

^{53}Ni εp decay 2007Do17

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Yang Dong, Huo Junde		NDS 128, 185 (2015)	10-Jul-2015

Parent: ^{53}Ni : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=(7/2^-)$; $T_{1/2}=55.2$ ms 15; $Q(\varepsilon\text{p})=11412$ 26; $\%\varepsilon\text{p}$ decay=23.4 10

1976Vi02: ^{53}Ni produced by $^{40}\text{Ca}(^{16}\text{O},3\text{n})$, $E=65$ MeV, measured: $E(\text{p})$, $T_{1/2}$, a semiconductor counter telescope, 14-19 μm for the ΔE detectors, 107-250 μm for the E detectors. Other: 1979ViZY.

1993Xu04: ^{53}Ni produced by $^{28}\text{Si}(^{28}\text{Si},3\text{n})$, $E=104$, 115.5, and 127.2 MeV, measured: $E(\text{p})$, $T_{1/2}$, three particle telescopes, each consisting of three semiconductor detectors: 20 μm for the ΔE detector, 250 μm for the E detector, 250 μm for the E_{rej} detector which was used as a rejection detector to eliminate positron interference.

2007Do17: Fragmentation reaction used to produce ^{53}Ni isotope, primary beam: $^{58}\text{Ni}^{26+}$ at 74.5 MeV/nucleon; target=natural Ni. Fragment separator=ALPHA-LISE3. Fragment identification by energy loss, residual energy and time-of-flight measurements using two micro-channel plate (MCP) detectors and Si detectors. Double-sided silicon-strip detectors (DSSSD) and a thick Si(Li) detector were used to detect implanted events, charged particles and β particles. γ rays were detected by four Ge detectors. Coincidences measured between charged particles and γ rays. $T_{1/2}$ measured by time correlation of implantation events due to ^{53}Ni and subsequent emission of protons and γ rays. A partial decay scheme was built.

All data are from 2007Do17, except as noted.

 ^{52}Fe Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J^π</u> [†]
0.0	0 ⁺
849	2 ⁺

[†] From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{52}\text{Fe})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>I_γ</u> [†]	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
849.3 3	12.5 14	849	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺

[†] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.234 10.

Delayed Protons (^{52}Fe)

<u>$E(\text{p})$</u>	<u>$E(^{52}\text{Fe})$</u>	<u>$I(\text{p})$</u> [†]	<u>$E(^{53}\text{Co})$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
1929 18	849	23 2	4380	$E(\text{p})$: Others: $E(\text{p})=1940$ 50 (1976Vi02), $E(\text{p})=1920$ (1993Xu04).

[†] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.234 10.

