

**$^{95}\text{Ag}$  IT decay (<40 ms)    2003Do09**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	S. K. Basu, G. Mukherjee, A. A. Sonzogni		NDS 111, 2555 (2010)	30-Jun-2009

Parent:  $^{95}\text{Ag}$ : E=4860.03 24;  $J^\pi=(37/2^+)$ ;  $T_{1/2}<40$  ms; %IT decay=100.0

$^{95}\text{Ag}$  isomers produced in  $^{58}\text{Ni}(^{40}\text{Ca},\text{p}2n\gamma)$  reaction at 3.94 MeV/A, and separated by GSI on-line mass separator. Measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\beta\gamma\gamma$  coin and lifetimes using an array of 13 Ge crystals (a Cluster of 7 crystals, a Clover of 4 crystals, a single Ge detector and a LEPS detector). The positrons were measured with a plastic scintillator.

$\alpha$ : Additional information 1.

 $^{95}\text{Ag}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$	$T_{1/2}^\dagger$
0.0	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )	1.85 s 34
822.60 9	(11/2 <sup>+</sup> )	
936.51 9	(13/2 <sup>+</sup> )	
1939.71 10	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )	
2103.51 14	(17/2 <sup>-</sup> )	
2531.31 17	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )	<16 ms
2690.11 20	(25/2 <sup>+</sup> )	
3984.62 22	(29/2 <sup>+</sup> )	
4860.03 24	(37/2 <sup>+</sup> )	<40 ms

$^\dagger$  Deduced from intensity distribution of  $\gamma$ -ray versus time as measured in grow-in mode.

 $\gamma(^{95}\text{Ag})$ 

$I\gamma$  normalization: From  $\Sigma (I\gamma + ce) = 100$  to g.s..

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma^\dagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$\alpha$	Comments
158.8 1	60 10	2690.11	(25/2 <sup>+</sup> )	2531.31	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )	(M1+E2)	0.20 9	$ce(K)/(y+ce)=0.14$ 5; $ce(L)/(y+ce)=0.023$ 12; $ce(M)/(y+ce)=0.0043$ 24; $ce(N)/(y+ce)=0.0007$ 4; $ce(O)/(y+ce)=2.3\times 10^{-5}$ 7 $\alpha(K)=0.16$ 7; $\alpha(L)=0.027$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.005$ 3; $\alpha(N)=0.0009$ 5; $\alpha(O)=2.7\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(N+..)=0.0009$ 5
163.8 1	106 11	2103.51	(17/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1939.71	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )	(E1)	0.0391	Mult.: expected from shell-model; also, because $I\gamma(158.8)$ is about 73 % of $I\gamma(1294.5)$ , transition can only be dipole or E2. $ce(K)/(y+ce)=0.0328$ 5; $ce(L)/(y+ce)=0.00393$ 6; $ce(M)/(y+ce)=0.000741$ 11; $ce(N)/(y+ce)=0.0001267$ 18 $ce(O)/(y+ce)=5.42\times 10^{-6}$ 8 $\alpha(K)=0.0341$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.00408$ 6; $\alpha(M)=0.000770$ 11; $\alpha(N)=0.0001317$ 19; $\alpha(O)=5.63\times 10^{-6}$ 8 $\alpha(N+..)=0.0001373$ 20
427.8 1	115 8	2531.31	(23/2 <sup>+</sup> )	2103.51	(17/2 <sup>-</sup> )	(E3)	0.0311	Mult.: expected from shell-model, also, because $I\gamma(163.8)$ is very similar to $I\gamma(427.8)$ , transition can only be dipole. $ce(K)/(y+ce)=0.0249$ 4; $ce(L)/(y+ce)=0.00423$ 6; $ce(M)/(y+ce)=0.000822$ 12;

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

**$^{95}\text{Ag}$  IT decay (<40 ms)    2003Do09 (continued)** **$\gamma(^{95}\text{Ag})$  (continued)**

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma^\dagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$\alpha$	Comments
822.6 <i>I</i>	36 8	822.60	(11/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )			ce(N)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.0001372 20 ce(O)/( $\gamma+ce$ )= $4.33 \times 10^{-6}$ 6 $\alpha(K)=0.0257$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.00437$ 7; $\alpha(M)=0.000847$ 12; $\alpha(N)=0.0001415$ 20; $\alpha(O)=4.47 \times 10^{-6}$ 7 $\alpha(N+..)=0.0001459$ 21 Mult.: expected from shell-model, supported by a reasonable value of $B(E3)(W.u.)>0.052$ .
875.4 <i>I</i>	76 7	4860.03	(37/2 <sup>+</sup> )	3984.62	(29/2 <sup>+</sup> )	(E4)	0.00678 <i>10</i>	Mult.: M1+E2 assignment according to shell-model calculations. $\alpha(K)=0.00574$ 8; $\alpha(L)=0.000847$ 12; $\alpha(M)=0.0001633$ 23; $\alpha(N)=2.77 \times 10^{-5}$ 4 $\alpha(O)=1.067 \times 10^{-6}$ 15; $\alpha(N+..)=2.88 \times 10^{-5}$ 4 Mult.: expected from shell-model, supported by a reasonable value of $B(E4)(W.u.)>28$ .
936.5 <i>I</i>	80 9	936.51	(13/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0	(9/2 <sup>+</sup> )			Mult.: E2 assignment according to shell-model calculations.
1003.2 <i>I</i>	70 8	1939.71	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )	936.51	(13/2 <sup>+</sup> )			Mult.: M1+E2 assignment according to shell-model calculations.
1117.1 <i>I</i>	40 10	1939.71	(15/2 <sup>+</sup> )	822.60	(11/2 <sup>+</sup> )			Mult.: E2 assignment according to shell-model calculations.
1294.5 <i>I</i>	82 7	3984.62	(29/2 <sup>+</sup> )	2690.11	(25/2 <sup>+</sup> )			Mult.: E2 from shell-model calculation.

<sup>†</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.82 9.

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