

$^{51}\text{K}$   $\beta^-$  decay (365 ms) 2006Pe16,1983RaZR

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Wang Jimin and Huang Xiaolong		NDS 144, 1 (2017)	1-Mar-2016

Parent:  $^{51}\text{K}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=3/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=365$  ms 5;  $Q(\beta^-)=13816$  13;  $\% \beta^-$  decay=100.0

$^{51}\text{K}$ - $\% \beta^-$  decay:  $\% \beta^- = 100$  (1983RaZR and 1983La23).

**2006Pe16:**  $^{51}\text{K}$  isotope produced in spallation reaction by bombarding a  $\text{UC}_x$  target by a 1.4 GeV proton beam produced by the CERN proton-synchrotron booster (PSB). Spallation products analyzed using the high resolution separator (HRS). Measured  $E_\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\beta n$  coin,  $\beta n \gamma$  coin,  $\beta \gamma$  coin, and  $\beta \gamma \gamma$  coin. The  $\gamma$  rays were detected using two large Ge clusters from the MINIBALL array. Low energy neutrons detected using six detectors each composed of a thick BC400 plastic scintillator. High energy neutrons were detected using 11 curved BC400 scintillating plastic bars from the TONNERRE array. The  $\beta$  particles were detected using a cylindrical plastic scintillator.

**1983RaZR:** source produced by  $\text{U}(p,X)$   $E=600$  MeV; measured  $\beta$ -delayed neutron,  $\beta n$ ,  $\beta \gamma$ ,  $\beta \gamma n$ . Shell-model calculations.

**1983La23:** source produced by  $\text{Ir}(p,X)$   $E=10$  GeV; measured  $\beta$ -delayed neutron yield, emission probability, and  $T_{1/2}$ .

See also 1986Ly02 and 1983Ly06.

 $^{51}\text{Ca}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0	$3/2^{(-)}$	10.0 s 8	$J^\pi, T_{1/2}$ : From the Adopted Levels.
3460 2	$(7/2^-)$		$J^\pi$ : From the Adopted Levels isotopic chain. E(level): From $E_\gamma$ .
5678 34			
6684 34			
6776 38			
7060 55			E(level): 7040-7100, two closely spaced levels.
7420 55			
$811 \times 10^1$ 10			E(level): 8080-8180, two closely spaced levels.
8360 30			
8620 30			
8820 46			
$905 \times 10^1$ 10			E(level): 8980-9110, three closely spaced levels.
9330 64			E(level): 9320-9330, two closely spaced levels.
$959 \times 10^1$ 12			
9700 64			E(level): 9700-9703, two closely spaced levels.
$982 \times 10^1$ 15			E(level): 9780-9840, two closely spaced levels.
$1034 \times 10^1$ 13			E(level): 10300-10450, two closely spaced levels.
$1067 \times 10^1$ 12			
$1089 \times 10^1$ 10			

<sup>†</sup> Calculated using  $S(n)$  ( $^{51}\text{Ca}$ )=4814.4 17 (2017Wa10), the measured energies of delayed neutrons (2006Pe16), taking into account the recoil energy of the final nucleus.

 $\beta^-$  radiations

All data are from 2006Pe16, except as noted.

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ <sup>†‡</sup>	Log $ft$	Comments
$(2.93 \times 10^3)$ 10	10890	0.2 1	5.12 23	av $E\beta=1265$ 51
$(3.15 \times 10^3)$ 12	10670	0.3 1	5.08 17	av $E\beta=1370$ 60
$(3.48 \times 10^3)$ 13	10340	0.4 1	5.15 14	av $E\beta=1530$ 65
$(4.00 \times 10^3)$ 15	9820	1.7 4	4.79 13	av $E\beta=1782$ 75

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{51}\text{K}$   $\beta^-$  decay (365 ms) 2006Pe16,1983RaZR (continued) $\beta^-$  radiations (continued)

<u>E(decay)</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u><math>I\beta^{-\dagger\ddagger}</math></u>	<u>Log ft</u>	<u>Comments</u>
(4.12×10 <sup>3</sup> 7)	9700	0.9 2	5.12 11	av E $\beta$ =1840 33
(4.23×10 <sup>3</sup> 12)	9590	1.2 3	5.05 13	av E $\beta$ =1893 61
(4.49×10 <sup>3</sup> 7)	9330	0.6 2	5.47 15	av E $\beta$ =2020 33
(4.77×10 <sup>3</sup> 10)	9050	3.1 7	4.87 11	av E $\beta$ =2157 51
(5.00×10 <sup>3</sup> 5)	8820	1.0 3	5.46 14	av E $\beta$ =2269 25
(5.20×10 <sup>3</sup> 3)	8620	0.5 1	5.83 9	av E $\beta$ =2367 18
(5.46×10 <sup>3</sup> 3)	8360	0.11 5	6.59 20	av E $\beta$ =2494 18
(5.71×10 <sup>3</sup> 10)	8110	5.1 7	5.01 7	av E $\beta$ =2616 52
(6.40×10 <sup>3</sup> 6)	7420	4.9 6	5.26 6	av E $\beta$ =2955 29
(6.76×10 <sup>3</sup> 6)	7060	27.4 30	4.62 6	av E $\beta$ =3131 29
(7.04×10 <sup>3</sup> 4)	6776	2.1 3	5.82 7	av E $\beta$ =3269 21
(7.13×10 <sup>3</sup> 4)	6684	1.3 3	6.05 11	av E $\beta$ =3316 20
(8.14×10 <sup>3</sup> 4)	5678	14.2 18	5.28 6	av E $\beta$ =3810 20
(10356 13)	3460	3.9 5	6.34 6	av E $\beta$ =4899 15
(13816 13)	0	31 8	6.03 12	av E $\beta$ =6595 15

$I\beta^-$ : from % $\beta^-$ -n probability (65 8) and the feeding of the first excited state in  $^{51}\text{Ca}$ .

$\dagger$  Normalized the total intensity of the delayed neutrons to the 1n-emission probability  $P_{1n}=65.8$ .

$\ddagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{51}\text{Ca})$ 

Only one  $\gamma$ , the 3460 keV transition is attributed to  $^{51}\text{Ca}$ , the observed 3530 keV transition attributed to  $^{51}\text{Ca}$  in 1983RaZR is ruled out and attributed to  $^{50}\text{Ca}$  through  $\beta$ - $\gamma$ -n coincidences (2006Pe16).

<u><math>E_\gamma</math></u>	<u><math>I_\gamma^\dagger</math></u>	<u><math>E_i(\text{level})</math></u>	<u><math>J_i^\pi</math></u>	<u><math>E_f</math></u>	<u><math>J_f^\pi</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
3460 2	3.9 5	3460	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )	0	3/2 <sup>(-)</sup>	$I_\gamma$ : intensity/100 decays of $^{51}\text{K}$ (2006Pe16). $E_\gamma$ : From 2006Pe16. Other: 3460, $\Delta E$ and $I_\gamma$ are not given (1983RaZR).

$\dagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

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## Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays