

^{50}Fe ε decay (152.0 ms) 2015Mo01

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen and Balraj Singh		NDS 157, 1 (2019)	15-Apr-2019

Parent: ^{50}Fe : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=152.0$ ms 6; $Q(\varepsilon)=8151$ 8; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=100.0

$^{50}\text{Fe}-T_{1/2}$: From ^{50}Fe Adopted Levels. Measured value is 152.1 ms 6 by 2015Mo01.

$^{50}\text{Fe}-Q(\varepsilon)$: From 2017Wa10.

2015Mo01: ^{50}Fe ions were produced from fragmentation of 680 MeV/nucleon ^{58}Ni beam with 400 mg/cm² ^9Be target using SIS-18 synchrotron at GSI facility. Reaction fragments were separated in-flight using the fragment separator FRS. The identification of nuclei was achieved by the measurement of magnetic rigidity and velocity of fragments by time-of-flight method. Separated ions were implanted in one of the six double-sided silicon strip detectors (DSSSDs). The β -decay signals were detected in the same DSSSD. Surrounding the implantation setup was the RISING array of 15 Euroball cluster Ge detectors for γ detection. Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\beta\gamma$ -coin, and β -decay half-life. Deduced levels, J , π , β feedings, $\log ft$ values, Gamow-Teller strengths.

Additional information 1.

1997Ko46: ^{50}Fe produced in $^{40}\text{Ca}(^{12}\text{C},2n)$ reaction at the Chalk River TASCC Facility. Measured E_γ , $\gamma(t)$ using HPGe, scintillation detector, gas counter, and He-jet. Energy of only the 651 γ reported in this work.

 ^{50}Mn Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	0 ⁺	283.19 ms 10	$T_{1/2}$: from Adopted Levels.
651.00 6	1 ⁺		
800.01 9	2 ⁺		
2403.84 10	1 ⁺		
2684.19 10	1 ⁺		
3380.12 10	1 ⁺		
3643.5 3	1 ⁺		
4012.9 12	1 ⁺		
4315.9 14	1 ⁺		

[†] From least-squares fit to E_γ data.

[‡] From the Adopted Levels.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	I_{β^+} #	I_ε #	$\log ft$ [‡]	$I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)$ ^{†#}	Comments
(3835 8)	4315.9	0.08 3	0.001 1	4.6 2	0.08 3	av $E\beta=1259.9$ 39; $\varepsilon K=0.01340$ 12; $\varepsilon L=0.001407$ 13; $\varepsilon M+=0.0002451$ 2 B(GT+)=0.099 38 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.119 3 from ($^3\text{He},t$) (2005Fu16), adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$.
(4138 8)	4012.9	0.04 2	0.0004 2	5.1 2	0.04 2	av $E\beta=1404.0$ 39; $\varepsilon K=0.00989$ 8; $\varepsilon L=0.001038$ 8; $\varepsilon M+=0.0001809$ 1 B(GT+)=0.034 16 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.076 2 from ($^3\text{He},t$) (2005Fu16), adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$.
(4508 8)	3643.5	0.15 3	0.0012 2	4.8 1	0.15 3	av $E\beta=1580.8$ 39; $\varepsilon K=0.00709$ 5; $\varepsilon L=0.000744$ 5; $\varepsilon M+=0.0001297$ 9 B(GT+)=0.069 15 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.163 5 from ($^3\text{He},t$) (2005Fu16) adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$.
(4771 8)	3380.12	0.84 7	0.0055 5	4.14 4	0.85 7	av $E\beta=1707.4$ 39; $\varepsilon K=0.00572$ 4; $\varepsilon L=0.000600$ 4; $\varepsilon M+=0.0001045$ 7 B(GT+)=0.280 31 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.400 12 from ($^3\text{He},t$) (2005Fu16) adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$.
(5467 8)	2684.19	0.70 6	0.0027 2	4.56 4	0.70 6	av $E\beta=2044.0$ 39; $\varepsilon K=0.003451$ 19; $\varepsilon L=0.0003620$ 2;

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{50}Fe ε decay (152.0 ms) **2015Mo01** (continued) ε, β^+ radiations (continued)

<u>E(decay)</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u>I_{β^+} #</u>	<u>I_{ε} #</u>	<u>Log $f t^{\ddagger}$</u>	<u>$I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)^{\ddagger\#}$</u>	<u>Comments</u>
(5747 8)	2403.84	1.47 10	0.0048 3	4.36 3	1.47 10	$\varepsilon M^+ = 6.31 \times 10^{-5}$ 4 B(GT $^+$)=0.106 11 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.123 4 from ($^3\text{He}, t$) (2005Fu16) adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$. av $E_{\beta} = 2180.2$ 39; $\varepsilon K = 0.002880$ 15; $\varepsilon L = 0.0003020$ 1; $\varepsilon M^+ = 5.26 \times 10^{-5}$ 3
(7500 8)	651.00	22.5 14	0.0286 18	3.81 3	22.5 14	B(GT $^+$)=0.167 15 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.171 5 from ($^3\text{He}, t$) (2005Fu16) adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$. av $E_{\beta} = 3037.7$ 40; $\varepsilon K = 0.001132$ 5; $\varepsilon L = 0.0001186$ 5; $\varepsilon M^+ = 2.068 \times 10^{-5}$ 8
(8151 8)	0.0	74.1 14	0.0710 15	3.49 1	74.2 14	B(GT $^+$)=0.589 45 (2015Mo01). Other: 0.568 16 from ($^3\text{He}, t$) (2005Fu16) adjusted for new $T_{1/2}$. av $E_{\beta} = 3358.1$ 40; $\varepsilon K = 0.000853$ 3; $\varepsilon L = 8.94 \times 10^{-5}$ 3; $\varepsilon M^+ = 1.557 \times 10^{-5}$ 6 $I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)$: 100-(β feeding to all the excited states).

\dagger From 2015Mo01, based on in-out intensity balance. For the ground state, $\varepsilon + \beta^+$ feeding is from 100-(summed $\varepsilon + \beta^+$ feeding to excited states).

\ddagger Deduced by evaluator using the LOGFT code. Values in 2015Mo01 are slightly different.

Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{50}\text{Mn})$

I_{γ} normalization: From determination of number of 651-keV γ rays emitted per ^{50}Fe decay, using the formula

$I_{\gamma}(651) = N^0(651\gamma) / [N_{\beta}^0 \varepsilon(651\gamma)]$, where $N^0(651\gamma)$ is the total number of γ events in the implant- β - γ correlation fit, N_{β}^0 is the total number of β events in the implant- β correlation fit, and ε is the detector efficiency for 651 γ . The $\varepsilon\beta$ decay mode of ^{60}Fe is expected to be negligible.

<u>E_{γ}</u>	<u>I_{γ}^{\ddagger}</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^{π}</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^{π}</u>	<u>Mult. \dagger</u>	<u>Comments</u>
149.0 1	1.53 14	800.01	2 $^+$	651.00	1 $^+$	(M1)	E_{γ} : from 1997Ko46. Other: 651.0 1 (2015Mo01).
650.99 6	100.0 35	651.00	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$	M1	
799.6 2	0.98 12	800.01	2 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$	E2	
1603.7 2	0.89 11	2403.84	1 $^+$	800.01	2 $^+$		
1883.8 2	0.28 8	2684.19	1 $^+$	800.01	2 $^+$		
2403.8 1	5.54 26	2403.84	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$		
2684.2 1	2.79 19	2684.19	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$		
3380.0 1	3.75 22	3380.12	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$		
3643.4 3	0.66 12	3643.5	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$		
4012.7 12	0.19 9	4012.9	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$		
4315.7 14	0.36 14	4315.9	1 $^+$	0.0	0 $^+$		

\dagger From Adopted Gammas.

\ddagger For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.225 14.

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Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$

