⁷⁰Ge(p,p),(p,p'γ) 1979Te04,1972Ma64,1979Ra29

History							
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date				
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen	NDS 188,1 (2023)	17-Jan-2023				

1978Te03,1979Te04: E=4.95-5.19 MeV proton beams from the Ohio State University Van de Graaff accelerator. Scattered protons were detected with semiconductor detectors and γ rays were detected with NaI(Tl) detectors. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for elastic and inelastic scattering, p γ angular correlations and analyzing power measurements. Deduced spins.

1971Te05,1972Ma64: E=2.7-7.4 MeV, FWHM=3 keV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for elastic and inelastic scattering at θ =90°, 125° and 165°. 1979Ra29: E=3.5-5.3 MeV, FWHM=35-50 keV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$ for elastic scattering. Deduced levels, widths, L-transfers. Others: 1974Ba04, 1989E104.

Additional information 1.

⁷¹As Levels

$E(level)^{\dagger b}$	\mathbf{J}^{π}	T _{1/2}	L	Comments
8199 ^{&} 11		8 keV	1	$E(p)=3631 \ 10, \ \Gamma_p=0.3 \ \text{keV}.$
8381 ^{&} 11		7 keV	0	$E(p)=3815 \ 10, \ \Gamma_p=0.35 \ keV.$
8493 ^{&} 11			0,1	E(p)=3928 10, if L=0, Γ=10 keV, Γ_p =0.30 keV; if L=1, Γ=9 keV, Γ_p =0.45 keV.
8693 ^{‡&} 11		35 keV	0	E(p)=4131 10, Γ_p =4.65 keV. E(level): IAR of 1349 level in ⁷¹ Ge.
8912 ^{&} 11 8928 ^a		17 keV	0	E(p)=4353 10, Γ_p =0.8 keV. E(p)=4370.
9049 ^{&} 11 9066 ^a		12 keV	0	E(p)=4492 10, Γ_p =0.6 keV. E(p)=4510.
9160 ^{&} 11 9352 ^a		12 keV	0 0	E(p)=4605 10, Γ_p =0.55 keV. E(p)=4800.
9524 [@] 11	3/2 ^{-c}	18 keV		E(p)=4974 10, Γ_p =0.99 keV.
9559 [@] 11	1/2+°	17 keV		$E(p)=5010 \ 10, \ \Gamma_p=1.4 \ \text{keV}.$
9593 [@] 11	5/2+°	25 keV		$E(p)=5044 \ 10, \ \Gamma_p=0.8 \ \text{keV}.$
9601 ^{#@} 11	1/2+°	63 keV		$E(p)=5052 \ 10, \ \Gamma_p=21 \ \text{keV}.$
9617 [@] 11	1/2+ ^C	28 keV		$F(n)=5068 \ 10 \ \Gamma_{n}=1.1 \ keV$
9686 [@] 11	5/2+C	20 keV		$E(p) = 5000 \ Po, \ p = 1.1 \ ReV$
<i>J</i> 0000 <i>II</i>	5/2	21 KC V		E(level): IAR of 2278 level in 71 Ge.
9766 ^a			2	E(p)=5220.
9909 ^a			0	E(p)=5365.
10062 ^{<i>a</i>}			2	E(p) = 5520.
10485 ^a			0	E(p)=5950.
10594 ^a			0	E(p)=6060.
10761 ^{<i>a</i>}			2	E(p) = 6230.
10929 ^a			2	E(p) = 6400.
11037 ⁴			0	E(p)=6510.
11126 ⁴			0	E(p)=6600.
11816			0	E(p) = /300.

[†] S(p)+E(p)(c.m.), where S(p)=4620 4 (2021Wa16).

[±] Fine structure of this resonance has been measured by 1979Ra29 and five closely spaced resonances assigned L=0 and $J^{\pi}=1/2^+$. [#] Fine structure of this resonance has been reported by 1971Te05 who propose that it is composed of five closely spaced resonances of which four were assigned a $J^{\pi}=1/2^+$ and no J^{π} assigned for the fifth. The data of 1979Ra29 could reproduce the detailed shape of this broad resonance with the widths deduced by 1971Te05 at all angles. Statistical analysis of 1974Ba04 using high resolution elastic scattering data shows significant substructure at E(p)=4.97-5.06 MeV. The data of 1979Te04, collected

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⁷⁰Ge(p,p),(p,p'γ) **1979Te04,1972Ma64,1979Ra29** (continued)

⁷¹As Levels (continued)

using two NaI(Tl) detectors in Goldfarb-Seyler geometry, disagree and assign $1/2^+$ to only two resonances at E(p)=5.010 and 5.068 MeV casting doubt on this cluster of levels as an example of intermediate structure as proposed by 1971Te05.

- [@] Level parameters from 1978Te03, 1979Te04.
- [&] Level parameters from 1979Ra29.
- ^{*a*} From 1972Ma64.
- ^b Parent states of these IAR in ⁷¹Ge are identified assuming a Coulomb displacement energy of 10176 20 and where the J^{π} of both are known.
- ^c From $p\gamma(\theta)$ and analyzing power measurements (1979Te04).