

$^{40}\text{Ca}(^{96}\text{Zr}, ^{94}\text{Zr})$ **2011Co14**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen [#] and Balraj Singh		NDS 135, 1 (2016)	31-May-2016

Two-neutron transfer channel in inverse kinematics.

2011Co14: $E(^{96}\text{Zr})=275\text{-}330$ MeV from XTU-Tandem + ALPI at LNL, Legnaro. This energy is at or up to 25% below the Coulomb barrier, thus only the neutron transfer channels are relevant. Target= CaF_2 , $50 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ strip supported on a $15 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ carbon backing. The Ca-like recoils were detected by PRISMA magnetic spectrometer. Mass identification was made from event-by-event reconstruction of the ion trajectory in the magnetic elements. Measured excitation functions. Deduced total kinetic energy loss (TKEL) distributions, differential cross sections and transfer probabilities. Comparison with semi-classical microscopic calculations.

[Additional information 1.](#)

 ^{42}Ca Levels

E(level)	J^π	Comments
0	0^+	
5.76×10^3	0^+	Transition to 5.76 MeV, 0^+ state is much stronger than for g.s. The 5.76 MeV state is dominated by two neutrons in the $2p_{3/2}$ shell.