Adopted Levels

| History | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|----------|------------------------|--|
| Туре | Author | Citation | Literature Cutoff Date | |
| Full Evaluation | Balraj Singh | ENSDF | 15-May-2011 | |

 $Q(\beta^{-})=1.85\times10^{4} \text{ syst}; S(n)=3.\times10^{2} \text{ syst}; Q(\alpha)=-1.68\times10^{4} \text{ syst}$ 2012Wa38

Note: Current evaluation has used the following Q record 18160 syst 10 syst 23290 calc -16540 syst 2011AuZZ,1997Mo25.

 $Q(\beta^{-})$, S(n), $Q(\alpha)$ from 2011AuZZ, S(p) from 1997Mo25. S(n)=220 (1997Mo25, calculated).

Estimated uncertainties in 2011AuZZ: 1220 for $Q(\beta^{-})$, 1410 for S(n), 1380 for $Q(\alpha)$.

Q(β⁻n)=15040 1220, S(2n)=3190 1410 (2011AuZZ). S(2p)=44690 (calculated,1997Mo25).

Values in 2003Au03 (from syst): $Q(\beta^{-})=16600$ 1220, S(n)=470 1350, $Q(\alpha)=-19820$ 1380, S(2n)=3740 1220.

2009Ta24, 2009Ta05: ⁵³Ar identified by fragmentation of ⁷⁶Ge beam at 132 MeV/nucleon at NSCL facility using A1900 fragment separator combined with S800 analysis beam line to form a two stage separator system. The transmitted fragments were analyzed event-by-event in momentum and particle identification. The nuclei of interest were stopped in eight Si diodes which provided measurement of energy loss, nuclear charge and total kinetic energy. The time-of-flight of each particle that reached the detector stack was measured in four different ways using plastic scintillators, Si detectors, and parallel-plate avalanche counters. The simultaneous measurement of the atomic number, charge state and mass number.

⁵³Ar Levels

| E(level) | T _{1/2} | Comments | |
|----------|------------------|---|--|
| 1/2 | | %β⁻=?; %β⁻n=?; %β⁻2n=? %β⁻n=26, %β⁻2n=34 (calculated,1997Mo25). Measured cross section=0.24 pb +28-16 using tungsten target (e-mail reply of Nov 11, 2009 from O. Tarasov, first author of 2009Ta24). E(level): fragments observed by 2009Ta24 are assumed to be in the ground state of ⁵³Ar. J^π: 5/2⁻ (syst,2011AuZY), 9/2⁺ (prediction,1997Mo25). T_{1/2}: time-of-flight=620-650 ns (e-mail reply of Sept 23, 2009 from O. Tarasov). Actual half-life is expected to be much longer as suggested by systematics value of 3 ms (2011AuZY) and calculated value of 15 ms (1997Mo25). | |