Adopted Levels

	History			
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date	
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 179, 1 (2022)	30-Nov-2021	

S(p)=-270 SY 2021Wa16

 $\Delta S(p) = 740$ (syst, 2021Wa16). Other: 505 keV 351 calculated by 1997Or04.

S(2p)=-2390 300, Q(εp)=18020 660 (syst,2021Wa16). Others: one possible 2p decay with decay energy of 1.35 MeV 2 reported by 2005Do20; 1.29 MeV 4 from 2014Po05; 1.29 MeV 33 calculated by 1997Or04.

- 2014Po05 (also 2011Po09,2012Po03): ⁴⁸Ni ions were produced at NSCL by fragmentation of a E=160 MeV/nucleon ⁵⁸Ni beam impinging on a 580 mg/cm² thick natural nickel target. Products were selected by the A1900 fragment separator and identified by time of flight and energy loss information then slowed in an aluminum foil and stopped in the active volume of the optical time-projection chamber (OTPC) which was filled with a mixture of He, Ar, and N gases and used to track charged particles. Measured reaction products, half-life, E(p), production σ , proton energy distribution. Deduced T_{1/2}, proton emission probabilities, Q(2p).
- 2005Do20: Ni(58 Ni,X) E=74.5 MeV/nucleon. Measured projectile fragments (SISSI-LISE3 facility at GANIL; 50 μ m thick Be degrader in intermediate focal plane, two microchannel plate detectors in first focal plane and four Si detectors at end of LISE3 beam line; tof). Four implantation events recorded; all correlated with subsequent decay events. See 2005B131 and 2005Gi15 for preliminary results.

2002Ch28,2001Gi02,2000Bl01: Ni(⁵⁸Ni,X) E=74.5 MeV/nucleon. Measured projectile fragments (SISSI; LISE3 separator; 5 Si detectors; tof). 4 events for ⁴⁸Ni; σ =0.05 pb 2. See also 2000BIZZ.

Others: 2003Ba99 calculated two-proton decay widths. 2003Br07 calculated $T_{1/2}(2p)$ and compared to data. 2003Gr24 calculated $T_{1/2}(2p)$ vs decay energy. 2004Pf02 compiled theoretical Q's and $T_{1/2}(2p)$'s. 2005Pf01 compiled two-proton decay data and theory. 2004Bb14 calculated 2p spectroscopic factors.

⁴⁸Ni decays to ⁴⁶Fe by 2p decay and to ⁴⁷Fe by β^+ p decay.

⁴⁸Ni Levels

E(level)	J^{π}	T _{1/2}	Comments
0	0+	2.1 ms +14-6	%2p=70 20 (2011Po09,2014Po05); %β ⁺ p=30 20 (2011Po09,2014Po05) T _{1/2} : measured by 2011Po09 from maximum-likelihood analysis for six events for which decay time could be measured. Two identified ⁴⁸ Ni nuclei were not observed to decay, a possible explanation is that their decay occurred within 70 μs of implantation before the chamber reached full sensitivity. Based on the branching ratios deduced in this study partial half-life for the β ⁺ p channel is 7.0 ms +66–51, and for 2p channel is 3.0 ms +22–12 (2011Po09). Same half-life reported in 2014Po05. Others: 2.1 ms +21–7 from 2005Do20; >0.5 μs (2000B101, estimated from TOF). See 2006Ro09 for calculations of the partial T _{1/2} (⁴⁸ Ni g.s.,0 ⁺ → ⁴⁶ Fe g.s.,0 ⁺)'s for diproton and sequential 2p decay. Decay modes from observation of two events decaying by β ⁺ p decay and four by proton decay (2011Po09). 2005Do20 report one event with decay energy of 1.35 MeV 2 with no β coincident consistent with model predictions for 2p decay, which happens after 1.66 ms and is followed by charged-particle emission with an energy release of 4748 keV 20 after 1.03 ms. One-proton emission energetically forbidden (1997Or04, 1996Co14, 1991Br06). Production σ=100 fb 30 (2011Po09), 150 fb 50 (2014Po05); 50 fb 20 (2000B101).