

^{85}Nb ε decay (3.3 s):? 2005Ka39

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 116, 1 (2014)	31-Dec-2013

Parent: ^{85}Nb : $E=69+y$; $J^\pi=(1/2^-, 3/2^-)$; $T_{1/2}=3.3$ s 9; $Q(\varepsilon)=6894$ 8; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay < 100.0

^{85}Nb - J^π , $T_{1/2}$: From ^{85}Nb Adopted Levels.

^{85}Nb - $Q(\varepsilon)$: From 2012Wa38.

^{85}Nb - $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay: 69γ is interpreted as isomeric transition, but its branching is unknown.

2005Ka39 (also 2005Ka46): Isomer in ^{85}Nb identified in $\text{Ni}(^{32}\text{S}, \text{X})$ reaction at 150-170 MeV. Measured γ , ce, ce(γ) coin, half-life. ISOL technique at IGISOL facility at Jyvaskyla and at ISOLDE/CERN.

 ^{85}Zr Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [†]
0	(7/2 ⁺)	7.86 min 4
292.2	(1/2 ⁻)	10.9 s 3

[†] From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{85}\text{Zr})$

E_γ	$E_i(\text{level})$	J^π_i	E_f	J^π_f	Mult.	α [†]	Comments
292.2	292.2	(1/2 ⁻)	0	(7/2 ⁺)	[E3]	0.0956	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0801$ 12; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.01289$ 19; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00227$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000303$ 5; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.424 \times 10^{-5}$ 21

[†] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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