

$^{86}\text{Rb}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (18.642 d) 1968A102

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Alexandru Negret, Balraj Singh		NDS 124, 1 (2015)	30-Nov-2014

Parent:  $^{86}\text{Rb}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=2^-$ ;  $T_{1/2}=18.642$  d 18;  $Q(\varepsilon)=518.65$  20;  $\% \varepsilon$  decay=0.0052 5

$^{86}\text{Rb}$ - $Q(\varepsilon)$ : From 2012Wa38.

$^{86}\text{Rb}$  decays 99.9948% by  $\beta^-$  decay.

1968A102:  $\varepsilon$  decay of  $^{86}\text{Rb}$  was observed by measuring the abundance of  $^{86}\text{Kr}$  produced in a pile-irradiated rubidium salt.

[Additional information 1.](#)

 $^{86}\text{Kr}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$
0	$0^+$

 $\varepsilon$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I_\varepsilon^\dagger$	Log $ft$	Comments
(518.65 20)	0	$5.2 \times 10^{-3}$ 5	$9.78^{1\mu}$ 5	$\varepsilon K=0.8633$ ; $\varepsilon L=0.11311$ 16; $\varepsilon M+=0.02362$ 4

$^\dagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays.