

$^{48}\text{Ti}(\text{d},2\text{p}) \quad 2004\text{Ra26}$

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 179, 1 (2022)	30-Nov-2021

2004Ra26: E=183 MeV deuteron beam from the AGOR cyclotron at KVI. Target was 4.9 mg/cm² metallic self-supporting 99% enriched ^{48}Ti . Reaction products were momentum-analyzed with the Big-Bite Spectrometer (BBS) (FWHM=120 keV) and detected with the EuroSuperNova detector. Measured $\sigma(\theta(\text{c.m.}))=0^\circ-1.5^\circ$. Deduced levels, J, π , B(GT). Measurement made as part of an effort to deduce the $^{48}\text{Ca T}_{1/2}(2\nu 2\beta^-)$. See $^{48}\text{Ca } 2\beta^-$ for results.

Other: [2006Fr03](#), [1998GaZS](#).

 $^{48}\text{Sc Levels}$

$\Sigma B(\text{GT}^+)=0.427 \ 108$ ([2004Ra26](#)).

E(level) [†]	J $^\pi$ [‡]	d σ /d Ω ($\mu\text{b}/\text{sr}$) [#]	Comments
(0.0)	6 ⁺		E(level),J $^\pi$: from Adopted Levels.
0.6 $\times 10^3$	3 ⁺		E(level),J $^\pi$: from figure 4 of 2006Fr03 .
1.4 $\times 10^3$	2 ⁻		E(level): from figure 4 of 2006Fr03 .
2.20 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	63.7 33	B(GT $^+$)=0.047 12.
2.52 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	19.1 23	Strongest G-T transition in ($^3\text{He},\text{t}$) is correlated with the weakest one in (d,2p) (2006Fr03). B(GT $^+$)=0.014 5.
2.98 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	97.4 23	
3.05 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	161.0 66	Barely observed in ($^3\text{He},\text{t}$) (2006Fr03). B(GT $^+$)=0.192 46 for 2.98 and 3.05 MeV doublet.
3.15 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	23.1 26	B(GT $^+$)=0.017 5.
3.70 $\times 10^3$ 2	2 ⁻	29.2 46	J $^\pi$: from figure 4 of 2006Fr03 . d σ /d Ω suggests $J^\pi \neq 1^+$.
4.00 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	20.8 24	B(GT $^+$)=0.016 5.
4.14 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	120.7 55	Barely observed in ($^3\text{He},\text{t}$) (2006Fr03). B(GT $^+$)=0.090 22.
4.28 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	33.5 34	B(GT $^+$)=0.025 8.
4.76 $\times 10^3$ 2	1 ⁺	34.3 32	B(GT $^+$)=0.026 8.

[†] From [2004Ra26](#), accurate to ≈ 20 keV.

[‡] Suggested from d σ /d Ω ([2004Ra26](#)), except as noted.

[#] q=0. Uncertainties are statistical.