

C(${}^6\text{He}, {}^5\text{H}$) 2003Me11,2003Me18

Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. E. Purcell, C. G. Sheu	ENSDF	28-Feb-2019

[2003Me11,2003Me18](#): This experiment was performed at GSI. The primary ${}^{18}\text{O}$ beam with energy 340 MeV/nucleon on a Be target produces a secondary ${}^6\text{He}$ beam with energy 240 MeV/nucleon which strikes a C target. The coincidence detection of a triton and two neutrons allowed the ${}^5\text{H}$ spectrum to be determined by the invariant mass method. The ${}^5\text{H}$ spectrum had a resonance structure at $E_{\text{res}} \approx 3$ MeV above the ${}^3\text{H}+2n$ threshold with a width $\Gamma \approx 6$ MeV and $J^\pi = 1/2^+$. These results are also discussed in ([2004Ch16,2004Wo10](#)).

In ([2003Sh23](#)) a complete ${}^3\text{H}+n+n$ three-body dynamical model investigation is carried out that finds $E_{\text{g.s.}} = 2.5-3.0$ MeV and $\Gamma_{\text{g.s.}} = 3-4$ MeV.

 ${}^5\text{H}$ Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	Γ	$E_{\text{res}}({}^3\text{H}+2n)$ (MeV)
0	(1/2 ⁺)	≈ 6 MeV	≈ 3

[†] From systematics.