

${}^{61}\text{V}$   $\beta^-$  decay (48.3 ms) 2014Su07,2005Ga01

Type	History		Literature Cutoff Date
	Author	Citation	
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Parent:  ${}^{61}\text{V}$ :  $E=0.0$ ;  $J^\pi=(3/2^-, 5/2^-)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=48.3$  ms *10*;  $Q(\beta^-)=1199\times 10^1$  89;  $\% \beta^-$  decay=100.0

${}^{61}\text{V}$ - $J^\pi, T_{1/2}$ : From Adopted Levels of  ${}^{61}\text{V}$ .

${}^{61}\text{V}$ - $Q(\beta^-)$ : 11987 890 from mass excess ( ${}^{61}\text{V}$ )= $-30510$  890 (2017Wa10) and measured mass excess ( ${}^{61}\text{Cr}$ )= $-42496.5$  18 (2018Mo14). 2017Wa10 give 11970 900.

${}^{61}\text{V}$ - $Q(\beta^-)$ : From 2017Wa10.

2014Su07:  ${}^{61}\text{V}$  beam produced from fragmentation of 120 MeV/nucleon  ${}^{76}\text{Ge}$  beam on  ${}^9\text{Be}$  target, followed by mass separation by A1900 separator at NSCL-MSU accelerator facility. The resulting cocktail ion beam was transported to the Beta Counting System and implanted into a 1-mm-thick double-sided silicon strip detector. Measured  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin using SeGA array. Deduced levels  $J$ ,  $\pi$ , estimate of  $\% \beta^-$  n Comparisons made with shell-model calculations.

2005Ga01:  ${}^{61}\text{V}$  produced in fragmentation of  ${}^{76}\text{Ge}^{30+}$  beam on  ${}^{58}\text{Ni}$  target. LISE3 achromatic spectrometer used to separate fragments; magnetic rigidity was tuned to optimize transmission of  ${}^{62}\text{V}$  and  ${}^{64}\text{Cr}$  fragments. Transmitted nuclei were identified by three consecutive Si detectors where two served for energy loss and time-of-flight measurements while the last determined their residual energies. Measured  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $I_\beta$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\beta\gamma$  coin,  $\gamma(t)$ , lifetimes with four Ge detectors placed around a thick Si telescope. Half-lives determined by fitting procedures involving five parameters: half-lives of mother, daughter and grand-daughter nuclei, the  $\beta$ -efficiency and the background rate over the 1 s collecting time. Tentative levels at 97, 310, 450 and 1027 proposed in 2005Ga01, all but the 310 level have been confirmed by 2014Su07.

2003So02: same method of  ${}^{61}\text{V}$  production as in 2005Ga01. measured half-life of  ${}^{61}\text{V}$  decay and probability of delayed-neutron decay from the observation of  $2^+$  to  $0^+$  transition in  ${}^{60}\text{Cr}$ .

1999So20 (also 2001So07 and 1999Le67):  ${}^{61}\text{V}$  produced in the fragmentation of 60.4 MeV/nucleon  ${}^{86}\text{Kr}$  beam with  ${}^{58}\text{Ni}$  target; LISE3 spectrometer at GANIL facility. Measured half-lives of decays of  ${}^{61}\text{V}$  and  ${}^{61}\text{Cr}$ .

Theoretical calculations: 1995Ri05 Shell model calculations (predicted spin, binding energy, mass defect).

All data are from 2014Su07.

Energy balance cannot be deduced since the decay scheme is most likely incomplete.

 ${}^{61}\text{Cr}$  Levels

No evidence was found for isomeric states in  ${}^{61}\text{Cr}$  based on  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin data.

A tentative 310-keV level proposed by 2005Ga01 is not confirmed by 2014Su07; it is omitted here.

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	$T_{1/2}$ <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	237 ms <i>11</i>	Possible configuration= $\nu 5/2[303]$ of $f_{5/2}$ orbital or $\nu 1/2[301]$ of $p_{1/2}$ orbital. From likelihood of $\beta$ feeding to the ground state, the former configuration is favored by 2005Ga01.
70.8 3	(3/2,5/2,7/2)		
97.41 23	(3/2,5/2,7/2)		
224.1 4			
401.8 5			
450.6 3			
564.4 5			
631.7 8			
715.9 4			
773.7 4			
1026.6 3			
1222.0 5			
2061.9 5			
2261.4 6			

<sup>†</sup> From least-squares fit to  $E_\gamma$  data.

<sup>‡</sup> From Adopted Levels.

<sup>61</sup>V β<sup>-</sup> decay (48.3 ms) 2014Su07,2005Ga01 (continued)

β<sup>-</sup> radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	Iβ <sup>-†‡</sup>	Comments
(9.7×10 <sup>3</sup> 9)	2261.4	2.5 8	
(9.9×10 <sup>3</sup> 9)	2061.9	2.2 7	
(1.08×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	1222.0	1.4 3	
(1.10×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	1026.6	8.4 8	Iβ <sup>-</sup> : other: <14 (2005Ga01).
(1.12×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	773.7	3.2 7	
(1.13×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	715.9	6.1 8	
(1.14×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	631.7	1.7 7	
(1.14×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	564.4	1.5 4	
(1.15×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	450.6	5.7 7	Iβ <sup>-</sup> : other: <17 (2005Ga01).
(1.16×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	401.8	1.7 5	
(1.18×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	224.1	7.1 11	
(1.19×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	97.41	10 6	
(1.19×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	70.8	6.0 12	
(1.20×10 <sup>4</sup> 9)	0.0	<40	Iβ <sup>-</sup> : estimated by 2014Su07.

† Apparent β feedings deduced from intensity balances. Since the decay scheme is considered as incomplete, true β feedings cannot be determined, thus no log ft values are deduced.

‡ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

γ(<sup>61</sup>Cr)

Iγ normalization: Absolute intensities/100 decays of <sup>61</sup>V are given in 2014Su07. Based on observation and absolute intensity of the 644-keV transition in <sup>60</sup>Cr, %β<sup>-</sup>n>10 is estimated by 2014Su07.

E <sub>γ</sub>	I <sub>γ</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	J <sub>i</sub> <sup>π</sup>	E <sub>f</sub>	J <sub>f</sub> <sup>π</sup>	Mult.	α <sup>#</sup>	Comments
70.8 3	9.3 8	70.8	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	D	0.083 18	Mult.: from Weisskopf estimates and non-observation of a long lifetime for 71-keV level. Additional information 1.
97.7 3	24.9 8	97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	D,M1+E2	0.24 21	α(exp)=0.17 13 (2014Su07) Additional information 2.
126.7 3	8.1 5	224.1		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	[D,E2]	0.09 8	Mult.: from Weisskopf estimates, and observation of no time delay between the 127- and 98-keV γ rays within the experimental detection limit of ≈150 ns. Additional information 3.
331.0 4	1.7 5	401.8		70.8	(3/2,5/2,7/2)			Additional information 4.
353.6 <sup>†</sup> 5	1.2 4	450.6		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)			Additional information 5.
407.6 7	1.7 7	631.7		224.1				
450.5 3	4.5 5	450.6		0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )			Additional information 6.
467.0 4	1.5 4	564.4		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)			
<sup>x</sup> 576.7 4	0.7 3							
645.0 <sup>†</sup> 8	1.0 4	715.9		70.8	(3/2,5/2,7/2)			
676.4 6	0.9 4	773.7		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

**${}^{61}\text{V}$   $\beta^-$  decay (48.3 ms) 2014Su07,2005Ga01 (continued)** $\gamma({}^{61}\text{Cr})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma^\ddagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Comments
715.9 4	5.1 6	715.9		0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	<a href="#">Additional information 7.</a>
773.7 4	2.3 5	773.7		0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	
929.4 4	3.7 5	1026.6		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	<a href="#">Additional information 8.</a>
1026.3 4	4.7 6	1026.6		0.0	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> )	<a href="#">Additional information 9.</a>
1151.2 4	1.4 3	1222.0		70.8	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	<a href="#">Additional information 10.</a>
1964.5 4	2.2 7	2061.9		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	
2164.0 5	2.5 8	2261.4		97.41	(3/2,5/2,7/2)	

<sup>†</sup> Observed only in  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin.

<sup>‡</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

<sup>#</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>x</sup>  $\gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

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Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_\gamma$  per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- Coincidence

