
 $^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (243.93 d) 2006Be34

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 202,59 (2025)	25-Feb-2025

Parent: ^{65}Zn : E=0; $J^\pi=5/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=243.93$ d 9; $Q(\varepsilon+\beta^+)=1351.7$ 4; % $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay=100

$^{65}\text{Zn}-J^\pi, T_{1/2}$: From Adopted Levels of ^{65}Zn .

$^{65}\text{Zn}-Q(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$: From 2021Wa16.

Additional information 1.

2006Be34: measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, with a planar HPGe detector and X rays with a Si(Li) detector. Deduced absolute γ -ray emission probability for 1116γ from an international EUROMET exercise which includes results of nine participants. See also 2005BeZX.

2023Ha16: measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, X-rays with a Silicon Drift Detector centered inside the Modular Total Absorption Spectrometer (MTAS). Deduced electron capture branches proceeding through excited states versus those to the ground state.

2014Bo01: measured precise $E\gamma$ of 1115γ with a HPGe detector at Diakoniekrankenhaus Schwabisch Hall.

1972De24: ^{65}Zn source was prepared by electro-deposition onto a 10-20 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ thick VYNS foil. γ rays were detected with a NaI detector; X rays, electrons and β^+ particles were detected with a 4 π -proportional gas-flow counter. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $I\beta^+$, $\beta\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma(t)$. Deduced parent $T_{1/2}$, absolute γ -ray and β^+ emission probabilities.

2006Bo01: standardization of $^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon$ decay using $4\pi(\text{LS})\beta\gamma$ -coin at LNHB. Deduced $^{65}\text{Zn } T_{1/2}$.

2006Ko31: measured $T_{1/2}$, absolute γ -ray emission probability with $4\pi\beta\gamma$ -coin. 2006Ko31 is part of EUROMET exercise in 2006Be34 and the % $I\gamma$ result in 2006Ko31 has been taken into account in 2006Be34.

2005Iw01: measured absolute intensity of 1116γ using $4\pi\beta\gamma$ -coin. Participant of EUROMET exercise in 2006Be34 and the result is taken into account in 2006Be34.

2003Lu06: measured absolute intensity of 1116γ and $^{65}\text{Zn } T_{1/2}$ at LNHB. Participant of EUROMET exercise in 2006Be34.

1996Gr13: standardization of $^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon$ decay using $4\pi\beta\gamma$ -coin.

1994Al53: measured γ -ray emission probability relative to $I\gamma$ of 661.7γ from ^{137}Cs decay using Cd-Te detectors in situ γ spectrometer. $I\gamma(1115.6\gamma)/I\gamma(661.7\gamma)=0.89$ 6.

1994Ar22: measured E (K ray) and I(K X ray) with a Si(Li) detector at BESSY electron storage ring.

1994Le29: measured K β /K α ratio of X-ray emission probability.

1994So25, 1992Ba66: measured K-shell fluorescence yield.

1991Sy01: measured K-shell ionization probability of 2.2×10^{-3} 4 using a triple coincidence spectrometer.

1990Ku11: measured K/ β^+ ratio using single and coincidence counting with Ge(Li), Si(Li), NaI detectors.

1990Sc08: measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, x-ray, $4\pi\beta\gamma$ coincidences two Ge(Li) detectors for γ rays and a Si(Li) detector for β particles at PTB, Germany. Deduced absolute emission probability for 1116γ .

1988Av02, 1982Le31: search for axions.

1986Ca08: measured K α x ray, K β x ray, intensity ratio with a Si(Li) detector.

1984Bu34: measured ce with a magnetic spectrometer.

1983Nh02, 1983Na06: measured (K X-ray) γ -coin.

1979Da20: measured $\gamma(\theta,t)$ with a NaI detector.

1977Bo10: measured K/ β^+ ratios with NaI(Tl) detectors.

1973Po10: measured absolute intensity of 1116γ .

1970Me27: measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, I(ce) with a magnetic spectrometer.

1970Kr06: measured (X ray) γ -coin. Deduced L/K, M/L capture ratios.

1968Ba74: measured X rays. Deduced K X-ray emission rate, fluorescence yield.

1968Ha47: measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma(t)$ with NaI(Tl) and Ge(Li) detectors. Deduced parent $T_{1/2}$, K/ β^+ , ε decay branching ratios.

1968Le03: measured $E\gamma$ of 1115γ with a Ge(Li) detector.

1968Mc13: measured I(X ray). Deduced L/K capture ratio.

1968St05: measured $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin with NaI and Ge(Li) detector.

1967Bi03: measured $E\gamma$ of 1115γ with a Ge(Li) detector.

1967Mu15: measured $I\gamma$, I(X ray). Deduced K-shell capture probability, capture branching, fluorescence yield.

1967Ra03: measured $E\gamma$ of 1115γ with magnetic spectrometer and Ge(Li) detector.

1966Ha07: measured $\alpha(\text{exp})$, $\alpha(K)\text{exp}$ with a magnetic spectrometer.

1966Ra21: measured absolute intensity of 1116γ .

1965Le24: measured I(X ray). Deduced K- and L-shell capture probabilites.

1965Ma09: measured $E\gamma$ of 1115γ .

1963Ta04, 1963Ta19: measured I(K Xray), K/ β^+ .

$^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (243.93 d) 2006Be34 (continued)

1962Sh10: measured conversion coefficient of 1115γ .
 1962Oc02: measured L/K capture ratio.
 1962Kr01: measured K capture probability.
 1960Ri06: measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $E\beta$, parent $T_{1/2}$.
 1959Gi55: measured absolute intensity of 1116γ and positrons.
 1953Pe14: measured K/β^+ and conversion coefficient of 1116γ .
 1949Ma57: measured $E\beta^+$, $E\gamma$ with a magnetic spectrometer.
 Others: [1962Ta17](#), [1961Ko10](#), [1954Zw02](#).

 ^{65}Cu Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J^\pi{}^\ddagger$	$T_{1/2}{}^\ddagger$
0.0	$3/2^-$	
770.80 7	$1/2^-$	101 fs 6
1115.549 2	$5/2^-$	0.285 ps 11

[†] From Adopted Levels.

 ε, β^+ radiations

av $E\beta$: [Additional information 3](#).

$E(\text{decay})$	$E(\text{level})$	$I\beta^+{}^{\ddagger\dagger}$	$I\varepsilon{}^{\ddagger\dagger}$	$\text{Log } ft$	$I(\varepsilon+\beta^+){}^{\ddagger\dagger}$	Comments
(236.2 11)	1115.549	50.12 7	5.90 1	50.12 7	$\varepsilon K=0.87497 28; \varepsilon L=0.10703 20; \varepsilon M+=0.017994 71$ $I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$: from $\gamma+ce$ intensity balance.	
(1351.7 15)	0.0	1.45 3	48.43 6	7.45 1	49.88 7	av $E\beta=142.83 17; \varepsilon K=0.85547 60; \varepsilon L=0.09901 18;$ $\varepsilon M+=0.016534 64$ $E(\text{decay})$: measured value: 1347 2 from endpoint of β^+ spectrum=325 2 (1949Ma57). $I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$: from 100-% $I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$ to 1116 level). $I\beta^+$: measured value: 1.421 7 from the measured $I\gamma(511)=2.842\% 13$ which includes correction for annihilation in flight (2006Be34). Other measured values: 1.40 2 (2006Ko31), 1.46 2 (1972De24), 1.49 5 (1968Ha47), 1.40 4 (1963Ta04), 1.2 3 (1962Be28), 1.70 10 (1959Gi55), 1.74 2 (1953Pe14).

[Additional information 2](#).

K/β^+ ratio =30.15 from theory; measured 30.3 10 ([1990Ku11](#)), 30.7 11 ([1984ScZP](#)), 31.3 20 ([1977Bo10](#)), 28.8 5 ([1972De24](#)), 27.7 15 ([1968Ha47](#)), 30.3 12 ([1963Ta04](#)), 28.0 32 ([1953Pe14](#)).

$I(\varepsilon+\beta^+ \text{ to g.s.})/I(\varepsilon+\beta^+ \text{ to excited})=0.9684 13(\text{stat}) 13(\text{syst})$ ([2023Ha16](#)).

[†] From $I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$ and theoretical ε/β^+ ratio calculated by BetaShape.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

$^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (243.93 d) [2006Be34](#) (continued)

$\gamma(^{65}\text{Cu})$

Additional information 4.

%I(K x-ray)=38.87 22, from weighted average of several measurements in the EUROMET exercise ([2006Be34](#)). Others: 39.4 6 ([1963Ta19](#)), 39.27 26 ([1968Ha47](#)).

%I(K α X-ray)=34.6 3 ([1994Ar22](#)).

%I(annihilation)=2.842 13 ([2006Be34](#)). Others: 3.40 20 ([1959Gi55](#)), 2.4 6 ([1962Be28](#)), 2.88 15 ([1968Ha47](#)), 2.86 6 ([1972De24](#)), 2.84 4 ([1990Sc08](#)), 2.81 3 ([2006Ko31](#)).

									Comments
E_γ^\ddagger	$I_\gamma^\#$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ‡	δ^\ddagger	α^\dagger	
345.1 3	0.00253 18	1115.549	$5/2^-$	770.80	$1/2^-$	[E2]		0.00626 9	$\alpha(K)=0.00561\ 8; \alpha(L)=0.000574\ 8; \alpha(M)=8.04\times 10^{-5}\ 12$ $\alpha(N)=2.325\times 10^{-6}\ 33$ I_γ : deduced from $I_\gamma(344)/I_\gamma(1116)=5.07\times 10^{-5}\ 37$ in 2006Be34 . Other: 1968St05 report a measured ratio of $6.0\times 10^{-5}\ 6$.
770.7 1	0.00268 22	770.80	$1/2^-$	0.0	$3/2^-$	M1+E2	0.099 6	0.000384 5	$\alpha(K)=0.000345\ 5; \alpha(L)=3.41\times 10^{-5}\ 5; \alpha(M)=4.80\times 10^{-6}\ 7$ $\alpha(N)=1.470\times 10^{-7}\ 21$ I_γ : deduced from $I_\gamma(771)/I_\gamma(1116)=5.36\times 10^{-5}\ 44$ in 2006Be34 .
1115.539 2	50.12 7	1115.549	$5/2^-$	0.0	$3/2^-$	M1+E2	-0.34 5	0.0001833 27	$\alpha(K)=0.0001639\ 24; \alpha(L)=1.615\times 10^{-5}\ 24; \alpha(M)=2.271\times 10^{-6}\ 33$ $\alpha(N)=6.97\times 10^{-8}\ 10; \alpha(IPF)=9.62\times 10^{-7}\ 18$ I_γ : from 2000He14 recommendation, based on measured energy difference (1971He20) between this γ from $^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon$ decay and $E_\gamma=1087.6842\ 7$ from $^{198}\text{Au } \beta^-$ decay. Other: 1115.696 8 (2014Bo01), 1115.41 12 (1968Le03), 1115.5 5 (1968Ha47), 1115.37 10 (Ge(Li)) and 115.5 4 (magnetic spectrometer) (1967Ra03), 1115.51 7 (1967Bi03), 1115.3 13 (1965Ma09). I_γ : Weighted average of 50.08 6 (2023Ha16), 50.22 11 (2006Be34 , combining results of 9 participants in EUROMET exercise), 49.3 8 (1973Po10), 52.4 10 (1968Ha47), 51.3 15 (1966Ra21), 50.7 5 (1963Ta04), 51.3 30 (1959Gi55). Other: 46 (1946Go06); 50.75 10 (1972De24), 50.2 10 (1990Sc08), 49.76 21 (2003Lu06), 49.71 33 (2005Iw01), and 50.15 28 (2006Ko31) are superseded by EUROMET participants in 2006Be34 according to Table 1 and 3b of 2006Be34 .

Additional information 5.

α : From the theoretical tables of [1979Sc31](#), the internal pair formation coefficients are $\alpha_\pi(M1)\approx 1.2\times 10^{-6}$ and $\alpha_\pi(E2)\approx 1.6\times 10^{-6}$, so $\alpha_\pi(1116)\approx 1.3\times 10^{-6}$. This value is only 1% of the conversion coefficient, so it is negligible. Measured value: $\alpha(\text{exp})=1.70\times 10^{-4}\ 19$ ([1962Sh10](#)), $2.56\times 10^{-4}\ 29$ ([1953Pe14](#)).

$^{65}\text{Zn } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (243.93 d) 2006Be34 (continued)

$\gamma(^{65}\text{Cu})$ (continued)

[†] Additional information 6.

[‡] From Adopted Gammas. Supporting arguments from this dataset are given under comments where available.

[#] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

$^{65}\text{Zn} \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (243.93 d) 2006Be34Decay Scheme

Legend

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays