### $^{58}$ Ni( $^{36}$ Ar,2p2n $\gamma$ ) 1994He09

History

Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date	
Full Evaluation	S. K. Basu, E. A. Mccutchan	NDS 165, 1 (2020)	1-Mar-2020	

1994He09:  $^{58}$ Ni( $^{36}$ Ar,2p2n $\gamma$ ), E=149 MeV. 99.98% enriched  $^{58}$ Ni target. Measured  $\gamma$  rays using the OSIRIS array of 12 Compton-suppressed hyperpure germanium detectors. Measured E $\gamma$ , I $\gamma$ , n $\gamma\gamma$  coin, p $\gamma\gamma$  coin. Charge-particle and neutron detectors:  $\Delta$ E silicon surface barrier for protons, NE213 for neutrons.

#### 90Ru Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^{\pi \ddagger}$	Comments
0.0	0+	
738.00 <i>10</i>	$(2^{+})$	
1638.11 <i>14</i>	$(4^{+})$	
2584.3 <i>3</i>	(6 <sup>+</sup> )	E(level): This level has been omitted from Adopted Levels; instead a level at 2524.5 keV has been adopted based on more extensive measurement in $^{58}$ Ni( $^{40}$ Ca, $^{2}\alpha\gamma$ ) dataset.
3096.2 4	(8+)	E(level): This level has been omitted from Adopted Levels; instead a level at 3037.7 keV has been adopted based on more extensive measurement in $^{58}$ Ni( $^{40}$ Ca, $^{2}\alpha\gamma$ ) dataset.
3981.8 7	$(10^+)$	
4957.4 8	$(12^+)$	
5730.4 <i>13</i>	$(13^+,14^+)$	
6097.4 <i>16</i>	$(15^+)$	
6387.9 <i>19</i>	$(16^+)$	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Deduced by evaluators from a least-squares fit to  $\gamma$ -ray energies.

## γ(<sup>90</sup>Ru)

$E_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	$I_{\gamma}$	$E_i(level)$	$\mathbf{J}_i^{\pi}$	$\mathbb{E}_f$	$\mathbf{J}_f^{\pi}$	Comments
290.5 10	22 3	6387.9	$(16^+)$	6097.4	$(15^+)$	
367.0 10	24 3	6097.4	$(15^{+})$	5730.4	$(13^+,14^+)$	
511.9 <i>3</i>	64 8	3096.2	(8+)	2584.3	$(6^+)$	
738.0 <i>1</i>	100 12	738.00	$(2^{+})$	0.0	$0^{+}$	
773.0 10	26 4	5730.4	$(13^+,14^+)$	4957.4	$(12^{+})$	
885.6 <i>5</i>	39 7	3981.8	(10+)	3096.2	(8+)	$E_{\gamma}$ : This $\gamma$ -ray has been interchanged with 946.2 keV $\gamma$ -ray by 2004Bu13 in $^{58}$ Ni( $^{40}$ Ca,2 $\alpha\gamma$ ) dataset from intensity consideration and placed below 512.2 keV $\gamma$ -transition.
900.1 <i>1</i>	90 14	1638.11	$(4^{+})$	738.00	$(2^{+})$	•
946.2 3	73 11	2584.3	(6 <sup>+</sup> )	1638.11	(4 <sup>+</sup> )	$E_{\gamma}$ : This $\gamma$ -ray has been interchanged with 885.6 keV $\gamma$ -ray by 2004Bu13 in $^{58}$ Ni( $^{40}$ Ca,2 $\alpha\gamma$ ) dataset from intensity consideration and placed above 512.2 keV $\gamma$ -transition.
975.6 <i>5</i>	35 5	4957.4	$(12^+)$	3981.8	$(10^+)$	,

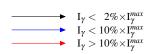
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Uncertainties in E $\gamma$  are 0.1-1.0 keV, depending on the  $\gamma$ -ray energy and intensity. Values for individual transitions are estimates assigned by the evaluators.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ddagger}$   $J^{\pi}$  values are from authors' assignments based on systematics in this mass region and shell-model calculations. The energies of the most intense  $\gamma$ -ray transitions are very similar to those in the isotone <sup>88</sup>Mo. Thus, the detected  $\gamma$  rays have been assumed to belong to a cascade connecting yrast states with even parity.

# <sup>58</sup>Ni(<sup>36</sup>Ar,2p2nγ) 1994He09

### Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative  $I_{\gamma}$ 



Legend

