

$^{40}\text{Ca}(\alpha, ^2\text{He}) \quad \textcolor{blue}{1990\text{Fi07}, 1980\text{Va17}}$

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen [#] and Balraj Singh	NDS 135, 1 (2016)		31-May-2016

1990Fi07: E=55.7 MeV α beam was produced at the Bonn isochroneous cyclotron. A target of ^{40}Ca enriched to 99.8%. ^2He is detected by measuring the two breakup protons in coincidence with a pair of vertically arranged ΔE -E detector telescopes, FWHM=200-300 keV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, J^π , L from DWBA analysis.

1980Va17: E=65 MeV α beam was produced at the AVF cyclotron of the KVI. A solid and self-supporting target of ^{40}Ca . Break-up protons from the outgoing ^2He were detected with two ΔE -E solid-state counter telescopes. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced level, J^π , L from DWBA analysis.

1978Ja10 (also **1978Ja22**, **1980StZO**): E=55 MeV. Measured pp coin, $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced reaction mechanism. 6^+ state at 3190 is the most intensely populated state, whereas 0, 1530, 2750, 7400 and 9040 are very weak in the spectrum shown by **1978Ja10**.

 ^{42}Ca Levels

E(level) [†]	L [‡]	Normalization constant N [†]	Comments
0 [#]	0	260 20	N=410 200 (1980Va17).
1530 [#] 50	2	260 20	
2750 [#] 50	4	180 15	N=160 40 (1980Va17).
3190 [#] 50	6	120 5	N=140 40 (1980Va17).
3660 70	2		E(level),L: from 1980Va17 . N=350 200 for $\nu f_{7/2}^2$, 43 20 for $\nu f_{7/2} p_{3/2}$, 60 30 for $\nu p_{3/2}^2$ (1980Va17).
4830 ^{&} 50	4	30 4	E(level): 5010 70 (1980Va17). N=190 70 for $\nu f_{7/2}^2$, 28 8 for $\nu f_{7/2} p_{3/2}$, 190 70 for $\nu f_{7/2} \nu f_{5/2}$ (1980Va17).
5380 [@] 50	6	9 1	E(level): 7400 (1978Ja10), 7510 50 (1980Va17).
7280 [@] 50	6	6 1	L: in 1980Va17 , L=6 fits well, but L=5 and 7 cannot be discarded. N(for L=6)=70 20 for $\nu f_{7/2}^2$, 17 6 for $\nu f_{7/2} \nu f_{5/2}$ (1980Va17).
8810 50	‡		
9080 50	6,7,8‡		E(level): 9040 (1978Ja10), 9111 50 (1980Va17). L: from 1980Va17 , L=6 is less probable. N(for L=6)=80 30 for $\nu f_{7/2}^2$, 18 5 for $\nu f_{7/2} \nu f_{5/2}$. N(for L=7)=34 7 for $\nu f_{7/2} g_{9/2}$. N(for L=8)=6 2 for $\nu g_{9/2}^2$ (1980Va17).
9330 50	‡		
9600 50	5,6‡		E(level): 9510 50 (1980Va17). L: from 1980Va17 , L=5 fits slightly better than L=6. N(for L=5)=18 4 for $\nu f_{7/2} \nu g_{9/2}$, 65 10 for $\nu p_{3/2} \nu g_{9/2}$. N(for L=6)=30 6 for $\nu f_{7/2} \nu f_{5/2}$ (1980Va17).
9870 50	6,7,8‡		E(level): 9990 50 (1980Va17). L: from 1980Va17 , L=6 is less probable. N(for L=6)=18 4 for $\nu f_{7/2} \nu f_{5/2}$. N(for L=7)=32 6 for $\nu f_{7/2} g_{9/2}$. N(for L=8)=6 2 for $\nu g_{9/2}^2$ (1980Va17).
10160 50	‡		

[†] From **1990Fi07**, unless otherwise stated. N=[dσ/dΩ](exp)/[dσ/dΩ](DWBA).

[‡] L≥5 (**1990Fi07**).

[#] Member of $\nu f_{7/2}^2$ multiplet.

 $^{40}\text{Ca}(\alpha, ^2\text{He})$ 1990Fi07, 1980Va17 (continued) ^{42}Ca Levels (continued)

@ Member of $\nu f_{7/2} \otimes \nu f_{5/2}$ multiplet.

& Configuration = $\nu f_{7/2} \otimes \nu p_{3/2}$.