

${}^{58}\text{Fe}(\alpha, {}^2\text{He})$ 1990Fi07

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	E. Browne, J. K. Tuli		NDS 114, 1849 (2013)	31-Dec-2012

E= 55.7 MeV. FWHM=200– 300 keV. $\sigma(\theta)$ from 17.5° to 40° (lab). DWBA calculations for two-neutron configurations.

 ${}^{60}\text{Fe}$ Levels

E(level)	L [†]	N [‡]	Comments
0.0	0	2.6×10^2 10	Configuration (p3/2) ² 0 ⁺ .
3080 50	4	60 20	Configuration ((p3/2)(f5/2))4 ⁺ .
3520 50	4,5		N: N= 60 30 for L=4; N= 40 20 for L=5. J ^x : $\sigma(\theta)$ shows a large deviation at large angles in comparison to DWBA computations for both L=4 and L=5. The 4 ⁺ configuration results in a more reasonable normalization constant.
4350 50	7	70 10	Configuration ((p3/2)(f5/2))4 ⁺ , ((p1/2)(g9/2))5 ⁻ .
5310 50	5,7		Configuration ((f5/2)(g9/2))7 ⁻ . N: N= 60 20 for L=5; N= 30 15 for L=7. J ^x : $\sigma(\theta)$ shows a large deviation at large angles in comparison to DWBA computations for both L=5 and L=7. The 5 ⁻ configuration results in a reasonable normalization constant. Also from comparison to the spectrum of the ${}^{60}\text{Ni}(\alpha, {}^2\text{He})$ reaction.
5620 50	7,5		Configuration ((f5/2)(d5/2))5 ⁻ , ((f5/2)(g9/2))7 ⁻ . N: N= 20 5 for L=7; N= 40 10 for L=5.
6620 50	8+6	70 20	Configuration ((f5/2)(g9/2))7 ⁻ , ((f5/2)(d5/2))5 ⁻ . Unresolved doublet, can be fitted with a pure L=6 configuration. N= 70 20 for configuration (g9/2) ² 8 ⁺ + ((g9/2)(d5/2))6 ⁺ . N= 120 30 for configuration ((g9/2)(d5/2))6 ⁺ . N= 200 120 for configuration (g9/2) ² 8 ⁺ .

[†] From comparison of $\sigma(\theta)$ with DWBA calculations.

[‡] The normalization factor $N=(d\sigma/d\Omega)(\text{expt})/(d\sigma/d\Omega)(\text{DWBA})$.