

Adopted Levels, Gammas

Type	Author	Citation	History
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	12-Apr-2010

$Q(\beta^-)=8.30\times10^3$ 23; $S(n)=6.2\times10^3$ 3; $S(p)=1.23\times10^4$ 3; $Q(\alpha)=-8.5\times10^3$ 4 [2012Wa38](#)

Note: Current evaluation has used the following Q record 8.34E3 23 6.18E3 31 /2.54E330-8990 syst [2009AuZZ,2003Au03](#).

$\Delta Q(\alpha)=380$ (syst,[2009AuZZ,2003Au03](#)).

$Q(\beta^-n)=3020$ 230, $S(2n)=11180$ 250, $S(2p)=29190$ 770 ([2009AuZZ,2003Au03](#)).

[1990Tu01](#): ^{57}V activity produced by 800 MeV proton induced fission and fragmentation using natural Th target and subsequent particle analysis with a tof isochronous spectrometer.

[1998So03](#): ^{57}V activity produced by the fragmentation of 64.5 MeV/nucleon ^{65}Cu beam impinging on a ^9Be target and subsequent mass separation using the lise3 spectrometer. Measured $T_{1/2}$ from β^- singles and $\beta-\gamma$ coincidence decay curves.

Additional information 1.

[1998Am04](#): activity produced by the fragmentation of 500 MeV/nucleon ^{86}Kr beam on a ^9Be target and subsequent mass separation using the FRS spectrometer. Measured $T_{1/2}$. See also [1997AmZZ](#) thesis.

[1999So20](#): calculated potential energy surfaces for odd-A vanadium isotopes by the HFB method with the Gogny D1S force.

[2005Li53](#): shell-model calculations of $3/2^-$, $5/2^-$ and $7/2^-$ states up to 2.5 MeV excitation, carried out in the full pf space with the interaction GXPF1; $7/2^-$ and $5/2^-$ are predicted to be g.s. and 95 keV, respectively. First $3/2^-$ state is predicted at 530 keV.

 ^{57}V Levels**Cross Reference (XREF) Flags**

A	^{57}Ti β^- decay (98 ms)
B	^{238}U ($^{64}\text{Ni},\text{X}\gamma$)

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	XREF	Comments
0.0	($7/2^-$)	0.32 s 3	AB	% β^- =100; % β^-n =? % β^-n : 0.44 (calculated, 1997Mo25). J^π : shell-model calculations with GXPF1 interaction and full pf space predict $7/2^-$ g.s., first $5/2^-$ at 95 keV, and first $3/2^-$ at 530 keV. Potential energy surface HFB calculations using Gogny DIS force (1999So20) predict $7/2$ as the lowest state for slight oblate deformation and $3/2^-$ for small prolate deformation. $3/2^-$ with $\pi3/2[521]$ configuration is predicted (1998So03) in QRPA calculations and comparisons with observed decay pattern. $7/2^-$ is preferred from systematics of neighboring odd-A Vanadium and even-even Ti nuclides, and recent (2008LuZZ) observation of an ($11/2^-$) to ($7/2^-$) γ transition in ^{238}U ($^{64}\text{Ni},\text{X}\gamma$) reaction. But $5/2,3/2$ is favored if β feeding is real in ^{57}V decay to ($3/2^-$) g.s. in ^{57}Cr . Other: $3/2^-$ from calculations (1997Mo25). $T_{1/2}$: from timing of $\beta\gamma$ coin (1998So03). Others: 0.34 s 8 (1998Am04,1997AmZZ , earlier values from the same group: 0.66 s 4 (1995AmZY), 0.6 s 1 (1995AmZX)). See 1998Am04 and 1998So03 for a comparison of their measurements of $T_{1/2}$ with theoretical estimates using different models.
113.2 4	A			
174.8 4	A			
1163	($11/2^-$)		B	J^π : from systematics of neighboring odd-A Vanadium and even-even Ti nuclides.
1731.9 4	A			
1754.3? 5	A			
2036.3 4	A			
2475.6 5	A			

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) $\gamma(^{57}\text{V})$

$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ	I_γ	E_f	J_f^π	$E_i(\text{level})$	E_γ	I_γ	E_f
113.2		113.1 4	100	0.0	(7/2 ⁻)	1754.3?	1579.4 [†] 4	100	174.8
174.8		(61.7)	35 10	113.2		2036.3	1861.5 4	100 14	174.8
		174.8 4	100 6	0.0	(7/2 ⁻)		1922.9 5	19 4	113.2
1163	(11/2 ⁻)	1163		0.0	(7/2 ⁻)	2475.6	744.0 4	46 8	1731.9
1731.9		1557.3 5	100 23	174.8			2300.4 4	100 10	174.8
		1732.2 6	55 9	0.0	(7/2 ⁻)				

[†] Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

Adopted Levels, Gammas

Legend

Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

- - - - - ► γ Decay (Uncertain)