

$^{75}\text{Ge } \beta^- \text{ decay (47.7 s) }$     1976Bh04

Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Alexandru Negret, Balraj Singh	NDS 114, 841 (2013)	30-Jun-2013

Parent:  $^{75}\text{Ge}$ : E=139.68 3;  $J^\pi=7/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=47.7$  s 5;  $Q(\beta^-)=1177.2$  9;  $\% \beta^- \text{ decay}=0.030$  6

$^{75}\text{Ge-E,J}^\pi,\text{T}_{1/2}$ : From  $^{75}\text{Ge}$  Adopted Levels.

$^{75}\text{Ge-Q}(\beta^-)$ : From 2012Wa38.

$\% \text{IT decay}=99.97\%$ ;  $\% \beta^- \text{ decay}=0.03$ .

1976Bh04: measured G.

Other: 1982BaZP propose a new level at 971.7 fed by a  $\beta^-$  branch and a level at 304.

1970Me20: measured G.

 $^{75}\text{As Levels}$ 

The level proposed (1982BaZP) at 971.7 is omitted here due to lack of confirmation in any other study of  $^{75}\text{As}$  levels.

E(level)	$J^\pi \dagger$
0.0	$3/2^-$
198.5 8	$1/2^-$
264.44 18	$3/2^-$
279.34 16	$5/2^-$
303.8? 8	$9/2^+$
400.45 17	$5/2^+$

$\dagger$  From Adopted Levels.

 $\beta^- \text{ radiations}$ 

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^- \dagger$	Log ft	Comments
(916.4 9)	400.45	0.030 6	6.21 13	av $E\beta=324.38$ 39

$\dagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{75}\text{As})$ 

$I\gamma$  normalization: deduced from  $\gamma$  intensities assuming  $\beta^-$  feeding to the 400 level only (1976Bh04) with  $\% \beta^- = 0.030$  6.

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma \ddagger &$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. @	$\delta @$	$\alpha^a$	Comments
24.4#		303.8?	$9/2^+$	279.34	$5/2^-$	M2+(E3)	0.013 13	205 5	$\alpha(K)=165.6$ 24; $\alpha(L)=33.3$ 22; $\alpha(M)=5.2$ 4; $\alpha(N)=0.364$ 17
66.10 $\dagger$		264.44	$3/2^-$	198.5	$1/2^-$	M1+E2	+0.066 19	0.298 11	$\alpha(K)=0.264$ 9; $\alpha(L)=0.0296$ 14; $\alpha(M)=0.00452$ 22; $\alpha(N)=0.000336$ 14
121.15 10	0.013 6	400.45	$5/2^+$	279.34	$5/2^-$	E1		0.0417	$\alpha(K)=0.0372$ 6; $\alpha(L)=0.00388$ 6; $\alpha(M)=0.000588$ 9; $\alpha(N)=4.37 \times 10^{-5}$ 7
136.01 8	0.052 11	400.45	$5/2^+$	264.44	$3/2^-$	E1		0.0295	$\alpha(K)=0.0263$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.00274$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.000415$ 6; $\alpha(N)=3.10 \times 10^{-5}$ 5

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

**$^{75}\text{Ge}$   $\beta^-$  decay (47.7 s)    1976Bh04 (continued)** $\gamma(^{75}\text{As})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>@</sup>	$\delta^{\text{@}}$	$\alpha^a$	Comments
198.60 <sup>†</sup>		198.5	1/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1+E2	0.389 17	0.0208 6	$\alpha(K)=0.0184\ 5; \alpha(L)=0.00202\ 6;$ $\alpha(M)=0.000307\ 9; \alpha(N)=2.28\times 10^{-5}$ 7
264.60 <sup>†</sup>		264.44	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1+E2	-0.07 2	0.00718 11	$\alpha=0.00718\ 11; \alpha(K)=0.00639\ 10;$ $\alpha(L)=0.000675\ 11; \alpha(M)=0.0001030$ 16; $\alpha(N)=7.83\times 10^{-6}$
279.48 20	0.011 5	279.34	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1+E2	-0.49 3	0.0084 3	$\alpha=0.0084\ 3; \alpha(K)=0.00751\ 23;$ $\alpha(L)=0.000807\ 25; \alpha(M)=0.000123$ 4; $\alpha(N)=9.2\times 10^{-6}$ 3
303.9 <sup>#</sup>		303.8?	9/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	E3		0.0538	$\alpha(K)=0.0469\ 7; \alpha(L)=0.00592\ 9;$ $\alpha(M)=0.000899\ 13;$ $\alpha(N)=6.30\times 10^{-5}$ 9
400.20 25	0.010 5	400.45	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	3/2 <sup>-</sup>	E1		0.001346 19	$\alpha=0.001346\ 19; \alpha(K)=0.001202\ 17;$ $\alpha(L)=0.0001241\ 18;$ $\alpha(M)=1.89\times 10^{-5}$ 3; $\alpha(N)=1.432\times 10^{-6}$

<sup>†</sup> From decay of  $^{75}\text{Ge}$  (82.78 min).  $I_\gamma$  is not given.<sup>‡</sup> Relative to  $I_\gamma(140\gamma)=100$  in IT decay.<sup>#</sup> Rounded value from Adopted Gammas.

@ From Adopted Gammas.

&amp; For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.39 8.

<sup>a</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

