

$^{57}\text{Zn}$   $\beta^+$  decay:? **1976Vi02**

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	M. R. Bhat	NDS 85, 415 (1998)	24-Sep-1998

Parent:  $^{57}\text{Zn}$ :  $E=0.0$ ;  $J^\pi=(7/2^-)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=40$  ms 10;  $Q(\beta^+)=14.62\times 10^3$  14;  $\% \beta^+$  decay=100.0

[Additional information 1.](#)

See the production of  $^{57}\text{Zn}$  by the reaction  $^{40}\text{Ca}(^{20}\text{Ne},3n)$  for details.

 $^{57}\text{Cu}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$	Comments
(0.0)		
$3.28\times 10^3$ 5	(5/2 <sup>-</sup> to 9/2 <sup>-</sup> )	$\%p=100$ $T=(1/2)$ E(level): from Adopted Levels. $J^\pi, T$ : if 2.58-MeV proton decay is isospin allowed and $\beta^+$ -decay to state is allowed.
$5.35\times 10^3$ 5	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )	$\%p=100$ $T=(3/2)$ E(level): calculated by evaluator based on the $s(p)(^{57}\text{Cu})=695$ keV 18. $J^\pi, T$ : syst. E(level) agrees well with the $^{57}\text{Ni}$ analog. <a href="#">Additional information 2.</a>

 $\epsilon, \beta^+$  radiations

av  $E\beta$ : [Additional information 3.](#)

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^{\ddagger}$	Log $ft$	$I(\epsilon + \beta^+)^{\ddagger}$	Comments
$(9.27\times 10^3)^{\#}$ 15)	5350	$\approx 50$		$\approx 50$	av $E\beta=3.95\times 10^3$ 7 $I(p \text{ to } ^{56}\text{Ni g.s.})/I(p \text{ to } ^{56}\text{Ni } 2701)\approx 0.6$ .
$(1.134\times 10^4)^{\#}$ 15)	3280	$\approx 15$	$\approx 4.4$	$\approx 15$	av $E\beta=4.97\times 10^3$ 7 Log $ft$ : if $\gamma$ -deexcitation of 3.57-MeV state is possible, this value would increase.

<sup>†</sup> Estimated branching ratios, assuming no  $\gamma$  deexcitation of states and  $\log ft=3.3$  for feeding of 5.45-MeV state (super-allowed decay of  $^{57}\text{Zn}$  to its analog in  $^{57}\text{Cu}$ ).  $\% \beta^+p\geq 65$ .

<sup>‡</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

<sup>#</sup> Existence of this branch is questionable.