

^{60}Co IT decay [1963Sc14,1962Ha46](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	E. Browne, J. K. Tuli	NDS 114, 1849 (2013)		31-Dec-2012

Parent: ^{60}Co : E=58.603 7; $J^\pi=2^+$; $T_{1/2}=10.467$ min 6; %IT decay=99.75 3

^{60}Co -%IT decay: from [1963Sc14](#), branching to ^{60}Ni 1332-keV level is 0.24% 3, and to the 2159-keV level is $8.6 \times 10^{-3}\%$ 12.

Measured E_γ , I_γ , ce, $T_{1/2}$. Scintillation spectrometer ([1963Sc14](#)).

Measured E_γ . Crystal diffraction spectrometer ([1962Ha46](#)).

Measured $T_{1/2}$ of the 59 keV level ([1990Ab02](#)).

Others: [1970Ca19](#), [1971PI02](#), and [1989Mu15](#).

See [1973Ha69](#) for compilation of additional measurements.

All decay intensities are from [1963Sc14](#).

 ^{60}Co Levels

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	5^+	5.2712 y 4	
58.603 7	2^+	10.467 min 6	$T_{1/2}$: from 1990Ab02 .

 $\gamma(^{60}\text{Co})$

I_γ normalization: $\text{Ti}(58.603\gamma)=99.75$ 3.

E_γ	$I_\gamma^\ddagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	$\alpha^\dagger$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^\#$	Comments
58.603 7	100	58.603	2^+	0.0	5^+	M3+(E4)	<0.02	47.3	99.75 3	ce(K)/($\gamma+ce$)=0.817 7; ce(L)/($\gamma+ce$)=0.142 3; ce(M)/($\gamma+ce$)=0.0200 5; ce(N+)/($\gamma+ce$)=0.000641 13 ce(N)/($\gamma+ce$)=0.000641 13 % I_γ =2.07 3. $\alpha(K)=39.3$, $\alpha(L)=6.80$, $\alpha(M+..)=1.0$. $\alpha(K)\text{exp}=39.0$ 19 (1989Mu15), 43.1 18 (1970Ca19). $\alpha(K)\text{exp}/\alpha(L)\text{exp}=5.78$ 15, $\alpha(L)\text{exp}/\alpha(M)\text{exp}=7.53$ 18, $\alpha(L1)\text{exp}/\alpha(L23)\text{exp}=2.26$ 8 (1971PI02). E_γ : from 1962Ha46 , cryst. Mult., δ : from $\alpha(L1)\text{exp}/\alpha(L23)\text{exp}=2.26$ 8 (1971PI02). $I(\gamma+ce)=99.75$ 3.

† [Additional information 1](#).

‡ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.0207 3.

$^\#$ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^{60}Co IT decay 1963Sc14,1962Ha46

Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
%IT=99.75 3

