

$^{63}\text{V} \beta^- \text{n decay (17 ms)}$ 2003So02

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Alan L. Nichols, Balraj Singh, Jagdish K. Tuli		NDS 113, 973 (2012)	15-Apr-2012

Parent: ^{63}V : E=0.0; $J^\pi=(7/2^-)$; $T_{1/2}=17$ ms 3; $Q(\beta^- \text{n})=11217$ SY; $\% \beta^- \text{n decay} \approx 35.0$

$^{63}\text{V-T}_{1/2}$: from β decay curve (2003So02).

$^{63}\text{V-Q}(\beta^- \text{n})$: 11217 605 (syst, 2011AuZZ). 2003Au03 list 11430 690 from syst.

$^{63}\text{V}-\% \beta^- \text{n decay}$: $\% \beta^- \text{n} \approx 35$ (2003So02).

2003So02 (also 2002MaZN thesis, 2005Ga01): ^{63}V produced in $^{58}\text{Ni}(^{76}\text{Ge},\text{X})$, E=61.8 MeV/nucleon at GANIL facility using LISE3 doubly achromatic spectrometer. Measured β , γ , isotopic half-life from β decay timing.

1997Be70: ^{63}V first identified in $^9\text{Be}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$, E=750 MeV/nucleon at GSI facility, identification by energy loss and time-of-flight.

The decay scheme is poorly known.

 ^{62}Cr Levels

E(level)	J^π
0	0^+
446 I	(2 $^+$)

 $\gamma(^{62}\text{Cr})$

E $_\gamma$	E $_i$ (level)	J_i^π	E $_f$	J_f^π
446 I	446	(2 $^+$)	0	0^+

 $^{63}\text{V} \beta^- \text{n decay (17 ms)}$ 2003So02Decay Scheme