

⁹⁵Pd ε decay (13.3 s) 1982No06,1982Ku15

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	S. K. Basu, G. Mukherjee, A. A. Sonzogni		NDS 111, 2555 (2010)	30-Jun-2009

Parent: ⁹⁵Pd: E=1875.3 4; J^π=(21/2⁺); T_{1/2}=13.3 s 3; Q(ε)=8189 SY; %ε+%β⁺ decay=89 3

1982Ku15: ⁵⁸Ni(⁴⁰Ca,n2p) E=4 MeV/A; measured T_{1/2}, Eγ, Iγ, β⁻-delayed E(p), ip, βγ⁻, P(x-ray)-coin.

All data are from 1982Ku15, except as noted. The decay scheme is from 1982Ku15 and is an extension of that proposed by 1982No06.

Published data on the ⁹⁵Pd(g.s.) ε+β⁺ Decay is not available, only data on the decay of the ⁹⁵Pd isomer is found.

α: [Additional information 1](#).

⁹⁵Rh Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [‡]	T _{1/2} [‡]	Comments
0.0 1351.07 12	9/2 ⁺ (13/2 ⁺)	5.02 min 10	I _{ε+β+} ≈20% from the intensity balance. However, this value is much larger than the systematic values for ΔJ=4 and no parity change (4th forbidden non-unique). Such transitions typically have log ft>20 (1973Ra10) which translates into I _{ε+β+} <1×10 ⁻¹³ . The reason for this is a large number of unplaced gamma rays.
2067.62 15	(17/2 ⁺)		
2236.42 18	(17/2 ⁻)		
2264.32 15	(17/2 ⁺)		I _{ε+β+} =5.7% 7 from the intensity balance. However, this value is much larger than systematic values for ΔJ=2 and no parity change (2nd forbidden non-unique). Such transitions typically have log ft>11 (1973Ra10) which translates into I _{ε+β+} <1×10 ⁻⁴ . The reason for this is a large number of unplaced gamma rays.
2449.37 16	(21/2 ⁺)		
2973.38 19	(21/2 ⁺ ,23/2 ⁺)		
3095.98 22			
3129.68 19			
3241.5 3	(21/2 ⁻)		
3837.3 3			
4135.2 5			
4163.4 5			

[†] From least-squares fit to Eγ's.

[‡] From the Adopted Levels, except as noted.

ε,β⁺ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	Iβ ⁺ [‡]	Iε [‡]	Log ft [†]	I(ε+β ⁺) ^{†‡}	Comments
(5900 SY)	4163.4	0.44 14	0.014 6	6.82 23	0.40 14	av Eβ=2.25×10 ³ ; εK=0.027 9; εL=0.0033 10
(5929 SY)	4135.2	2.42 20	0.077 24	6.09 19	2.47 23	av Eβ=2.27×10 ³ ; εK=0.027 8; εL=0.0033 10
(6227 SY)	3837.3	5.9 3	0.16 5	5.82 18	6.0 4	av Eβ=2.41×10 ³ ; εK=0.023 7; εL=0.0028 8
(6822 SY)	3241.5	3.74 20	0.073 18	6.23 16	3.8 3	av Eβ=2.70×10 ³ ; εK=0.017 4; εL=0.0020 5
(6934 SY)	3129.68	7.95 20	0.15 4	5.95 15	8.0 5	av Eβ=2.75×10 ³ ; εK=0.016 4; εL=0.0019 5
(6968 SY)	3095.98	3.10 21	0.056 14	6.37 16	3.1 3	av Eβ=2.77×10 ³ ; εK=0.015 4; εL=0.0019 5
(7090 SY)	2973.38	10.4 3	0.18 4	5.88 15	10.5 6	av Eβ=2.83×10 ³ ; εK=0.015 4; εL=0.0018 5
(7614 SY)	2449.37	36.9 15	0.49 11	5.50 14	37 3	av Eβ=3.08×10 ³ ; εK=0.0114 25; εL=0.0014 3

[†] Approximate values due to the large number of unplaced gammas.

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.89 3.

^{95}Pd ε decay (13.3 s) 1982No06,1982Ku15 (continued) $\gamma(^{95}\text{Rh})$

I γ normalization: From $\Sigma I\gamma(\text{to g.s.})=88$, since $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+ = 89.3$ and $\% \varepsilon p = 0.9315$ in ^{95}Pd .

E_γ	I_γ #	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. †	α	Comments
168.8 ‡ 1	12.4 9	2236.42	(17/2 ⁻)	2067.62	(17/2 ⁺)	(E1)	0.0325	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0284$ 4; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00333$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000615$ 9; $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0001008$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=4.72 \times 10^{-6}$ 7 $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.0001055$ 15
185.0 1	6.2 2	2449.37	(21/2 ⁺)	2264.32	(17/2 ⁺)	(E2)	0.1496	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.1254$ 18; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0199$ 3; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00374$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000593$ 9; $\alpha(\text{O})=2.00 \times 10^{-5}$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000613$ 9
^x 347.6 1	1.10 4							
381.8 1	48.3 14	2449.37	(21/2 ⁺)	2067.62	(17/2 ⁺)	(E2)	0.01286	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.01110$ 16; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001448$ 21; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000270$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N})=4.39 \times 10^{-5}$ 7; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.91 \times 10^{-6}$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=4.59 \times 10^{-5}$ 7
524.0 1	10.6 3	2973.38	(21/2 ⁺ , 23/2 ⁺)	2449.37	(21/2 ⁺)			
^x 640.6 3	0.47 11							
680.3 1	8.1 2	3129.68		2449.37	(21/2 ⁺)			
716.6 1	67.1 2	2067.62	(17/2 ⁺)	1351.07	(13/2 ⁺)			
^x 731.9 3	0.59 12							
^x 788.2 1	1.26 13							
^x 794.7 3	0.32 12							
^x 839.8 3	0.31 2							
859.9 3	0.44 13	3095.98		2236.42	(17/2 ⁻)			
913.2 1	12.9 4	2264.32	(17/2 ⁺)	1351.07	(13/2 ⁺)			
^x 935.7 3	0.52 13							
^x 957.1 2	1.21 15							
1005.1 2	3.81 20	3241.5	(21/2 ⁻)	2236.42	(17/2 ⁻)			
1028.2 2	2.72 16	3095.98		2067.62	(17/2 ⁺)			
^x 1111.0 2	1.37 18							
^x 1144.3 3	1.00 18							
^x 1213.0 4	0.44 16							
^x 1240.8 5	0.77 16							
^x 1275.1 3	2.45 18							
1351.06 ‡ 12	100 3	1351.07	(13/2 ⁺)	0.0	9/2 ⁺			
^x 1363.5 5	0.52 15							
^x 1408.0 5	0.64 15							
^x 1424.8 3	2.50 20							
^x 1443.8 5	0.60 15							
1600.6 3	5.18 22	3837.3		2236.42	(17/2 ⁻)			
^x 1745.9 5	0.40 15							
^x 1764.5 5	0.64 15							
1770.5 5	0.88 16	3837.3		2067.62	(17/2 ⁺)			
^x 1793.2 5	1.22 16							
1898.8 5	2.50 20	4135.2		2236.42	(17/2 ⁻)			
1927.0 5	0.40 14	4163.4		2236.42	(17/2 ⁻)			

† From the adopted gammas.

‡ Unweighted average of 168.8 1 (1982Ku15) and 169.0 3 (1982No06) and 1351.1 1 (1982Ku15) and 1350.7 3 (1982No06),

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

${}^{95}\text{Pd}$ ε decay (13.3 s) [1982No06,1982Ku15](#) (continued)

$\gamma({}^{95}\text{Rh})$ (continued)

respectively.

For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.88 3.

^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

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Decay Scheme

- Legend
- I_γ < 2% × I_γ^{max}
 - I_γ < 10% × I_γ^{max}
 - I_γ > 10% × I_γ^{max}
 - Coincidence

Intensities: I_(γ+ce) per 100 parent decays

