

^{40}Si β^- -n decay: 27.6 ms 2017Tr02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 149, 1 (2018)	1-Jan-2018

Parent: ^{40}Si : $E=0$; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=27.6$ ms 14; $Q(\beta^-n)=1013\times 10^1$ 36; $\% \beta^-n$ decay=38 5

^{40}Si - $T_{1/2}$: Measured by 2017Tr02, from decay curve of β -implant correlations, in coincidence with strong γ rays. It is 33.0 ms 10 (from 2004Gr20) in Adopted Levels of ^{40}Si in 2015 evaluation.

^{40}Si - $Q(\beta^-n)$: 10130 360 (2017Wa10: AME-2016).

^{40}Si - $\% \beta^-n$ decay: $\% \beta^-n=38$ 5 for ^{40}Si decay determined by 2017Tr02, out of which 20% feeding was observed by the authors to feed the 355 and 973 levels. A large fraction of $\% \beta^-n$ probably feeds the ground state of ^{39}P .

2017Tr02: ^{40}Si produced in $^9\text{Be}(^{48}\text{Ca}, X)$, $E=140$ MeV/nucleon reaction, and separated using A1900 fragment separator at NSCL-MSU facility. The fragments were detected by a 16×16 segmented planar Ge double-sided strip detector (GeDSSD) for timing and position of the implanted ions, and subsequent decays. Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin using SeGA array of 16 segmented Ge detectors. Deduced $\% \beta^-n$. Comparison with shell-model calculations.

All data are from 2017Tr02. Level scheme and J^π assignments are based on the work of 2004So30 in $^9\text{Be}(^{48}\text{Ca}, X\gamma)$.

 ^{39}P Levels

<u>$E(\text{level})^\dagger$</u>	<u>J^π</u>
0	(1/2 ⁺)
355 1	(3/2 ⁺)
973 1	(5/2 ⁺)

[†] From E_γ .

 $\gamma(^{39}\text{P})$

<u>E_γ^\dagger</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
355 1	355	(3/2 ⁺)	0	(1/2 ⁺)
973 1	973	(5/2 ⁺)	0	(1/2 ⁺)

[†] Uncertainty of 1 keV in E_γ value assumed based on similar assignment for other γ rays in 2017Tr02.

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Decay Scheme

