

⁴⁴V ε decay (150 ms) 1997Ha04

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen and Balraj Singh		NDS 190,1 (2023)	20-Jun-2023

Parent: ⁴⁴V: E=268 10; J^π=(6)⁺; T_{1/2}=150 ms 3; Q(ε)=13749 7; %ε+%β⁺ decay=100

⁴⁴V-E,J^π,T_{1/2}: From the Adopted Levels of ⁴⁴V.

⁴⁴V-T_{1/2}: From 1997Ha04, average of values for five different γ rays, adopted in ⁴⁴V Adopted Levels.

⁴⁴V-Q(ε): From Adopted Levels of ⁴⁴V based on newly measured mass of ⁴⁴V by 2022Wa39. Other: 13741 7 from 2021Wa16.

⁴⁴V-%ε+%β⁺ decay: Evaluators assume that there is no IT decay from the 150-ms isomer.

1997Ha04: ⁴⁴V produced by ⁴⁰Ca(⁶Li,2n) E=35 MeV at the TASCC facility of the Chalk River Laboratories. 68% efficient HPGe detectors for detecting γ-rays and scintillators for detecting positrons. Measured Eγ, Iγ, γγ, T_{1/2}(⁴⁴V isomer), γββ and γγβ coin. Deduced levels, branching ratios, log ft.

1994Ke07: ⁴⁴V produced by Ni(⁵⁸Ni,X) with E=69 MeV/nucleon ⁵⁸Ni beam produced from the GANIL cyclotrons on a natural nickel target of 50 mg/cm². A telescope of two 150 μm silicon detectors for detecting product nuclei, a plastic scintillator for detecting positrons and four germanium detectors for detecting γ-rays. Measured T_{1/2}, βγ coin. Deduced an isomeric ratio of 25% in ⁴⁴V.

⁴⁴Ti Levels

E(level) [†]	J ^π [‡]	T _{1/2} [‡]
0.0	0 ⁺	59.1 y 3
1083.10 10	2 ⁺	2.57 ps 37
2454.35 13	4 ⁺	0.433 ps 35
4015.37 15	6 ⁺	0.42 ps 6
4803.07 32	(6 ⁺)	
6848.87 20	(6) ⁺	

[†] From a least-squares fit to γ-ray energies.

[‡] From the Adopted Levels.

ε,β⁺ radiations

β⁺ feeding to 2454 level: 6.0 51 (from intensity balance, 1997Ha04). It is set at zero here since almost no feeding is expected from log ft>10.3 for ΔJ=2, no transitions.

Unrealistic intensity balance=-5.7 9 at 4803 level suggests that other γ transitions, yet unseen, de-excite the 4803 level.

E(decay)	E(level)	Iβ ⁺ [‡]	Iε [‡]	Log ft	I(ε+β ⁺) ^{†‡}	Comments
(7168 12)	6848.87	44 5	<0.26	3.44 5	44 5	av Eβ=2859 6; εK=8.64×10 ⁻⁴ 12; εL=9.41×10 ⁻⁵ 13; εM+=1.539×10 ⁻⁵ 23
(10002 12)	4015.37	56 5	<0.14	4.110 40	56 5	Superalloyed β transition. av Eβ=4247 6; εK=2.912×10 ⁻⁴ 34; εL=3.170×10 ⁻⁵ 38; εM+=5.19×10 ⁻⁶ 7

[†] From γ intensity balance at each level.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^{44}V ε decay (150 ms) 1997Ha04 (continued)

$\gamma(^{44}\text{Ti})$

I γ normalization: I(γ +ce)(1083 γ)=100.

E_γ †	I_γ ‡#	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ‡
1083.09 10	100.0	1083.10	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2
1371.22 8	94.3 36	2454.35	4 ⁺	1083.10	2 ⁺	E2
1561.00 8	85.9 35	4015.37	6 ⁺	2454.35	4 ⁺	E2
2045.6 4	8.1 6	6848.87	(6 ⁺)	4803.07	(6 ⁺)	
2348.5 4	2.4 6	4803.07	(6 ⁺)	2454.35	4 ⁺	
2833.42 14	32.9 24	6848.87	(6 ⁺)	4015.37	6 ⁺	

† From 1997Ha04.

‡ From the Adopted Gammas.

Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^{44}V ε decay (150 ms) 1997Ha04

Decay Scheme

Intensities: I(γ +ce) per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

