

Adopted Levels, Gammas

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	B. Singh and A. Chakraborty		ENSDF	11-Jun-2013

$Q(\beta^-) = -15280$ SY; $S(n) = 14230$ SY; $S(p) = 2930$ SY; $Q(\alpha) = -7310$ 30 [2012Wa38](#)

Estimated uncertainties ([2012Wa38](#)): 800 for $Q(\beta^-)$, 700 for $S(n)$, 200 for $S(p)$.

$S(2n) = 32840$ 800 (syst), $S(2p) = 4006$ 27, $Q(\epsilon p) = 11142$ 26 ([2012Wa38](#)). Mass excess = -29631 25 ([2012Au07](#)).

[1976Vi02](#) (also [1979ViZY](#) thesis): ^{53}Ni produced and identified in $^{40}\text{Ca}(^{16}\text{O}, 3n), E = 60, 65$ MeV at LBNL cyclotron facility.

Measured half-life from decay curve of 1.94 MeV proton group.

[1993Xu04](#): ^{53}Ni produced in $^{28}\text{Si}(^{28}\text{Si}, X), E = 104.0$ - 127.2 MeV; measured delayed-proton spectrum; deduced half-life.

Additional information 1.

[1994B110](#): production of ^{53}Ni in $^9\text{Be}(^{58}\text{Ni}, X), E = 650$ MeV/nucleon, measured cross section using FRS at GSI facility.

[2007Do17](#): fragmentation reaction used to produce ^{53}Ni isotope at SISSE/LISE3 facility in GANIL. Primary beam: $^{58}\text{Ni}^{26+}$ at 74.5 MeV/nucleon; target = natural Ni. Fragment separator = ALPHA-LISE3. Fragment identification by energy loss, residual energy and time-of-flight measurements using two micro-channel plate (MCP) detectors and Si detectors. Double-sided silicon-strip detectors (DSSSD) and a thick Si(Li) detector were used to detect implanted events, charged particles and β particles. The γ rays were detected by four Ge detectors. Coincidences measured between charged particles and γ rays. $T_{1/2}$ measured by time correlation of implantation events due to ^{53}Ni and subsequent emission of protons and γ rays. Total proton branching ratio is from time spectrum of events with energy > 900 keV in the charged-particle spectrum. Possible small contributions from delayed- α and delayed- $2p$ decays are ignored.

[2012Zh34](#) (also [2013Ya03](#)): precise mass measurement at HIRFL-CSR facility in Lanzhou using isochronous mass spectrometry technique, mass excess = -29631 25.

[2013Su07](#): ^{58}Ni primary beam at $E = 68.6$ MeV/nucleon provided by the Heavy Ion Research Facility in Lanzhou (HIRFL).

Target = $147 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ Ni at the Radioactive Ion Beam Line in Lanzhou (RIBLL). Measured β -delayed protons, (proton) γ -coin, $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, time-of-flight, energy loss, $T_{1/2}$ using two plastic scintillator films, a thick silicon detector, a double-sided silicon strip detector (DSSSD) and five segmented clover detectors. Performed nucleosynthesis calculations of rapid proton-capture process in an x-ray burst.

 ^{53}Ni LevelsCross Reference (XREF) Flags

A $^9\text{Be}(^{56}\text{Ni}, X\gamma)$

E(level)	J^π †	$T_{1/2}$	XREF	Comments
0.0	(7/2 ⁻)	55.2 ms 7	A	$\% \epsilon + \% \beta^+ = 100$; $\% \epsilon p = 23.4$ 10 (2007Do17) T=3/2 J^π : IAS of 4390, (7/2 ⁻) in ^{53}Co ; mirror analog of g.s. 7/2 ⁻ in ^{53}Mn . $T_{1/2}$: from proton decay curve over 20 half-lives (2007Do17). Others: 56 ms 8 (2013Su07 , from proton decay curve over about 9 half-lives); <85 ms (1993Xu04), 45 MS 15 (1976Vi02 , 1979ViZY , from proton decay curve for about four half-lives); $\% \epsilon p$: from 2007Do17 . Other: $\approx 45\%$ (1976Vi02). 2013Su07 report proton peaks at 1929 and 2399 keV. 2007Do17 report six proton groups at 1077, 1251, 1639, 1939, 2111, and 2399 keV.
319.7 50	(5/2 ⁻)		A	J^π : mirror analog of 378, 5/2 ⁻ in ^{53}Mn .
1453.4 58	(11/2 ⁻)		A	J^π : mirror analog of 1441, 11/2 ⁻ in ^{53}Mn .

† From mirror states in ^{53}Mn ([2009Br06](#)).

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) $\gamma(^{53}\text{Ni})$

<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
319.7	(5/2 ⁻)	319.7	50	100	0.0 (7/2 ⁻)
1453.4	(11/2 ⁻)	1453.4	58	100	0.0 (7/2 ⁻)

Adopted Levels, GammasLevel Scheme

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

