

$^{95}\text{Zr} \beta^-$  decay    1999BeZS,1999BeZQ

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	S. K. Basu, G. Mukherjee, A. A. Sonzogni		NDS 111, 2555 (2010)	30-Jun-2009

Parent:  $^{95}\text{Zr}$ : E=0.0;  $J^\pi=5/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=64.032$  d 6;  $Q(\beta^-)=1123.6$  18; % $\beta^-$  decay=100.0

1999BeZS,1999BeZQ: Evaluation by R. G. Helmer, July 1998 including some general comments from previous evaluation

(1993Bu08): This evaluation was done as part of a collaboration of evaluators from Laboratoire National Henri Becquerel (LNHB) in France; Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB) in Germany; HMS Sultan and AEA Technology in the United Kingdom; Khlopin Radium Institute (KRI) in Russia; Centro de Investigaciones Energeticas, Medioambientales, y Tecnologicas (CIEMAT) and Universidad Nacional a Distancia (UNED) in Spain; and Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL), Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL), and Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory (INEEL) in the United States.

Measurements include:  $\beta\gamma$  circular polarization, scin (1965Co18);  $\gamma$ 's (Ge(Li)) and ce(K)'s (Si(Li)).  $^{95}\text{Zr}$ - $^{95}\text{Nb}$  equilibrium source (1969Br29);  $\gamma$ 's (Ge(Li)) and  $\beta^-$ 's and ce(K)'s ( $\beta$  spect), pure  $^{95}\text{Zr}$ , mixed  $^{95}\text{Zr}$  and  $^{95}\text{Nb}$ , pure 35-day  $I\beta$  normalization, and mixed 35-day and 87-h  $I\beta$  normalization sources (1974An22); see  $^{95}\text{Nb} \beta^-$  decay (34.975 d) for details (1976Ho04);  $\gamma(\theta)$ , Ge(Li), polarized nuclei (1976Kr01);  $I\gamma$ 's, Ge(Li), pure  $^{95}\text{Zr}$  and measured mixed  $^{95}\text{Zr}$  and  $^{95}\text{Nb}$  sources (1975De17);  $\beta\gamma(t)$ , scin (1991De24). Others: 1969Fo01 and 1972HeYG and see 1983Lu03 for additional references.

 $^{95}\text{Nb}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi \dagger$	$T_{1/2} \dagger$	Comments
0.0 235.690 20	$9/2^+$ $1/2^-$	34.991 d 8 3.61 d 3	%IT=94.4 6; % $\beta^-$ =5.6 6 $T_{1/2}$ : from 1969Fo01, where it is given as 86.6 h 8; other: 84 h 2 (1953Sl14), see also 1955Dr43 and several older values cited in 1953Sl14. % $\beta^-$ ,%IT: from $^{95}\text{Nb}$ Adopted Levels.
724.195 4	$7/2^+$	$\leq 70^\#$ ps	
756.728 12	$7/2^{+\ddagger}$	$\leq 70^\#$ ps	

$\dagger$  From the  $^{95}\text{Nb}$  Adopted Levels, except as noted.

$\ddagger$  From  $\beta\gamma$  circular polarization (1965Co18).

$\#$  From  $\beta\gamma(t)$  (1991De24).

 $\beta^-$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^- \dagger$	Log ft	Comments
(366.9 18)	756.728	54.46 22	6.762 8	av $E\beta=109.39$ 62
(399.4 18)	724.195	44.34 22	6.975 7	av $E\beta=120.61$ 63
887 3	235.690	1.08 7	10.28 <sup>lu</sup> 3	av $E\beta=327.24$ 73 $I\beta^-$ : from $I\beta(887)/ce(K)(724\gamma)=19$ 2 (1974An22); unique first-forbidden spectral shape observed.
1120 20	0.0	0.103 11	11.21 5	av $E\beta=405.60$ 77 $I\beta^-$ : from $I\beta(887)/I\beta(1120)=11$ (1974An22) and $I\beta(887)=1.13$ 12 and second forbidden spectral shape (1974An22).

$\dagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

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 **$^{95}\text{Zr} \beta^-$  decay    1999BeZS,1999BeZQ (continued)**


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 $\gamma(^{95}\text{Nb})$ 

$\alpha(\text{K})\exp$ : From [1969Br29](#). Others:  $\alpha(\text{K})\exp(235\gamma)=1.67~13$  and  $\alpha(\text{K})\exp(724\gamma)=0.00123~6$  from ce(K) of [1974An22](#) and Iy of [1975De17](#) assuming  $\alpha(\text{K})(757\gamma)=0.00120$ . See also  $^{95}\text{Nb}$  IT decay (86.6 h).

$E_\gamma^\dagger$	$I_\gamma^\#$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>‡</sup>	$\delta$	$\alpha^@$	Comments
235.69 2	0.27 2	235.690	1/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	9/2 <sup>+</sup>	M4		2.79	$\alpha(\text{K})\exp=2.21~27$ $\alpha(\text{K})=2.20; \alpha(\text{L})=0.440; \alpha(\text{M})=0.081$ $I_y: I_y(235)/I_y(756) = 0.49~6$ from Limitation of Relative Statistical Weight, LRSW, analysis ( <a href="#">1985ZiZY</a> , <a href="#">1992Ra09</a> ) of the six values 0.34 13 ( <a href="#">1969Br29</a> ), 0.6 2 ( <a href="#">1969Fo01</a> ), 0.4 1 ( <a href="#">1972Er08</a> ), 0.67 7 (H. H. Hansen et al., 1973, As quoted in <a href="#">1975De17</a> ), 0.54 3 ( <a href="#">1975De17</a> ), and 0.43 2 ( <a href="#">1976Ho04</a> ). This analysis increases the uncertainty of the value of <a href="#">1976Ho04</a> from 0.02 to 0.026 to reduce its relative weight from 63% to 50%. The resulting internal uncertainty is 0.019, the reduced- $\chi^2$ is 3.2, the external uncertainty is 0.03, and the lrsw analysis expands the final uncertainty to 0.06 to include the most precise value of 0.43. Other values are 4 ( <a href="#">1966Ts01</a> ), <0.4 ( <a href="#">1967Br21</a> ), and 4.5 19 ( <a href="#">1968BoZX</a> ). Since the six values used are discrepant, one can also deal with this discrepancy by use of the RAJEVAL method ( <a href="#">1992Ra08</a> ) which increases three of the uncertainties and gives 0.438 19 or by the Normalized Residual method ( <a href="#">1992Ja06</a> ) which increases two of the uncertainties and gives 0.447 31.
724.192 4	44.27 22	724.195	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	9/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	-0.11 2	0.00157	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.00132; \alpha(\text{L})=0.000147$ $I_y: I_y(724)/I_y(756)=0.814~4$ from weighted average of the following 11 values: 0.781 24 ( <a href="#">1965Br37</a> ), 0.81 6 ( <a href="#">1966Ts01</a> ), 0.776 13 ( <a href="#">1967Br21</a> ), 0.825 11 ( <a href="#">1968BoZX</a> ), 0.810 10 ( <a href="#">1969Br29</a> ), 0.825 16 ( <a href="#">1969Fo01</a> ), 0.788 16 ( <a href="#">1969GuZV</a> ), 0.770 20 ( <a href="#">1972Er08</a> ), 0.829 5 [H. H. Hansen et al., report eur-5038e (1973)], 0.811 3 (average of 2 values in <a href="#">1975De17</a> , and in the analysis the uncertainty was increased to 0.0037 to reduce its relative weight to 50%), and 0.789 14 ( <a href="#">1976Ho04</a> ). The reduced- $\chi^2 = 2.88$ and the fit is dominated by the Hansen et al. and <a href="#">1975De17</a> values. $\delta$ : weighted av of -0.12 2 ( <a href="#">1976Kr01</a> ) and -0.09 4 ( <a href="#">1965Co18</a> ).
756.725 12	54.38 22	756.728	7/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	9/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	+0.14 5	0.00142	$\alpha(\text{K})\exp=0.00145~15$ $\alpha(\text{K})=0.00120; \alpha(\text{L})=0.000133$

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**$^{95}\text{Zr}$   $\beta^-$  decay    1999BeZS,1999BeZQ (continued)** $\gamma(^{95}\text{Nb})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma^\dagger$	$E_i$ (level)	Comments
		$I_\gamma$ : from $100.0 = I_{\gamma+\text{ce}}(756) + I_{\gamma+\text{ce}}(724) + I_{\beta-}(235) + I_{\beta-}(0)$ with $I_{\beta-}(235) = 1.08$ 7, $I_{\beta-}(0) = 0.0010$ 3, $I_\gamma(724)/I_\gamma(756) = 0.814$ 4, $\alpha(724) = 0.00157$ 4, and $\alpha(756)=0.00142$ 3. $\delta$ : weighted av of +0.16 6 ( <a href="#">1976Kr01</a> ) and +0.08 9 ( <a href="#">1965Co18</a> ).

<sup>†</sup> From [2000He14](#) for 724  $\gamma$ , for 756  $\gamma$  from [1978He21](#) scaled by 0.9999943 to [2000He14](#) energy scale, and from [1976Ho04](#) for 235  $\gamma$ .

<sup>‡</sup> From  $\alpha(K)\exp, \beta\gamma$  circular polarization, and  $\gamma(\theta)$ .

<sup>#</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

<sup>@</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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