

Adopted Levels, Gammas

Type	History		Literature Cutoff Date
	Author	Citation	
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	27-May-2014

$Q(\beta^-)=10910$ SY; $S(n)=4760$ SY; $S(p)=19320$ SY; $Q(\alpha)=-10860$ SY [2012Wa38](#)

$Q(\beta^-)$, $S(n)$, $S(p)$, $Q(\alpha)$: systematic uncertainties given by [2012Wa38](#): 550, 643, 780, 780, respectively.

$S(2n)=7360$ 640, $S(2p)=34990$ 860, $Q(\beta^-n)=7430$ 530 ([2012Wa38](#), values from systematics).

[1997Be70](#): ^{62}V first identified in $^9\text{Be}(^{238}\text{U},\text{F})$, $E=750$ MeV/nucleon, U beam of 2×10^7 ion/s at GSI facility, identification by energy loss and time-of-flight.

[2003So02](#): produced in $^{76}\text{Ge}^{30+}$ on ^{58}Ni , $E=61.8$ MeV/nucleon. Identification via energy loss, tof. Observed strong 646γ in ^{60}Cr via a β^- decaying ^{60}V isomer. See also [2005Ga01](#), [2003So21](#), [2005GaZr](#) (thesis), and [2002MaZn](#) (thesis) from the GANIL experimental group.

[2011Da08](#): ^{60}Ti produced in the fragmentation of 57.8 MeV/nucleon.

^{86}Kr beam impinged on 50 mg/cm² thick tantalum target using LISE-2000 spectrometer at GANIL facility. Detector system included a three-element Si-detector telescope containing a double-sided silicon-strip detector (DSSSD) backed by a Si(Li) detector and surrounded by four clover type EXOGAM Ge detectors. Product identified by mass, atomic number, charge, energy loss and time of flight. Measured half-life.

[2014Ga07](#): $E(^{61}\text{V})=90.0$ MeV/nucleon beam from Coupled Cyclotron Facility at NSCL-MSU. Secondary ^{61}V beam produced in $^9\text{Be}(^{82}\text{Se},\text{X})$, $E=140$ MeV/nucleon primary reaction followed by fragment separation by A1900 fragment separator. Secondary ^9Be target=376 mg/cm² thick located at target position of S800 magnetic spectrograph. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, and $(^{60}\text{Ti})\gamma$ -coin using GRETINA array of 36-folded segmented HPGe detectors arranged in 58° and 90° geometry. Gamma-ray energies were deduced from Doppler- corrected spectra. Deduced levels, J, π . Comparison of level structure in ^{60}Ti with shell-model calculations.

Others:

Nuclear Structure. Theory: [2013Xu01](#), [2012Ch48](#), [2012Ca30](#), [2008Gu03](#), [2008Ob01](#), [2005Ch12](#), [2005Ho32](#).

[Additional information 1](#).

 ^{60}Ti LevelsCross Reference (XREF) Flags

A $^9\text{Be}(^{61}\text{V}, ^{60}\text{Ti}\gamma)$

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	XREF	Comments
0.0	0^+	22 ms 2	A	$\% \beta^- = 100$; $\% \beta^- n = ?$; $\% \beta^- 2n = ?$ $T_{1/2}$: weighted average of 22.4 ms 25 (2011Da08 , from time correlation between implantation and β -ray events), and 22 ms 2 (2005Ga01 , 2003So21). Theoretical $\% \beta^- n = 1.62$, $\% \beta^- 2n = 0$ (1997Mo25).
850 5	$(2^+)^\ddagger$		A	
1716 7	$(4^+)^\ddagger$		A	

[†] Levels are from [2014Ga07](#).

[‡] From systematics of even-even nuclei, and comparison with shell-model calculations.

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

$\gamma(^{60}\text{Ti})$

$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ	I_γ	E_f	J_f^π
850	(2 ⁺)	850 5	100	0.0	0 ⁺
1716	(4 ⁺)	866 5	100	850	(2 ⁺)

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Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

