
- New neutron beam measurements at Budapest and Munich
- New publications of EGAF data in literature and possible Nuclear Data Sheets