

^{81}Kr ε decay (2.29×10^5 y) 1988Ax01

Type	Author	History	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Coral M. Baglin	NDS 109, 2257 (2008)	15-Aug-2008

Parent: ^{81}Kr : E=0; $J^\pi=7/2^+$; $T_{1/2}=2.29 \times 10^5$ y 11; $Q(\varepsilon)=280.8$ 5; % ε decay=100.0

Others: 1974Ch40, 1972ScYQ.

1988Ax01: ^{81}Kr from ^{81}Rb (4.576 h) decay; Ge, NaI and proportional counters; measured I(276γ), I(Br x rays), γ -x ray coin, M/L capture ratio.

1972ScYQ, 1974Ch11: ^{81}Kr from $^{80}\text{Kr}(n,\gamma)$, enriched target. Measured with Ge(Li) and Si(Li) (1972ScYQ), or proportional counter (1974Ch40).

 ^{81}Br Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]
0	$3/2^-$
275.991 11	$5/2^-$

[†] From E γ .

[‡] From Adopted Levels.

 ε radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	I ε [†]	Log ft	Comments
(4.8 5)	275.991	0.30 2	9.35 15	$\varepsilon L=0.69$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.31$ 3 I ε : from measured I(276γ)/I(Br K x ray)=0.30 2 (1988Ax01). E(decay): from measured $\varepsilon_M/\varepsilon_L=0.42$ 5, 1988Ax01 deduce E=4.7 5 assuming capture ratios from allowed decay theory are applicable to this highly hindered first forbidden nonunique transition.
(280.8 5)	0	99.70 2	11.014 ^{1u} 22	$\varepsilon K=0.84731$ 9; $\varepsilon L=0.12712$ 8; $\varepsilon M+=0.02557$ 2 I ε : 100% minus branch to 276 level (0.30% 2). E(decay): measured $\varepsilon L(\text{exp})/\varepsilon K(\text{exp})=0.146$ 5 (1974Ch40); this corresponds to the theoretical ratio for $Q(\varepsilon)=305 +35-29$.

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{81}\text{Br})$

I γ normalization: 0.00298 20 from measured ε branching to 276 level=0.30% 2 (1988Ax01) and adopted $\alpha(276\gamma)$. This conflicts with I γ normalization=0.036 4 implied by measured I(276γ)/I(K x-ray, Br)=0.068 8 (1972ScYQ), assuming fluorescence yield (Br)=0.618 19, K-capture to total-capture ratio=0.847, $\alpha=0.0112$.

E γ [†]	I γ [‡]	E i (level)	J_i^π	E f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	a [#]	Comments
275.990 11	100	275.991	$5/2^-$	0	$3/2^-$	M1+E2	-0.10 3	0.00816 15	$\alpha(K)=0.00724$ 13; $\alpha(L)=0.000781$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.0001242$ 23; $\alpha(N+..)=1.158 \times 10^{-5}$ 21 $\alpha(N)=1.158 \times 10^{-5}$ 21

[†] From 1972ScYQ.

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.00298 20.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

 ^{81}Kr ε decay (2.29×10^5 y) 1988Ax01 (continued) **$\gamma(^{81}\text{Br})$ (continued)**

Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

$^{81}\text{Kr} \varepsilon$ decay (2.29×10^5 y) 1988Ax01Decay SchemeIntensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays