

$^{87}\text{Y} \varepsilon$ decay (13.37 h) 1969Zo04,1967Mi13

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	T. D. Johnson and W. D. Kulp(a)		NDS 129, 1 (2015)	27-Jul-2015

Parent: ^{87}Y : E=380.82 7; $J^\pi=9/2^+$; $T_{1/2}=13.37$ h 3; $Q(\varepsilon)=1861.7$ 11; % ε +% β^+ decay=1.57 10

1969Zo04 and 1967Mi13 observed a β^+ branch a half-life of 13 h to the ground state of ^{87}Sr . 1971Ja24 did not observe this branch and suggest the reported β^+ 's are from the decay of 14.7 h ^{86}Y .

 ^{87}Sr Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]
0.0	$9/2^+$

[†] From ^{87}Sr Adopted Levels.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay) [†]	E(level)	I β^+ #	I ε #	Log ft	I($\varepsilon+\beta^+$) ^{‡#}	Comments
(2242.5 11)	0.0	0.75 5	0.82 6	7.44 3	1.57 11	av E β = 535.1 7; ε K= 0.4567 9; ε L= 0.05369 10; ε M+=0.011711 21

[†] Q=2172 40 keV from measured E $_{\beta^+}$ =1150 40 (1969Zo04). Other E $_{\beta^+}$ measurements: 1540 (1967Mi13), 1500 (1970Ak05). From the Q value, E $_{\beta^+}$ =1220.4 11.

[‡] From the logft systematics (1998Si17) and the data of 1969Zo04, one can obtain upper limits on the intensities of the ε branches to the excited levels in ^{87}Sr . From the logft systematics these limits are: 388-keV level, $1.0 \times 10^{-13}\%$; 873-keV level, $1.0 \times 10^{-10}\%$; 1228-keV level, $1.0 \times 10^{-4}\%$; 1253-keV level, 1.0%; and 1740-keV level, $2.0 \times 10^{-5}\%$. From the measurements of 1969Zo04, the branches to the 1228 and 1740 levels are <0.05%.

Absolute intensity per 100 decays.