### Adopted Levels

	History						
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date				
Full Evaluation	C. D. Nesaraja	ENSDF	31-Mar-2015				

 $Q(\beta^{-}) = -13680 SY; S(n) = 15740 SY; S(p) = -641 42; Q(\alpha) = -1600 90 2012Wa38, 2014De41$ 

 $\Delta Q(\beta^{-}) = 400, \ \Delta S(n) = 310 \ (syst, 2012Wa38).$ 

All values except S(p) are from 2012Wa38.

- S(p): from 2014De41. Others: -785 keV +34-40 (2011Ro18) with assumption of  $J^{\pi}(^{69}\text{Br g.s.})=3/2^{-}$ . This value was symmetrized to -790 keV 40 in 2012Wa38. For  $J^{\pi}(^{69}\text{Br g.s.})=5/2^{-}$ , 2011Ro18 estimated S(p)=-735 keV +58-72.
- 2011Ro18: <sup>69</sup>Br produced at the Coupled Cyclotron Facility of the National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory (NSCL) by a secondary beam consisting of <sup>69</sup>As (23.9%), <sup>70</sup>Se (66.7%) and <sup>71</sup>Br (9.4%) (produced in fragmentation of <sup>78</sup>Kr beam at E=140 MeV/nucleon with a <sup>9</sup>Be target) impinging on a polypropylene reaction target. Emitted protons were detected by the High Resolution Array (HIRA) with sixteen  $\Delta$ E-E telescopes, each configured with a double-sided silicon strip detector and backed by four CsI(Tl) crystals. Heavy projectile-like residues were detected in the focal plane of the S800 spectrograph, then identified by energy loss and time of flight. Measured protons in coincidence with <sup>68</sup>, <sup>69</sup>Se and <sup>67</sup>, <sup>68</sup>As,  $\Delta$ E, ToF, Q( $\beta^-$ )value. Deduced proton separation energy, mass excess. Monte Carlo simulation. Implications for the astrophysical rp-process.

1996Pf01: Searched for <sup>69</sup>Br in the fragmentation of <sup>78</sup>Kr projectile with 75 MeV/u on a <sup>58</sup>Ni target. Estimated  $T_{1/2}$  from the absence of <sup>69</sup>Br.

1995Bl06: Found no evidence for <sup>69</sup>Br in the fragmentation of <sup>78</sup>Kr beam at 73 MeV/u on a Ni target. Deduced that <sup>69</sup>Br is proton unbound by at least 450 keV to yield a  $T_{1/2}$  less than about 100 ns.

1995He39: Attempt to measure the  $\beta^+$  decay half-life of <sup>69</sup>Br in the fragmentation of <sup>78</sup>Kr at 70 MeV/u on a natural Ni target was not successful because of low count rate.

1995MoZV: searched for <sup>69</sup>Br in the fragmentation of a 75 MeV/u <sup>78</sup>Kr beam incident on a <sup>58</sup>Ni target. No events that could be attributed to <sup>69</sup>Br were observed.

1991Mo10: identified <sup>69</sup>Br activity in the fragmentation of <sup>78</sup>Kr beam at 65 MeV/u on an enriched <sup>58</sup>Ni target. However, the authors state that it is difficult to conclude from such a small number of events whether <sup>69</sup>Br has been in fact identified or whether the events are due to background processes.

1990Ro15: searched for the g.s. p decays of <sup>69</sup>Br using the <sup>40</sup>Ca(<sup>32</sup>S,p2n) reaction with  $E(^{32}S)=200$  MeV. No p groups that could be assigned to <sup>69</sup>Br were observed. If the production cross section of <sup>69</sup>Br is of the order of 150 microbarns, then <sup>69</sup>Br must have p half-life shorter than 300  $\mu$ s or longer than 30 ms.

1989Ho19: searched for p radioactivity of <sup>69</sup>Br using the <sup>40</sup>Ca( $^{32}$ S,p2n) reaction. Found no p radioactivity in the energy range 250-600 keV and a T<sub>1/2</sub> range of 10  $\mu$ s –100 ms and a production cross section lower limit of 1 microbarn.

Others: 1999Ja02, 1997Or04, 1989HoZG, 1989HoZQ, 1978BaYE, 1977JaZT.

## <sup>69</sup>Br Levels

#### Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

 $^{69}$ Kr  $\varepsilon$  decay (28 ms)

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^{\pi \dagger}$	T <sub>1/2</sub>	XREF	Comments	
0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	<24 ns	A	<ul> <li>%p=100</li> <li>J<sup>π</sup>: from 2014De41. Others: J<sup>π</sup>=(3/2<sup>-</sup>) in 2011Ro18 based on mirror symmetry with <sup>69</sup>Se, and (1/2<sup>-</sup>) in 2011Ro47 (also in 2012Au07).</li> <li>T<sub>1/2</sub>: from 1996Pf01. Others: &lt;100 ns (1995Bl06), ≈30 ns (1995MoZV).</li> <li>%p: <sup>69</sup>Br g.s. is unbound towards proton emission from observation of E(p)=641 keV 42 (2014De41) proton group from the decay of <sup>69</sup>Br g.s. to <sup>68</sup>Se g.s. Also 2011Ro47, in their experiment to observe beta-delayed proton emission from <sup>69</sup>Br g.s. did not find any evidence of delayed proton emission activity with an upper limit of 5%. 1996Pf01 had also found unbound nature of <sup>69</sup>Br g.s. based on upper limit of half-life deduced from expected cross section</li> </ul>	
0+x	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )		A	%p=100	

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# Adopted Levels (continued)

# <sup>69</sup>Br Levels (continued)

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^{\pi}$	XREF	Comments		
			E(level): from analysis of $\beta$ delayed proton spectrum of <sup>69</sup> Kr in 2014De41 with two closely spaced states decaying by protons. The analysis of the doublet peak was supported by shell model calculations.		
3153 55	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	A	<ul> <li>%p=100 T=3/2</li> <li>E(level): from proton decay with energy of 2939 keV 22 observed in correlation with 854γ from the first 2<sup>+</sup> state of <sup>68</sup>Se. Isobaric analog state (IAS) of <sup>69</sup>Kr in <sup>69</sup>Br.</li> <li>J<sup>π</sup>: IAS of <sup>69</sup>Kr g.s. of proposed J<sup>π</sup>=(5/2<sup>-</sup>) based on log <i>ft</i>=3.43 <i>11</i>, typical of that for superallowed β transitions.</li> </ul>		

<sup>†</sup> Assignments from 2014De41 with the level ordering based on results in 2014De41, 2011Ro18, and *pf*- shell model calculation.