

---

**Adopted Levels: not observed**

---

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh, Huang Xiaolong, and Wang Xianghan		NDS 204,1 (2025)	30-Jun-2023

$Q(\beta^-) = -14180$  *calc*;  $S(n) = 15290$  *syst*;  $S(p) = -2080$  *syst*;  $Q(\alpha) = -3310$  *syst*    [2021Wa16,2019Mo01](#)

$Q(\beta^-)$  from [2019Mo01](#).  $S(n)$ ,  $S(p)$  and  $Q(\alpha)$  from [2021Wa16](#).

Estimated uncertainties ([2021Wa16](#)): 420 for  $S(n)$ ,  $S(p)$  and  $Q(\alpha)$ .

$Q(\epsilon) = 17720$  330,  $Q(\epsilon p) = 15430$  300,  $S(2n) = 34920$  500,  $S(2p) = -590$  360 (syst, [2021Wa16](#)).

No experimental work for  $^{62}\text{As}$  isotope seems to have appeared in literature.

Although, existence of  $^{62}\text{As}$  nuclide has not been determined experimentally, it is included here for the sake of completeness of the isobaric  $A=62$  chain.

Theoretical calculations: four primary references for structure calculations, and four for decay characteristics have been retrieved from the NSR database at [www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/](http://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/), which are listed in this dataset under 'document' records.

[Additional information 1](#).

---

 **$^{62}\text{As}$  Levels**

---

E(level)	Comments
0?	$^{62}\text{As}$ g.s. is likely to be a proton emitter from $S(p) = -2080$ 420 ( <a href="#">2021Wa16</a> ). Theoretical $T_{1/2}(\beta \text{ decay}) = 22$ ms ( <a href="#">2019Mo01</a> ). $J^\pi = 1^+, 2^+$ ( <a href="#">2019Mo01</a> , theory); $1^+$ from systematics ( <a href="#">2021Ko07</a> ).