

$^{70}\text{Cu}$   $\beta^-$  decay (6.6 s) 2004Va08

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	G. Gürdal, E. A. McCutchan		NDS 136, 1 (2016)	1-Jul-2016

Parent:  $^{70}\text{Cu}$ :  $E=242.6$  5;  $J^\pi=1^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=6.6$  s 2;  $Q(\beta^-)=6588.3$  22;  $\% \beta^-$  decay=93.2 9

$^{70}\text{Cu}$ - $\% \beta^-$  decay:  $\%IT=6.8$  9 (2004Va08).

2004Va08,2004Va07:  $^{70}\text{Cu}$  activity produced in proton ( $E(p)=1$  GeV) and neutron induced fission of uranium carbide and separated with the RILIS ion source followed by mass separation. Measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ ,  $\gamma(t)$ ,  $\beta\gamma$  and  $\gamma\gamma$  coincidences using three thin plastic  $\Delta E$  detectors and two HPGe detectors. See also thesis, 2002VaZX.

1975Re09:  $^{70}\text{Cu}$  activity from  $^{70}\text{Zn}(n,p)$ ,  $E(n)=14$  MeV. Measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ ,  $\gamma(t)$ ,  $E\beta$ ,  $I\beta$ ,  $\beta\gamma$  coincidences with a Ge(Li) detector, a NaI(Tl) detector and a  $\beta$  spectrometer consisting of a proportional counter backed by a plastic scintillator.

1971Ta03:  $^{70}\text{Cu}$  activity from  $^{70}\text{Zn}(n,p)$  with  $E(n)=14$  MeV. Measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$ ,  $E\beta$ ,  $I\beta$ ,  $\gamma(t)$ ,  $\beta\gamma$  and  $\gamma\gamma$  coincidences using two Ge(Li) detectors, a NaI(Tl) detector and a plastic scintillator.

Other: 1983Ru06, 1998Fr15.

A total energy release of  $\approx 6400$  keV is calculated for this decay scheme by the code RADLST, in agreement with the effective  $Q$  value of 6370 keV 60. However, the ground state  $\beta^-$  feeding is not determined and there is nearly a 3 MeV energy difference between the highest observed energy level and the  $Q$  value, indicating the decay scheme is incomplete.

$\alpha$ : [Additional information 1](#).

 $^{70}\text{Zn}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	$T_{1/2}$ <sup>‡</sup>
0.0	$0^+$	$\geq 3.8 \times 10^{18}$ y
884.95 8	$2^+$	3.65 ps 21
1070.80 9	$0^+$	3.90 ns 20
1759.33 10	$2^+$	1.32 ps 21
1957.15 13	$2^+$	
2140.36 22	$0^+$	
3635.16 23	$2^+$	

<sup>†</sup> From a least-squared fit to  $E\gamma$ , by evaluators.

<sup>‡</sup> From the Adopted Levels.

 $\beta^-$  radiations

1975Re09 measured a 6.09 MeV 16  $\beta^-$  branch with  $I\beta^-=46\%$  10 which they associate with ground state feeding and a 5.29 MeV 11  $\beta^-$  branch with  $I\beta^-=54\%$  10 which they associate with feeding to the 885-keV,  $2^+$  level. However, in 1998Fr15 determine a weak ground state  $\beta^-$  feeding based on  $^{68-74}\text{Ni}$  cross section measurements. If the 46% 10 value is used in their determination, the production rate for  $^{70}\text{Ni}$  would be doubled, a result which they state would be difficult to reconcile with the measured smooth cross sections for  $^{68-74}\text{Ni}$ .

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ <sup>†‡</sup>	Log $ft$	Comments
(3195.7 23)	3635.16	<3.8	>5.4	av $E\beta=1376.0$ 11
(4690.5 23)	2140.36	<7.9	>5.8	av $E\beta=2097.3$ 11
(4873.8 23)	1957.15	<16.8	>5.6	av $E\beta=2186.2$ 11
(5071.6 23)	1759.33	<10.1	>5.9	av $E\beta=2282.2$ 11
(5760.1 23)	1070.80	<3.1	>6.6	av $E\beta=2616.9$ 11
(5945.9 23)	884.95	<52	>5.5	av $E\beta=2707.3$ 11

<sup>†</sup> Deduced by the evaluators from  $\gamma$ -ray intensity balance. Total  $\beta$  feeding sums to 93.2%. Given as upper limits as ground state

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{70}\text{Cu}\beta^{-}$  decay (6.6 s) 2004Va08 (continued) $\beta^{-}$  radiations (continued)

feeding has not been determined. Note that corresponding values quoted in 2004Va08 sum to 100%.

‡ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{70}\text{Zn})$ 

$I_{\gamma}$  normalization: From  $\Sigma(I_{\gamma}+ce)$  to g.s.)=93.2 9. Value is an upper limit, as ground state  $\beta$ -feeding is unknown. See general comment on  $\beta^{-}$  radiations.

$I_{\gamma}(141.3\gamma, IT)/I_{\gamma}(884.88\gamma)=0.078 4$  (2004Va08).

$E_{\gamma}^{\dagger}$	$I_{\gamma}^{\ddagger\#}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^{\pi}$	$E_f$	$J_f^{\pi}$	Mult.‡	$\delta^{\ddagger}$	$\alpha$	Comments
185.85 3	3.3 2	1070.80	0 <sup>+</sup>	884.95	2 <sup>+</sup>	[E2]		0.0634	$\alpha(K)=0.0563 8$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.00613 9$ ; $\alpha(M)=0.000871 13$ ; $\alpha(N)=3.07\times 10^{-5} 5$
874.33 8	9.4 4	1759.33	2 <sup>+</sup>	884.95	2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	+0.75 15	$3.58\times 10^{-4} 9$	$\alpha(K)=0.000321 9$ ; $\alpha(L)=3.21\times 10^{-5} 9$ ; $\alpha(M)=4.61\times 10^{-6} 12$ ; $\alpha(N)=1.85\times 10^{-7} 5$
884.88 9	100 2	884.95	2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	0 <sup>+</sup>	E2		$3.97\times 10^{-4}$	$\alpha(K)=0.000356 5$ ; $\alpha(L)=3.58\times 10^{-5} 5$ ; $\alpha(M)=5.12\times 10^{-6} 8$ ; $\alpha(N)=2.04\times 10^{-7} 3$ $I_{\gamma}$ : other: 100 (1971Ta03).
1072.2 1	19.2 6	1957.15	2 <sup>+</sup>	884.95	2 <sup>+</sup>				
1255.4 2	9 1	2140.36	0 <sup>+</sup>	884.95	2 <sup>+</sup>	[E2]		$1.94\times 10^{-4}$	$\alpha(K)=0.0001573 22$ ; $\alpha(L)=1.570\times 10^{-5} 22$ ; $\alpha(M)=2.25\times 10^{-6} 4$ ; $\alpha(N)=9.05\times 10^{-8} 13$
1759.6 2	6.5 3	1759.33	2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	0 <sup>+</sup>	[E2]		$2.86\times 10^{-4}$	$\alpha(K)=7.92\times 10^{-5} 11$ ; $\alpha(L)=7.86\times 10^{-6} 11$ ; $\alpha(M)=1.127\times 10^{-6} 16$ ; $\alpha(N)=4.56\times 10^{-8} 7$
1875.8 2	4.3 2	3635.16	2 <sup>+</sup>	1759.33	2 <sup>+</sup>				$I_{\gamma}$ : other: 4 1 (1971Ta03).

† From 2004Va08.  $I_{\gamma}$  are normalized to  $I_{\gamma}(885\gamma)=100$ .

‡ From the Adopted Levels.

# For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by <0.884.

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## Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays

## Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- Coincidence

