

⁵⁸Ni(⁴⁰Ca,α2pnγ) **1993Ar02**

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Coral M. Baglin	NDS 114, 1293 (2013)	1-Sep-2013

1993Ar02: E(⁴⁰Ca)=187 MeV; 99.7% ⁵⁸Ni target, NORDBALL array (15 HPGe detectors), 11 liquid-scintillator n detectors, 21-element Si ball for charged particle detection; measured E_γ, I_γ, γ anisotropy ratio [=2I_γ(143°)/(I_γ(79°)+I_γ(101°))], γγ coin.

⁹¹Ru Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [‡]	Comments
0.0	(9/2 ⁺)	
973.3	(13/2 ⁺)	
1871.5	(17/2 ⁺)	
1892.7	(13/2 ⁻)	
2199.4	(17/2 ⁻)	
2253.2	(15/2 ⁻)	E(level): for adopted order of 361γ and 155γ; order could not be established by 1993Ar02 .
2368.5	(21/2 ⁺)	
2408.6	(17/2 ⁻)	
2708.3	(19/2 ⁻)	E(level): for adopted order of 300γ and 845γ; order could not be established by 1993Ar02 .
2984.3	(23/2 ⁺)	
3163.4	(21/2 ⁻)	
3191.4	(25/2 ⁺)	
3553.4	(23/2 ⁻)	
3632.3	(25/2 ⁺)	
3968.5	(27/2 ⁺)	
4034.3	(25/2 ⁻)	
4150.2	(29/2 ⁺)	
4378.0	(27/2 ⁻)	
4990.1	(31/2 ⁻)	
5107.5	(33/2 ⁺)	
5960.2	(35/2 ⁺)	E(level): for adopted order of 853γ and 123γ; order could not be established by 1993Ar02 .
5994.4	(35/2 ⁻)	
6083.1	(37/2 ⁺)	
6311	(37/2 ⁻)	
6919	(41/2 ⁻)	
7197	(39/2 ⁻)	
7513	(41/2 ⁺)	
8146	(43/2 ⁻ ,45/2 ⁻)	
9627	(45/2 ⁻ to 49/2 ⁻)	

[†] From least-squares fit to E_γ, allowing equal weight for each γ.

[‡] Authors' values; based on measured γ anisotropy ratios, and the assumptions that essentially all levels deexcite to levels having equal or lower spin and that crossover transitions usually have mult=E2. Note that J values for π=- levels with E>4500 exceed those in Adopted Levels, because the 608γ and 612γ are interpreted as ΔJ=2 (rather than ΔJ=1) transitions by [1993Ar02](#).

γ(⁹¹Ru)

E _γ [†]	I _γ [‡]	E _i (level)	J _i ^π	E _f	J _f ^π	Mult. [#]	Comments
123.4	6.9 10	6083.1	(37/2 ⁺)	5960.2	(35/2 ⁺)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.1 3.
155.4	11.2 11	2408.6	(17/2 ⁻)	2253.2	(15/2 ⁻)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.88 15.
181.8	13.3 12	4150.2	(29/2 ⁺)	3968.5	(27/2 ⁺)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.73 10.
207.1		3191.4	(25/2 ⁺)	2984.3	(23/2 ⁺)		I _γ : 33.8 21 for 207.1γ+209.1γ doublet (1993Ar02).
209.1		2408.6	(17/2 ⁻)	2199.4	(17/2 ⁻)		I _γ : 33.8 21 for 207.1γ+209.1γ doublet.
299.6	13.6 11	2708.3	(19/2 ⁻)	2408.6	(17/2 ⁻)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.91 14.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

⁵⁸Ni(⁴⁰Ca, α 2pn γ) **1993Ar02 (continued)**

γ (⁹¹Ru) (continued)

E_γ †	I_γ ‡	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. #	Comments
306.7	3.4 10	2199.4	(17/2 ⁻)	1892.7	(13/2 ⁻)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.1 5.
317.0	18.0 19	6311	(37/2 ⁻)	5994.4	(35/2 ⁻)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.69 14.
327.8	30.4 17	2199.4	(17/2 ⁻)	1871.5	(17/2 ⁺)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.26 10; interpreted by authors as a $\Delta J=0$ transition.
336.3	6.3 18	3968.5	(27/2 ⁺)	3632.3	(25/2 ⁺)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.94 27.
343.6	18.9 15	4378.0	(27/2 ⁻)	4034.3	(25/2 ⁻)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.79 11.
360.5	9.2 14	2253.2	(15/2 ⁻)	1892.7	(13/2 ⁻)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.53 15.
390.2	11.4 15	3553.4	(23/2 ⁻)	3163.4	(21/2 ⁻)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.87 18.
497.0	56 3	2368.5	(21/2 ⁺)	1871.5	(17/2 ⁺)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.61 15.
608.0	15.7 15	6919	(41/2 ⁻)	6311	(37/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.47 22. Note that this transition is assigned as $\Delta J=1$ in Adopted Gammas.
612.1	36.6 21	4990.1	(31/2 ⁻)	4378.0	(27/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.66 15. Note that adopted mult(612 γ)=D+Q.
615.7	28.1 20	2984.3	(23/2 ⁺)	2368.5	(21/2 ⁺)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.81 8.
647.8	4.0 10	3632.3	(25/2 ⁺)	2984.3	(23/2 ⁺)		
777.2	10.0 15	3968.5	(27/2 ⁺)	3191.4	(25/2 ⁺)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.65 17.
822.8	9.5 20	3191.4	(25/2 ⁺)	2368.5	(21/2 ⁺)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.2 5.
824.7	20.0 22	4378.0	(27/2 ⁻)	3553.4	(23/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.50 25.
844.9	10.1 20	3553.4	(23/2 ⁻)	2708.3	(19/2 ⁻)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.2 4.
852.7	8.4 15	5960.2	(35/2 ⁺)	5107.5	(33/2 ⁺)	D	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 0.78 24.
870.8	23.9 21	4034.3	(25/2 ⁻)	3163.4	(21/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.9 3.
898.2	93 5	1871.5	(17/2 ⁺)	973.3	(13/2 ⁺)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.42 10.
919.4	11.5 20	1892.7	(13/2 ⁻)	973.3	(13/2 ⁺)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.6 4; interpreted by authors as a $\Delta J=0$ transition.
957.3	30 4	5107.5	(33/2 ⁺)	4150.2	(29/2 ⁺)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.6 5.
958.7	31 4	4150.2	(29/2 ⁺)	3191.4	(25/2 ⁺)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.3 3.
964.2	25.0 24	3163.4	(21/2 ⁻)	2199.4	(17/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.7 3.
973.3	100 3	973.3	(13/2 ⁺)	0.0	(9/2 ⁺)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.47 9.
975.6	9.2 15	6083.1	(37/2 ⁺)	5107.5	(33/2 ⁺)		
1004.3	36.0 25	5994.4	(35/2 ⁻)	4990.1	(31/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.46 16.
1203.0	15.1 21	7197	(39/2 ⁻)	5994.4	(35/2 ⁻)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.4 3.
1226.7	17 3	8146	(43/2 ⁻ ,45/2 ⁻)	6919	(41/2 ⁻)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.0 3.
1263.9	6.6 14	3632.3	(25/2 ⁺)	2368.5	(21/2 ⁺)		
1430.2	9.6 19	7513	(41/2 ⁺)	6083.1	(37/2 ⁺)	Q	Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.5 5.
1481.2	7.5 17	9627	(45/2 ⁻ to 49/2 ⁻)	8146	(43/2 ⁻ ,45/2 ⁻)		Anisotropy ratio (1993Ar02): 1.3 4.
^x 1701.0	2.8 8						
^x 1731.5	3.8 10						
^x 2299.8	2.5 9						

† $\Delta E_\gamma=0.2-1.0$ keV, depending on energy and intensity.

‡ Photon intensity relative to I(974 γ)=100 (1993Ar02).

Based on measured γ anisotropy ratio; expected values are ≈ 1.4 for stretched Q (or D $\Delta J=0$), ≈ 0.8 for stretched D.

^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

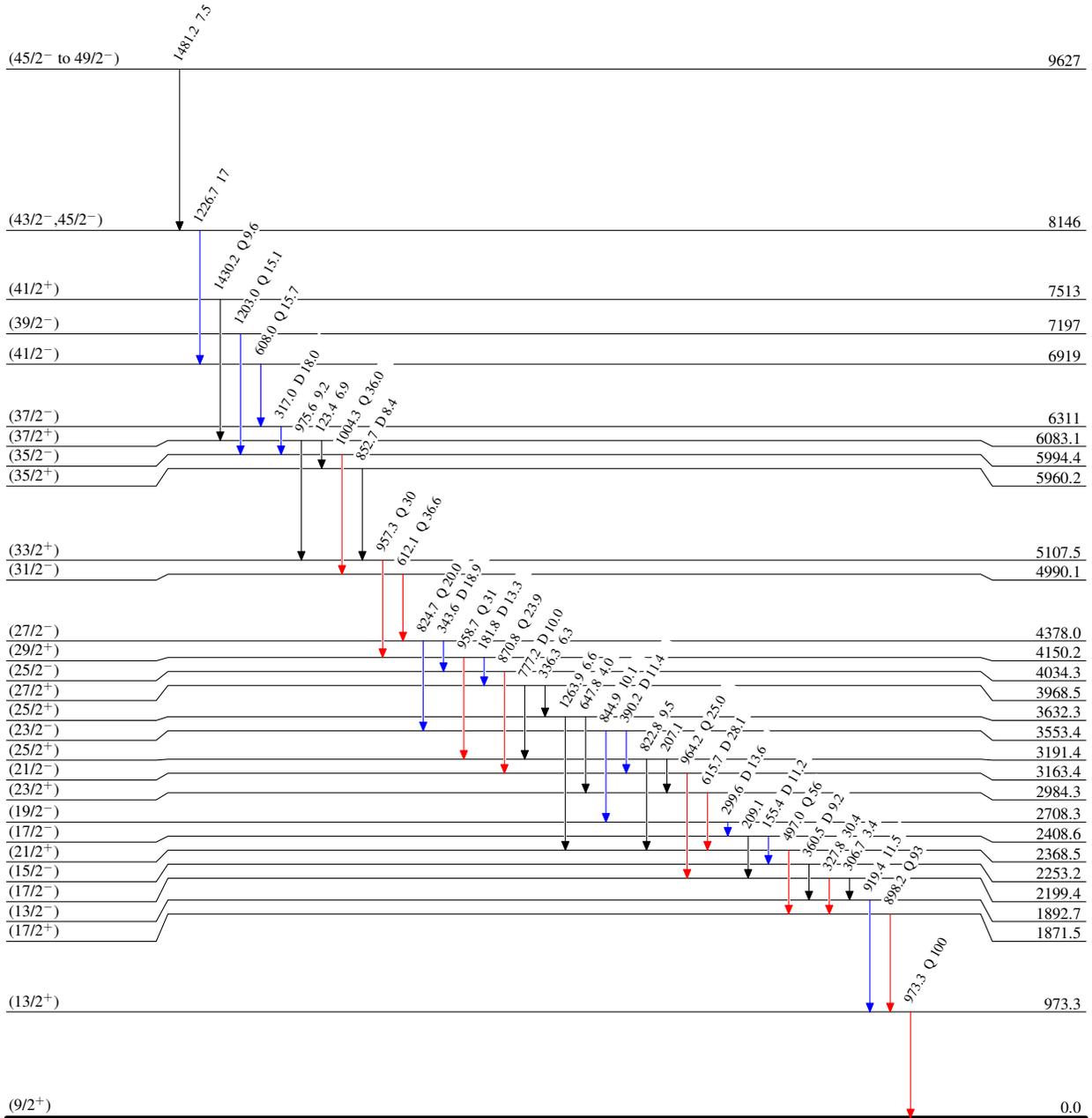
$^{58}\text{Ni}(^{40}\text{Ca},\alpha 2\text{pn}\gamma)$ 1993Ar02

Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative I_γ

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$



$^{91}_{44}\text{Ru}_{47}$