

**Adopted Levels, Gammas**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen <sup>#</sup>		NDS 126, 1 (2015)	31-Mar-2015

$Q(\beta^-)=4566$  5;  $S(n)=5658$  8;  $S(p)=14.39 \times 10^3$  14;  $Q(\alpha)=-11270$  50 [2012Wa38](#)  
 $S(2n)=15085$  5,  $S(2p)=27579$  7 ([2012Wa38](#)).  
 First identification of <sup>43</sup>Ar nuclide by [1969Ha03](#).  
[1971Ar32](#): <sup>232</sup>Th(<sup>40</sup>Ar, X), E=290 MeV; measured fragments isotopic yields.  
[2005BI33](#): measured charge radii.  
[2007Na31](#): <sup>136</sup>Xe(p,X) production cross sections.  
 Mean-square radius from energy-integrated cross sections: [1999Ai02](#), [1997Li15](#).  
 Mass measurements: [2001He29](#).  
[2008BI01](#): mass-separated <sup>43</sup>Ar ion beam obtained from spallation of Ti by 1.4 GeV beam provided by CERN synchrotron followed by on-line mass separation at ISOLDE-CERN facility. Measured spins, isotope shifts, hyperfine structure, mean-square charge radii, magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole moments by fast beam collinear laser spectroscopy using highly sensitive ion detection of optical resonance. Comparisons with spherical Skyrme-type Hartree-Fock mean-field calculations.  
 Structure calculations: [2011Ka03](#), [2007Sh10](#), [1991Wa19](#), [1987Sa19](#), [1974G104](#).

<sup>43</sup>Ar Levels

Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

<b>A</b>	<sup>43</sup> Cl β <sup>-</sup> decay (3.13 s)	<b>D</b>	<sup>48</sup> Ca(α, <sup>9</sup> Be)
<b>B</b>	<sup>1</sup> H( <sup>43</sup> Ar, p')	<b>E</b>	<sup>208</sup> Pb( <sup>40</sup> Ar, Xγ)
<b>C</b>	<sup>9</sup> Be( <sup>36</sup> S, 2pγ)		

E(level)	J <sup>π</sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub>	XREF	Comments
0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>	5.37 min 6	<b>ABCDE</b>	$\% \beta^- = 100$ $\mu = -1.021$ 6 ( <a href="#">2008BI01</a> , <a href="#">2014StZZ</a> ) $Q = +0.142$ 14 ( <a href="#">2008BI01</a> , <a href="#">2014StZZ</a> ) Evaluated rms charge radius = 3.4414 fm 41 ( <a href="#">2013An02</a> ). $\mu, Q$ : fast beam collinear laser spectroscopy using highly sensitive ion detection of optical resonance. Statistical uncertainty = 0.002 and systematic uncertainty of 10% in Q due to electric field gradient and Sternheimer shielding correction are combined in quadrature. Isotope shift ( <sup>38</sup> Ar, <sup>43</sup> Ar) = 556.7 MHz 23 ( <a href="#">2008BI01</a> ); statistical uncertainty = 1.4, systematic uncertainty = 1.8. Measured mean-square radius ( $r_0^2$ ) = 1.23 fm <sup>2</sup> 8 (beam energy = 50 MeV/nucleon, <a href="#">1999Ai02</a> ), 1.31 fm <sup>2</sup> 7 (beam energy = 90 MeV/nucleon, <a href="#">1999Ai02</a> ), 1.23 fm <sup>2</sup> 3 (beam energy = 70 MeV/nucleon, <a href="#">1997Li15</a> ). The rms charge radius ( $\langle r^2 \rangle$ ) <sup>1/2</sup> = 3.4415 fm 23 from $\delta \langle r^2 \rangle$ ( <sup>38</sup> Ar, <sup>43</sup> Ar) = +0.221 fm <sup>2</sup> 14(stat) 66(syst) ( <a href="#">2008BI01</a> , laser spectroscopy). $J^\pi$ : from laser spectroscopy in <a href="#">2008BI01</a> . Hyperfine structure intervals and relative amplitudes of the resonances firmly establish 5/2. $\log ft = 6.6$ ( $\log f^{1u} t < 8.5$ ) to 3/2 <sup>-</sup> and $\log ft = 6.2$ to 5/2 <sup>+</sup> give 3/2 or 5/2. $\log ft = 7.8$ to 7/2 <sup>-</sup> and $\log ft = 7.9$ to 7/2 <sup>+</sup> make 3/2 less likely. Model arguments as discussed by <a href="#">1999Ma89</a> propose 5/2 <sup>-</sup> or 7/2 <sup>-</sup> from systematics of N=23 and 25 nuclides. Possible configuration = $\pi d_{3/2}^{-2} \nu f_{7/2}^{-3}$ ( <a href="#">1999Ma89</a> ). $T_{1/2}$ : from <a href="#">1970Hu11</a> (β and γ activity measurements). Other: 5.35 min 15 (β decay, <a href="#">1969Ha03</a> ), 6.5 min 18 ( <a href="#">1969La16</a> ).
0+x	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )		<b>E</b>	E(level): predicted value of x ≈ 100 keV ( <a href="#">2011Sz02</a> ), 200 keV ( <a href="#">2009Mo09</a> ).
201.27? 16	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )		<b>C</b>	E(level): this level was proposed only in <a href="#">2009Mo09</a> but not confirmed in other measurements. It is probably the same level as the 0+x level.
762.05 8	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )		<b>A E</b>	$J^\pi$ : from theoretical predictions in <sup>9</sup> Be( <sup>36</sup> S, 2pγ). $J^\pi$ : from theoretical predictions in <sup>208</sup> Pb( <sup>40</sup> Ar, Xγ).

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Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued) $^{43}\text{Ar}$  Levels (continued)

E(level)	$J^\pi$	XREF	Comments
1381.74 7		A	
1441.48 10		A	
1527.4+x 5	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	E	$J^\pi$ : assignment based on conclusion from 1999Ma89 that this is a negative parity state which is dominated by a configuration with the valence neutrons in the $fp$ shell and new results from 2006Wi10.
1610 40	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )	B	$\beta_2=0.25$ 3 (1999Ma89) $\beta_2$ is from assumed E2 excitation. $J^\pi$ : from syst (1999Ma89).
1740 50		D	E(level): this level may correspond to the 1794 level reported in $^{43}\text{Cl}$ $\beta^-$ .
1793.80 10	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	A	$J^\pi$ : from shell-model prediction; allowed $\beta^-$ decay from (1/2 <sup>+</sup> ).
1816.8 7		A	
1859+x 2	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )	E	$J^\pi$ : assignment based on strong $2^+ \otimes f_{7/2}$ component of the wave function for the state, similar to that in $^{41}\text{Ar}$ .
1944.96? 21		A	
2344.4 8		A	
2390.50 15		A	
2520.38 13		A D	XREF: D(2550).
2798.8? 5		A	
3374.8? 5		A	
3395.8? 3		A	
3425.5? 5		A	
3549.4? 7		A D	XREF: D(3560).
4247.06 17	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	A	$J^\pi$ : $\log ft=4.9$ from (1/2 <sup>+</sup> ) parent; 4247.0 $\gamma$ to 5/2 <sup>(-)</sup> .
4289.0? 5		A	
4550.8? 4		A	
4.74 $\times 10^3$ 10		D	

 $\gamma(^{43}\text{Ar})$ 

$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$
201.27?	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )	201.27 16		0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )	761.81 11	100	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
1381.74		619.56 10	36 3	762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )
		1381.79 7	100 6	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
1441.48		679.24 10	100 7	762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )
		1441.69 23	16 3	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
1527.4+x	(11/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1527.4 5	100	0+x	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )
1793.80	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	352.13 14	2.3 3	1441.48	
		411.8 3	1.37 21	1381.74	
		1031.84 9	100.0 27	762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )
		1793.5 6	3.03 19	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
1816.8		1816.5 <sup>†</sup> 3	100	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
1859+x	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1859 2	100	0+x	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )
1944.96?		1944.96 <sup>†</sup> 21	100	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
2344.4		903 <sup>†</sup>		1441.48	
		2344 <sup>†</sup>		0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
2390.50		948.96 17	33 3	1441.48	
		1008.82 24	13.3 25	1381.74	
		1628.1 <sup>†</sup> 6	13.5 27	762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )
		2390.5 4	100 8	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
2520.38		726.58 8	100 5	1793.80	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )

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**Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)** $\gamma(^{43}\text{Ar})$  (continued)

$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$
2520.38		1758.2 5	6.3 26	762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )
2798.8?		2036.4 <sup>†</sup> 4	100	762.05	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> )
3374.8?		1933.3 <sup>†</sup> 5	100	1441.48	
3395.8?		3395.8 <sup>†</sup> 3	100	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
3425.5?		1631.8 <sup>†</sup> 5	100	1793.80	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )
3549.4?		2108.0 <sup>†</sup> 7	100	1441.48	
4247.06	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	2430.0 <sup>†</sup> 5	42 5	1816.8	
		2452.7 6	39 5	1793.80	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )
		2805.43 17	83 9	1441.48	
		2865.7 4	24 4	1381.74	
		4247.0 7	100 20	0	5/2 <sup>(-)</sup>
4289.0?		2344.0 <sup>†</sup> 4	100	1944.96?	
4550.8?		3109.3 <sup>†</sup> 4	100	1441.48	

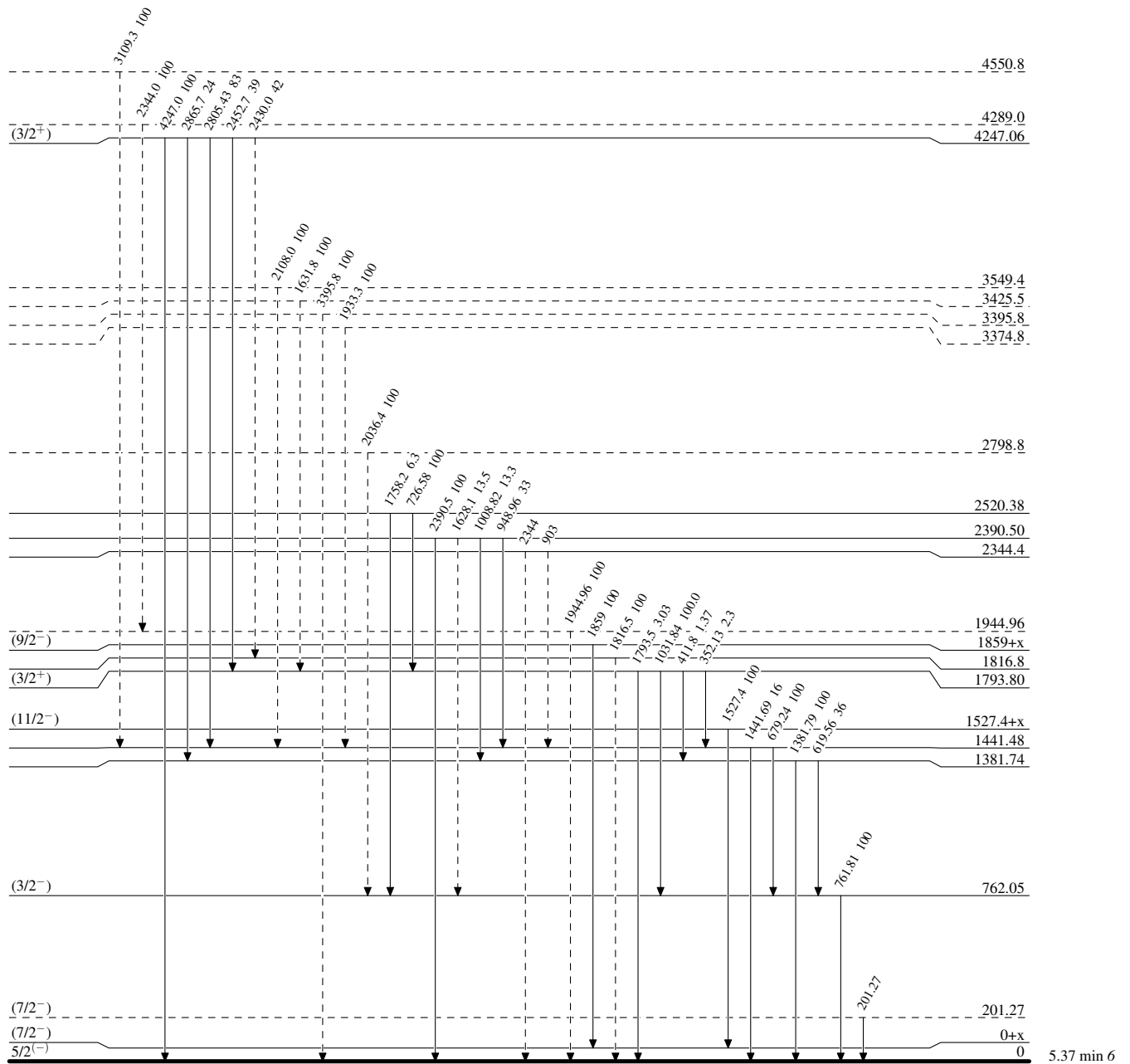
<sup>†</sup> Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

Adopted Levels, Gammas

Legend

Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

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