

${}^{48}\text{Ca}({}^6\text{Li}, {}^6\text{Li}')$ 2010Kr06

<u>Type</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>History Citation</u>	<u>Literature Cutoff Date</u>
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 179, 1 (2022)	30-Nov-2021

2010Kr06: E=240 MeV ${}^6\text{Li}$ beam from the Texas A&M K500 superconducting cyclotron. Target was a 4.4 mg/cm² 95% enriched self-supporting ${}^{48}\text{Ca}$ foil. Scattered particles were momentum-analyzed with a multipole-dipole-multipole magnetic spectrometer and detected with the focal-plane detector consisting of four 60cm resistive wire proportional counters, an ionization chamber and a scintillator. Measured $\sigma(\theta_{\text{c.m.}}=4^\circ \text{ to } 40^\circ)$. Deduced transition strengths from DWBA analysis with Double-folding model.

 ${}^{48}\text{Ca}$ Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u>J^{π}</u>	<u>Comments</u>
0	0 ⁺	
3832	2 ⁺	B(E2) \uparrow =0.0116 12, 0.0126 13, 0.0140 14, 0.0155 16; with different optical model parameter sets. Weighted average of those values gives 0.0131 12.
4507	3 ⁻	B(E3) \uparrow =0.0075 8, 0.0083 8, 0.0085 9, 0.0094 9, 0.0105 11; with different optical model parameter sets. Weighted average of those values gives 0.0087 8.