

⁶³Ga $\epsilon+\beta^+$ decay 1971GiZP,1970Du05

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
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Parent: ⁶³Ga: E=0.0; J^π=3/2⁻; T_{1/2}=32.1 s 5; Q($\epsilon+\beta^+$)=5666.3 20; % $\epsilon+\beta^+$ decay=100

⁶³Ga-J^π,T_{1/2}: From Adopted Levels of ⁶³Ga. T_{1/2} values from this dataset: 31.4 s 8 (1970Du05), 32.4 s 5 (1971GiZP).

⁶³Ga-Q($\epsilon+\beta^+$): From 2021Wa16.

1971GiZP (also 1971GiZS,1971GiZX same thesis): ⁶³Ca source was produced via ⁶⁴Zn(p,2n) with 30 MeV proton from the Michigan State University Sector-Focused Cyclotron. γ rays were detected with Ge(Li) detectors. Measured E γ , I γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, γ (t). Deduced levels, J, π , parent T_{1/2}, decay branching ratios, log ft. Comparisons with available data. See also 1974FiZF and 1973FiZT from the same lab for a measurement of end-point energy using a pilot-B plastic scintillator and the same source.

1970Du05 (also 1971DuZV thesis): ⁶³Ga source was produced via ⁶⁴Zn(p,2n) with 28 MeV proton beam from the AVF cyclotron of the "Vrije Universiteit" at Amsterdam. Irradiated foils were transported to the spectrometers, where γ rays were detected with Ge(Li) detectors. Measured E γ , I γ , γ (t). Deduced levels, J, π , parent T_{1/2}, decay branching ratios, log ft. Comparisons with available data.

This decay scheme is considered incomplete by the evaluator due to a large gap of about 4 MeV between Q-value=5665.3 20 and the highest observed level at E=1692, implying possible unobserved γ transitions from unobserved levels in this large gap.

⁶³Zn Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [‡]
0.0	3/2 ⁻
192.93 19	5/2 ⁻
247.89 19	1/2 ⁻
627.04 17	1/2 ⁻
637.05 19	3/2 ⁻
650.09 19	5/2 ⁻
1065.20 38	1/2 ⁻
1395.49 20	3/2 ⁻
1691.62 36	5/2 ⁻

[†] From a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies.

[‡] From Adopted Levels.

ϵ,β^+ radiations

The quoted decay intensities and log ft values should be considered as approximate due to incomplete decay scheme.

E(decay)	E(level)	I β^+ [‡]	I ϵ [‡]	Log ft	I($\epsilon+\beta^+$) ^{†‡}	Comments
(3974.7 23)	1691.62	3.5	0.09	5.3	3.6	av E β =1326.96 97; ϵ K=0.022818 46; ϵ L=0.0025154 51; ϵ M+=4.4747 $\times 10^{-4}$ 91
(4270.8 23)	1395.49	6.9	0.14	5.2	7.0	av E β =1467.88 96; ϵ K=0.017235 31; ϵ L=0.0018994 35; ϵ M+=3.3788 $\times 10^{-4}$ 62
(4601.1 23)	1065.20	2.6	0.04	5.9	2.6	av E β =1625.90 98; ϵ K=0.012963 22; ϵ L=0.0014282 24; ϵ M+=2.5405 $\times 10^{-4}$ 43
(5016.2 23)	650.09	5.2	0.06	5.8	5.3	av E β =1825.48 97; ϵ K=0.009383 14; ϵ L=0.0010335 15; ϵ M+=1.8383 $\times 10^{-4}$ 27
(5029.3 23)	637.05	11.3	0.12	5.4	11.4	av E β =1831.80 97; ϵ K=0.009293 14; ϵ L=0.0010235 15; ϵ M+=1.8206 $\times 10^{-4}$ 27
(5039.3 23)	627.04	8.2	0.09	5.6	8.3	av E β =1836.63 97; ϵ K=0.009225 14; ϵ L=0.0010160 15; ϵ M+=1.8072 $\times 10^{-4}$ 27
(5418.4 23)	247.89	2.7	0.022	6.3	2.7	av E β =2019.82 97; ϵ K=0.0070717 95; ϵ L=7.787 $\times 10^{-4}$ 11;

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{63}Ga $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay **1971GiZP,1970Du05** (continued)

 ε, β^+ radiations (continued)

<u>E(decay)</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u>$I\beta^+$</u> ‡	<u>$I\varepsilon$</u> ‡	<u>Log ft</u>	<u>$I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$</u> †‡	<u>Comments</u>
(5473.4 23)	192.93	4.7	0.036	6.0	4.7	$\varepsilon M+=1.3850\times 10^{-4}$ 19 av $E\beta=2046.47$ 97; $\varepsilon K=0.0068170$ 91; $\varepsilon L=7.506\times 10^{-4}$ 10; $\varepsilon M+=1.3351\times 10^{-4}$ 18
(5666.3 25)	0.0	<54	<0.37	>5.1	<54	av $E\beta=2140.01$ 97; $\varepsilon K=0.0060153$ 77; $\varepsilon L=6.6226\times 10^{-4}$ 84; $\varepsilon M+=1.1779\times 10^{-4}$ 15 $I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$: from $100-\Sigma I(\varepsilon+\beta^+$ to excited levels). Due to possible unobserved feedings to unobserved levels in the large energy gap between the highest observed level and Q-value, the quoted value here should be probably considered as an upper limit, while the feeding to g.s. is considered strong as allowed decay by the evaluator.

† From γ -ray intensity balance at each level for excited levels, assuming conversion electron intensities are negligible because of small conversion coefficients less than 1%.

‡ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

⁶³Ga ε+β⁺ decay **1971GiZP,1970Du05** (continued)

γ(⁶³Zn)

I_γ normalization: From measured I(γ[±])/I(627γ+637γ+650γ)=7.5 12 (1970Du05), where I(γ[±]) is the measured intensity of 511γ from β⁺-β⁻ annihilation and is 2 times of the total ε+β⁺ decay intensity, considering negligible contributions from ε decay (ε/β⁺≈0.007 to 0.02 for observed branches).

E _γ [#]	I _γ ^{#@}	E _i (level)	J _i ^π	E _f	J _f ^π	Mult. [‡]	δ [‡]	α [†]	Comments
193.0 2	51.4 35	192.93	5/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.06 3	0.01110 25	%I _γ =5.8 10 α(K)=0.00992 22; α(L)=0.001021 24; α(M)=0.0001464 34 α(N)=5.78×10 ⁻⁶ 12 E _γ : other: 192.9 2 (1970Du05). %I _γ =3.5 6 α(K)=0.012 7; α(L)=0.0013 8; α(M)=1.9×10 ⁻⁴ 11 α(N)=7.E-6 4 E _γ : weighted average of 248.0 2 (1971GiZP) and 247.8 2 (1970Du05).
247.9 2	30.6 20	247.89	1/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	(M1+E2)		0.014 8	%I _γ =0.39 20 α(K)=0.001766 29; α(L)=0.0001787 29; α(M)=2.56×10 ⁻⁵ 4 α(N)=1.027×10 ⁻⁶ 16 %I _γ =0.29 18 α(K)=0.00323 6; α(L)=0.000333 6; α(M)=4.76×10 ⁻⁵ 8 α(N)=1.830×10 ⁻⁶ 32 %I _γ =0.61 19 α(K)=0.001221 18; α(L)=0.0001231 18; α(M)=1.766×10 ⁻⁵ 26 α(N)=7.09×10 ⁻⁷ 10 %I _γ =10.4 17 E _γ : other: 627.1 2 (1970Du05). %I _γ =11.3 19 α(K)=0.000581 8; α(L)=5.82×10 ⁻⁵ 8; α(M)=8.35×10 ⁻⁶ 12 α(N)=3.36×10 ⁻⁷ 5 E _γ : other: 637.1 2 (1970Du05). %I _γ =5.0 9 α(K)=0.000618 10; α(L)=6.22×10 ⁻⁵ 10; α(M)=8.91×10 ⁻⁶ 15 α(N)=3.57×10 ⁻⁷ 6 E _γ : weighted average of 650.1 2 (1971GiZP) and 649.9 2 (1970Du05).
389.8 7	3.4 17	637.05	3/2 ⁻	247.89	1/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.05 +3-4	1.97×10 ⁻³ 3	
415.0 13	2.6 15	1065.20	1/2 ⁻	650.09	5/2 ⁻	[E2]		0.00362 6	
457.9 6	5.4 14	650.09	5/2 ⁻	192.93	5/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.08 +1-2	1.36×10 ⁻³ 2	
627.1 2	92 5	627.04	1/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻				
637.0 2	100	637.05	3/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	+0.04 2	0.000647 9	
650.0 2	44.0 25	650.09	5/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.57 3	0.000689 11	
768.5 2	19.0 23	1395.49	3/2 ⁻	627.04	1/2 ⁻	M1+E2		0.00050 7	%I _γ =2.2 5 α(K)=0.00045 6; α(L)=4.5×10 ⁻⁵ 6; α(M)=6.5×10 ⁻⁶ 9 α(N)=2.59×10 ⁻⁷ 35 E _γ : other: 768.2 5 (1970Du05).

⁶³Ga ε+β⁺ decay **1971GiZP,1970Du05 (continued)**

γ(⁶³Zn) (continued)

<u>E_γ #</u>	<u>I_γ #[@]</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.[‡]</u>	<u>δ[‡]</u>	<u>α[†]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
1054.6 9	2.3 12	1691.62	5/2 ⁻	637.05	3/2 ⁻	[M1,E2]		0.000242 18	%I _γ =0.26 14 α(K)=0.000217 16; α(L)=2.17×10 ⁻⁵ 17; α(M)=3.11×10 ⁻⁶ 24 α(N)=1.25×10 ⁻⁷ 9
1065.2 4	20 4	1065.20	1/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	[M1,E2]		0.000237 17	%I _γ =2.3 6 α(K)=0.000212 15; α(L)=2.12×10 ⁻⁵ 16; α(M)=3.04×10 ⁻⁶ 23 α(N)=1.22×10 ⁻⁷ 8 E _γ : other: 1065.1 6 (1970Du05).
1147.0 8	3.1 7	1395.49	3/2 ⁻	247.89	1/2 ⁻	(M1+E2)		0.000204 13	%I _γ =0.35 10 α(K)=0.000181 11; α(L)=1.81×10 ⁻⁵ 12; α(M)=2.59×10 ⁻⁶ 16 α(N)=1.04×10 ⁻⁷ 6; α(IPF)=2.5×10 ⁻⁶ 4
1203.4 20	2.4 12	1395.49	3/2 ⁻	192.93	5/2 ⁻	(M1+E2)		0.000190 11	%I _γ =0.27 14 α(K)=0.000164 9; α(L)=1.63×10 ⁻⁵ 9; α(M)=2.34×10 ⁻⁶ 13 α(N)=9.4×10 ⁻⁸ 5; α(IPF)=7.9×10 ⁻⁶ 13
1395.4 3	37 7	1395.49	3/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	+0.40 +14-12	0.0001723 32	%I _γ =4.2 11 α(K)=0.0001177 18; α(L)=1.169×10 ⁻⁵ 18; α(M)=1.676×10 ⁻⁶ 26 α(N)=6.80×10 ⁻⁸ 11; α(IPF)=4.12×10 ⁻⁵ 13 E _γ : other: 1395.5 5 (1970Du05).
1498.5 6	2.9 15	1691.62	5/2 ⁻	192.93	5/2 ⁻	(M1+E2)		0.000193 14	%I _γ =0.33 18 α(K)=0.000105 4; α(L)=1.05×10 ⁻⁵ 4; α(M)=1.50×10 ⁻⁶ 6 α(N)=6.06×10 ⁻⁸ 21; α(IPF)=7.6×10 ⁻⁵ 10
1691.7 5	27 5	1691.62	5/2 ⁻	0.0	3/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.10 3	0.0002234 31	%I _γ =3.1 8 α(K)=8.12×10 ⁻⁵ 11; α(L)=8.05×10 ⁻⁶ 11; α(M)=1.154×10 ⁻⁶ 16 α(N)=4.69×10 ⁻⁸ 7; α(IPF)=0.0001330 19 E _γ : other: 1691.8 10 (1970Du05).

[†] Additional information 1.

[‡] From Adopted Gammas.

From 1971GiZP, unless otherwise noted.

@ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.113 19.

^{63}Ga $\epsilon + \beta^+$ decay 1971GiZP,1970Du05

Decay Scheme

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

Intensities: I_γ per 100 parent decays

