

^{50}Co ε decay (38.8 ms) 2007Do17,1996Fa09

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen and Balraj Singh		NDS 157, 1 (2019)	15-Apr-2019

Parent: ^{50}Co : $E=0$; $J^\pi=(6^+)$; $T_{1/2}=38.8$ ms 2; $Q(\varepsilon)=16895$ 73; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=100.0

^{50}Co - $Q(\varepsilon)$: Deduced using mass excess=-17585 41 for ^{50}Co from IMME analysis (2007Do17). Other: 16850 400 (syst, 2017Wa10).

^{50}Co - $T_{1/2}$: Measured by 2007Do17.

^{50}Co - $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay: $\% \varepsilon p=70.5$ 7 (2007Do17).

2007Do17: fragmentation reaction used to produce ^{50}Ni isotope at SISSE/LISE3 facility in GANIL. Primary beam: $^{58}\text{Ni}^{26+}$ at 74.5 MeV/nucleon; target=natural Ni. Fragment separator= α -LISE3. Identification by energy loss, residual energy and time-of-flight measurements using two micro-channel plate (MCP) detectors and Si detectors. Double-sided silicon-strip detectors (DSSSD) and a thick Si(Li) detector were used to detect implanted events, charged particles and β particles. γ rays were detected by Ge detectors. Coincidences measured between charged particles, β rays and γ rays.

1996Fa09: experiment at FRS in GSI. Fragmentation reaction with ^{58}Ni primary beam of 650 MeV/nucleon and beryllium target. Identification by TOF, position information, magnetic field values and energy loss. Implantation into a Si telescope of 7 detectors. Coincidences between fragments and protons.

Data are from 2007Do17, unless otherwise stated.

 ^{50}Fe Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	Comments
0.0	0^+	
764.8 3	2^+	
1851.4 8	(4^+)	
3159.2 9	(6^+)	
4145+x		E(level): S(p)(^{50}Fe)+x, where x<12750 75 from $Q(\varepsilon)(^{50}\text{Co})$ -S(p)(^{50}Fe), S(p)(^{50}Fe)=4145 9 (2017Wa10).
8458 15	(6^+)	$\% p=100$ E(level): from E(p)(c.m.)=2772 12, S(p)(^{50}Fe)=4145 9 (2017Wa10) and E(^{49}Mn , $11/2^-$)=1541.31 25 (from Adopted Levels for ^{49}Mn in ENSDF database). E(p)(c.m.)=2772 12 is the weighted average of E(p)=2790 41 (1996Fa09), E(p)=2770 12 (2007Do17). E(level): identified as IAS of (6^+) g.s. of ^{50}Co based on strong ε decay to this level with $\log ft=3.32$.

[†] From the Adopted Levels.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	I_{β^+} [‡]	I_{ε} [‡]	$\log ft$ [†]	$I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)$ [‡]	Comments
(8.44×10^3 8)	8458	42.1 24	0.0358 23	3.32 3	42.1 24	av $E_{\beta^+}=3686$ 32; $\varepsilon K=0.000757$ 19; $\varepsilon L=8.02 \times 10^{-5}$ 20; $\varepsilon M+=1.40 \times 10^{-5}$ 4 $I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)$: from delayed proton intensity (2007Do17).
(6×10^3 [#] 6)	4145+x				28.4 25	$I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)$: intensity associated with εp decay, deduced from total $\% \varepsilon p=70.5$ 7 and $\% \varepsilon p=42.1$ 24 to 8463 level (2007Do17).
(1.374×10^4 7)	3159.2	15 3	0.0030 6	4.78 9	15 3	av $E_{\beta^+}=6127$ 37; $\varepsilon K=0.000178$ 3; $\varepsilon L=1.88 \times 10^{-5}$ 4; $\varepsilon M+=3.28 \times 10^{-6}$ 6 $I(\varepsilon + \beta^+)$: treated by the evaluators as an upper limit since there could be some possible γ feeding from higher levels.

[†] Deduced assuming $\Delta Q(\varepsilon)=180$ keV.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

[#] Estimated for a range of levels.

^{50}Co ε decay (38.8 ms) 2007Do17,1996Fa09 (continued) $\gamma(^{50}\text{Fe})$

E_γ	I_γ^\dagger	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
764.8	3	764.8	2^+	0.0	0^+
1086.6	7	1851.4	(4^+)	764.8	2^+
1307.8	5	3159.2	(6^+)	1851.4	(4^+)

† Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 ^{50}Co ε decay (38.8 ms) 2007Do17,1996Fa09Decay Scheme

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

