

$^{79}\text{Cu} \beta^-$ decay (241.0 ms) 1991Kr15,2014Xu07

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	NDS 135, 193 (2016)	31-May-2016

Parent: ^{79}Cu : E=0.0; $T_{1/2}=241.0$ ms 32; $Q(\beta^-)=11530$ SY; $\% \beta^-$ decay=100.0

$^{79}\text{Cu-T}_{1/2}$: From ^{79}Cu Adopted Levels.

$^{79}\text{Cu-J}^\pi$: ($5/2^-$) from systematics and shell-model predictions ([2012Sr02](#),[2010Da06](#),[2010Si11](#)).

$^{79}\text{Cu-Q}(\beta^-)$: 11530 400 (syst,[2012Wa38](#)).

Measured $T_{1/2}$, $\% \beta^-$ n.

The isotope produced by $^{238}\text{U}(p,X)$ E=600 MeV reaction followed by chemical (thermochromatographic) and mass separation techniques. [1995En07](#) use $^9\text{Be}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$ reaction at 750 MeV/nucleon followed by TOF and magnetic methods to identify ^{79}Cu .

[2014Xu07](#): measured half-life of ^{79}Cu .

[2012Ko29](#) (also [2009Gr06](#)): decay of ^{79}Cu by delayed-neutron branch to first 2^+ level in ^{78}Zn .

[2010Ho12](#): measured half-life of ^{79}Cu and $\% \beta^-$ n.

Level scheme and gamma-ray information are not available.

 ^{79}Zn Levels

E(level)	J $^\pi$	Comments
0	9/2 $^+$	It is assumed that the g.s. is populated in this decay.
4020+x		S(n)(^{79}Zn)=4020.4 30 (2012Wa38), x<7510 keV, from $Q(\beta^-)(^{79}\text{Cu})-\text{S}(n)(^{79}\text{Zn})$.

 β^- radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	I β^- [†]	Comments
(3755 [‡] SY)	4020+x	66 I2	I β^- : $\% \beta^-$ n=66 I2 (from ^{79}Cu Adopted Levels).

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

[‡] Estimated for a range of levels.