

$^{40}\text{Ti}$   $\epsilon\text{p}$  decay (52.4 ms) [1998Bh12](#),[1998Li46](#),[2007Do17](#)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 149, 1 (2018)	1-Jan-2018

Parent:  $^{40}\text{Ti}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=0^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=52.4$  ms 3;  $Q(\epsilon\text{p})=11.14\times 10^3$  16;  $\% \epsilon\text{p}$  decay=100.0

$^{40}\text{Ti}$ - $T_{1/2}$ : From Adopted Levels of  $^{40}\text{Ti}$ , taken from [2007Do17](#). Others: 53.5 ms 25 ([2001Gi01](#),[2001Gi02](#)), 52.7 ms 15 (reported in [1998Bh12](#) as the average of 53.6 ms 6 from an independent analysis of the same data in [1997Tr11](#), and 51.7 ms 6 in [1997Tr11](#)), 54 ms 2 ([1998Li46](#), 55 ms 2 in [1997Li25](#)), and 56 ms +18-12 ([1990De43](#)).

$^{40}\text{Ti}$ - $Q(\epsilon\text{p})$ : From [2017Wa10](#).

$^{40}\text{Ti}$ - $\% \epsilon\text{p}$  decay: From Adopted Levels of  $^{40}\text{Ti}$ . 95.8% 13 from [2007Do17](#), which gives  $I_\gamma=4.2$  13 for  $\gamma$  transitions in  $^{40}\text{Sc}$  presumably ending up feeding the  $^{40}\text{Sc}$  ground state.

$^{40}\text{Ti}$  decays to  $^{39}\text{Ca}$  by  $\epsilon\text{p}$  ( $\approx 100\%$ ).

[1998Bh12](#) (also [1998Le45](#),[1997Tr11](#)):  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  ions were produced at GANIL by fragmentation of a 82.6 MeV/nucleon  $^{50}\text{Cr}$  beam on a 272.4 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> nickel target. Fragments were separated and selected by the LISE3 spectrometer and then implanted into a stack of five Si surface-barrier detectors.  $\gamma$  rays were detected with five HPGe detectors. Measured E(p), I(p),  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $\text{p}\gamma$ -coin,  $\text{p}\beta$ -coin, decay time distribution. Deduced levels,  $\beta$ -delayed proton emission probabilities,  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  half-life. Comparisons with data from other measurements.

[1998Li46](#) (also [2001Li56](#),[1997Li25](#)):  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  ions were produced at GSI by fragmentation of a 500 MeV/nucleon  $^{58}\text{Ni}$  beam from the heavy-ion synchrotron SIS on a 4 g/cm<sup>2</sup>  $^9\text{Be}$  target. Fragments were separated by the separator FRS by energy loss determined by a multiple sampling ionization chamber (MUSIC) and mass-to-charge ratio determined with FRS. Selected  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  ions were implanted into a stack of eight Si detectors.  $\gamma$  rays were detected with an array of 14 large-volume Crystal Ball NaI detectors. Measured E(p), I(p),  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $\text{p}\gamma$ -coin, decay time distribution. Deduced levels,  $\beta$ -delayed proton emission probabilities,  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  half-life. Comparisons with data from other measurements.

[2007Do17](#):  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  source was produced via fragmentation of  $^{58}\text{Ni}$  beam at 74.5 MeV/nucleon on a natural Ni target at SISSE/LISE3 facility in GANIL. Fragments were separated by the fragment separator  $\alpha$ -LISE3, identified by energy loss, residual energy and time-of-flight measured using two micro-channel plate (MCP) detectors and Si detectors. detectors and implanted into double-sided silicon-strip detectors (DSSSD) and a thick Si(Li) detector to detect implanted events, charged particles and  $\beta$  particles.  $\gamma$  rays were detected by four Ge detectors. Measured E(p), I(p),  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $\text{p}\gamma$ -coin, decay time distribution. Deduced levels,  $\beta$ -delayed proton emission probabilities,  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  half-life.

Others:

[1990De43](#):  $^{40}\text{Ti}$  isotope identified and four proton groups.

[2001Gi01](#) (also [2001Gi02](#)): four most intense proton groups reported. Also measured  $T_{1/2}$ .

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Comparison of proton energies ( $E_p(\text{lab})$ )												
	<a href="#">1998Bh12</a>	<a href="#">1998Li46</a>	<a href="#">2001Gi01</a>	<a href="#">2007Do17</a>	adopted	$E_x$						
p1		242	80			242	80	3221	60*			
p1		400	60			400	60	3409	62*			
p1	747	36	759	60		750	36	3780	9*			
p2		951	86			951	86	4518	12*			
p1	1111	20	1157	60		1116	20	4129	21*			
p1	1325	7	1322	25	1332	25	1330	19	1326	7	4359	8*
p1	1608	17	1580	40				1604	17	4649	11*	
p0	1701	6	1705	10	1703	10	1697	19	1702	6	2276	7
p1	1849	14						1849	14	4895	15	
p1	1957	21	1992	40				1965	21	5014	22*	
p1	2027	28						2027	28	5080	29*	
p0	2160	6	2167	10	2154	9	2161	18	2160	6	2746	7
p0	2341	10	2366	40				2342	10	2933	11	
p0	2542	16	2518	46				2539	16	3135	17	
p0			2609	60				2609	60	3221	60*	
p0	2728	16	2733	40				2729	16	3330	17	
p0	2957	47	2907	40				2928	40	3534	41	
p0	3039	8	3045	40				3039	8	3648	9	
p0	3170	8	3158	27				3169	8	3780	9*	
p0	3242	41						3242	41	3856	42	
p0	3443	21	3407	88				3441	21	4060	22	

p0	3487	25						3487	25	4129	21*	
p0	3639	8	3632	46				3639	8	4264	9	
p0	3734	7	3731	10	3736	14	3748	20	3734	7	4359	8*
p0	3887	11	3972	100				3887	11	4518	12*	
p0	4017	10						4017	10	4649	11*	
p0	4184	18	4137	60				4180	18	4819	19	
p0	4371	23	4347	74				4369	23	5014	22*	
p0	4433	31	4481	88				4438	31	5080	29*	
p0	4572	28						4572	28	5221	29	
p0			4702	60				4702	60	5354	62	
p0			4909	40				4909	40	5567	41	
p0	5034	20	5107	60				5041	20	5702	21	
p0			5213	80				5213	80	5879	82	
p0	5336	19						5336	19	6005	20	
p0			5448	60				5448	60	6120	62	
p0			5740	60				5740	60	6419	62	

## Notes:

- Adopted proton energy is from weighted average if applicable.
- $E_x = E_p * 1.026092 + 529.6$   $^{29} + E_x(^{39}\text{Ca})$ .  
 $E_x(^{39}\text{Ca}) = 0$  for decay to  $^{39}\text{Ca}$  ground state (p0 mode),  
 $E_x(^{39}\text{Ca}) = 2468.5$   $^9$  for p1 mode,  $3026$   $^3$  for p2 mode.  
 Values marked with (\*) are the averages from two proton groups.

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Comparison of proton intensities( $I_p$ )

$E_p$	$E_x$	1998Bh12	1998Li46	2001Gi01	2007Do17	adopted*
p1	242	3221		1.32	40	1.32 40
p1	400	3409		0.70	30	0.70 30
p1	750	3780	0.49 17	0.77	43	0.53 17
p2	951	4518		0.80	32	0.80 32
p1	1116	4129	0.53 13	0.77	42	0.55 13
p1	1326	4359	3.58 60	4.35	82	5.8 20 2.9 14 3.85 60
p1	1604	4649	0.38 18	0.40	20	0.39 18
p0	1702	2276	23.76 59	22.5	21	21.7 30 18.1 19 23.16 59
p1	1849	4895	1.41 32			1.41 32
p1	1965	5014	0.85 26	0.95	43	0.88 26
p1	2027	5080	0.44 11			0.44 11
p0	2160	2746	29.80 66	28.5	19	27.4 36 24.2 19 29.08 66
p0	2342	2933	1.94 41	0.60	18	1.94 41
p0	2539	3135	0.91 21	1.01	56	0.92 21
p0	2609	3221		1.05	42	1.05 42
p0	2729	3330	0.58 17	1.6	11	0.58 7
p0	2928	3534	0.11 11	0.69	28	0.69 28
p0	3039	3648	1.73 20	1.43	78	1.71 20
p0	3169	3780	2.09 23	3.4	16	2.12 23
p0	3242	3856	0.11 11			0.11 11
p0	3441	4060	0.43 14	0.57	30	0.46 14
p0	3487	4129	0.33 14			0.33 14
p0	3639	4264	2.05 22	1.09	27	2.05 22
p0	3734	4359	21.71 54	22.8	19	23.8 36 20.0 20 21.72 54
p0	3887	4518	1.83 28			1.83 28
p0	4017	4649	1.59 23	1.40	42	1.55 23
p0	4180	4819	0.72 17	1.27	53	0.77 17
p0	4369	5014	0.53 23	0.97	40	0.64 23
p0	4438	5080	0.42 24	0.73	22	0.59 22
p0	4572	5221	0.11 11			0.11 11
p0	4702	5354		0.55	21	0.55 21
p0	4909	5567		0.16	10	0.16 10
p0	5041	5702	0.24 9	0.41	30	0.25 9
p0	5213	5879		0.30	12	0.30 12
p0	5336	6005	0.21 7			0.21 7
p0	5448	6120		0.18	10	0.18 10
p0	5740	6419		0.11	6	0.11 6

sum of  $I_p$ :            99.9 16    101.4 44    79 6<sup>#</sup>            95.8 13<sup>@</sup>            103.9 18

## Notes:

\*: Adopted proton intensity is from weighted average if applicable.  
If data from [1998Bh12](#) and [1998Li46](#) are not consistent within error, value from [1998Bh12](#) is taken, unless otherwise noted.

#: sum of the four most intense proton groups

@: total proton branching ratio reported in [2007Do17](#)

 $^{39}\text{Ca}$  Levels

<u>E(level)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u><math>J^\pi</math><sup>†</sup></u>
0	3/2 <sup>+</sup>
2468.5	1/2 <sup>+</sup>
3026	3/2 <sup>-</sup>

<sup>†</sup> From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{39}\text{Ca})$ 

<u><math>E_\gamma</math></u>	<u><math>I_\gamma</math><sup>†</sup></u>	<u><math>E_i(\text{level})</math></u>	<u><math>J_i^\pi</math></u>	<u><math>E_f</math></u>	<u><math>J_f^\pi</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
2467.3 5	9 5	2468.5	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	0	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	$E_\gamma, I_\gamma$ : from <a href="#">2007Do17</a> .

<sup>†</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

Delayed Protons ( $^{39}\text{Ca}$ )

<u>E(p)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u>E(<math>^{39}\text{Ca}</math>)</u>	<u>I(p)<sup>†‡b</sup></u>	<u>E(<math>^{40}\text{Sc}</math>)<sup>#</sup></u>	<u>Comments</u>
242 <sup>@</sup> 80	2468.5	1.3 <sup>@</sup> 4	3221	
400 <sup>@</sup> 60	2468.5	0.7 <sup>@</sup> 3	3409	
750 36	2468.5	0.53 17	3780	
951 <sup>@</sup> 86	3026	0.8 <sup>@</sup> 3	4518	
1116 20	2468.5	0.55 13	4129	
1326 7	2468.5	3.9 6	4359	
1604 17	2468.5	0.39 18	4649	
1702 6	0	23.2 6	2276	<a href="#">Additional information 4.</a>
1849 <sup>ac</sup> 14	2468.5	1.4 3	4904	
1965 21	2468.5	0.86 26	5014	
2027 28	2468.5	0.44 11	5080	$E(p)=1992$ 40, $I_p=1.0$ 4 ( <a href="#">1998Li46</a> ) probably corresponds to 1957+2027 in <a href="#">1998Bh12</a> .
2160 6	0	29.1 7	2746	<a href="#">Additional information 3.</a>
2342 10	0	1.9 4	2933	
2539 16	0	0.92 21	3135	<a href="#">Additional information 2.</a>
2609 <sup>@</sup> 60	0	1.1 <sup>@</sup> 4	3221	
2729 16	0	0.58 17	3330	
2928 <sup>c</sup> 40	0	0.7 3	3534	
3039 8	0	1.71 20	3648	
3169 8	0	2.12 23	3780	
3242 <sup>&amp;c</sup> 41	0	0.11 <sup>&amp;</sup> 11	3856	
3441 21	0	0.46 14	4060	
3487 25	0	0.33 14	4129	$E(p)=3407$ 88, $I_p=0.6$ 3 ( <a href="#">1998Li46</a> ) probably corresponds to 3443+3487 in <a href="#">1998Bh12</a> .

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{40}\text{Ti}$   $\varepsilon$ p decay (52.4 ms) 1998Bh12,1998Li46,2007Do17 (continued)Delayed Protons (continued)

$E(p)^\dagger$	$E(^{39}\text{Ca})$	$I(p)^{\ddagger b}$	$E(^{40}\text{Sc})^\#$	Comments
3639 8	0	2.05 22	4264	
3734 7	0	21.7 5	4359	Additional information 1.
3887 11	0	1.8 3	4518	
4017 10	0	1.55 23	4649	$E(p)=3972$ 100, $I_p=1.4$ 4 (1998Li46) probably corresponds to 3887 or 4017 in 1998Bh12.
4180 18	0	0.77 17	4819	
4369 23	0	0.64 23	5022	
4438 31	0	0.59 20	5080	
4572 <sup>&amp;c</sup> 28	0	0.11 <sup>&amp;</sup> 11	5221	
4702 <sup>@</sup> 60	0	0.55 <sup>@</sup> 21	5354	
4909 <sup>@</sup> 40	0	0.16 <sup>@</sup> 10	5567	
5041 20	0	0.25 9	5702	
5213 <sup>@</sup> 80	0	0.30 <sup>@</sup> 12	5879	
5336 <sup>&amp;</sup> 19	0	0.21 <sup>&amp;</sup> 7	6005	
5448 <sup>@</sup> 60	0	0.18 <sup>@</sup> 10	6120	
5740 <sup>@</sup> 60	0	0.11 <sup>@</sup> 6	6419	

<sup>†</sup> Weighted average of values from 1998Bh12, 1998Li46, 2001Gi01 and 2007Do17 if available. See all values in tables for proton energies, intensities.

<sup>‡</sup> Additional information 5.

<sup>#</sup> From  $^{40}\text{Ti}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (52.4 ms).

<sup>@</sup> From 1998Li46 only.

<sup>&</sup> From 1998Bh12 only.

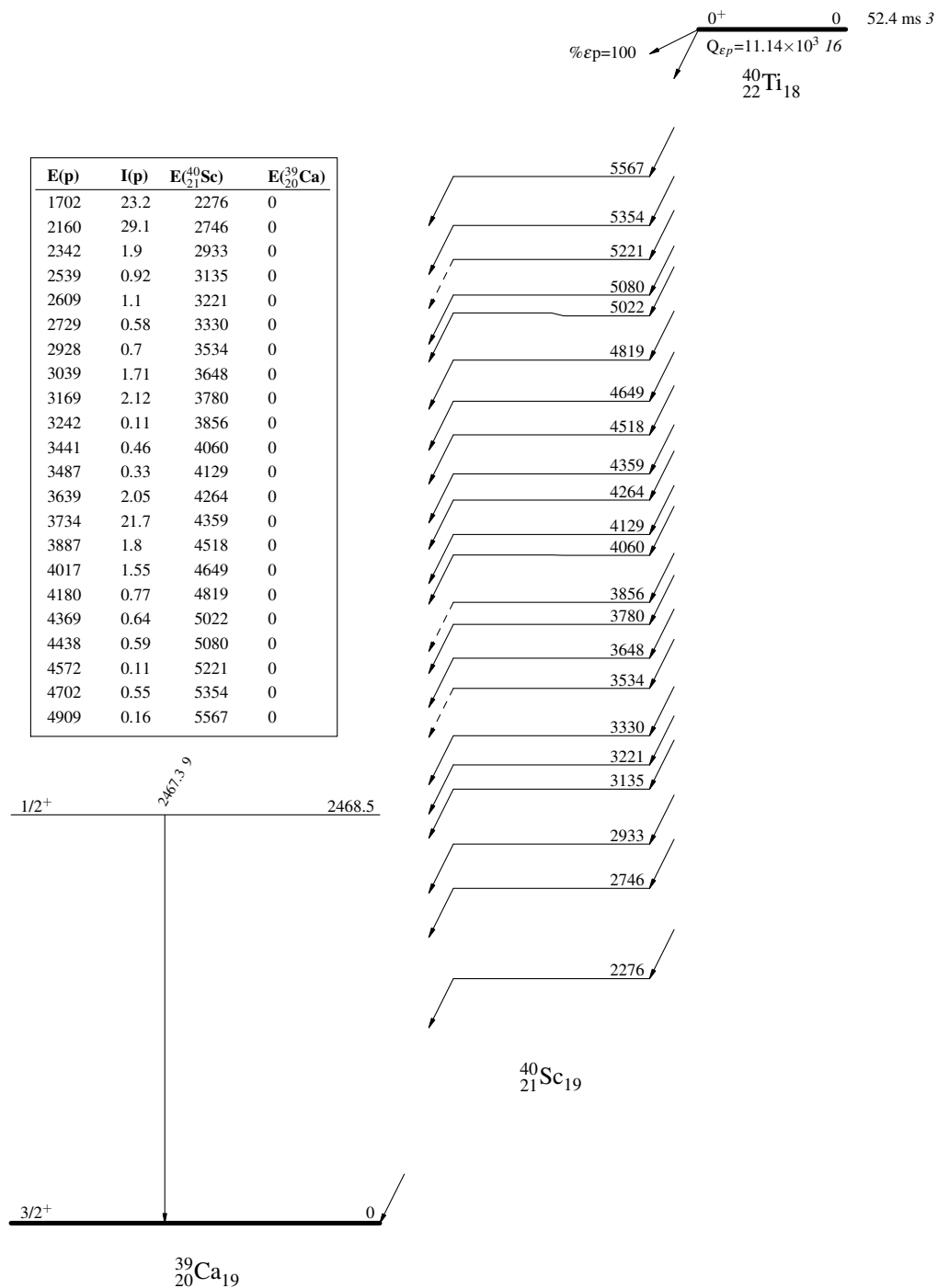
<sup>a</sup> This proton group is considered as suspect by the evaluators. With  $I(p)=1.4$  in 1998Bh12, this group should have been seen by 1998Li46. In addition 1998Bh12 do not list, in their table III, a level at 4904 in  $^{40}\text{Sc}$  corresponding to this proton group.

<sup>b</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

<sup>c</sup> Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

$^{40}_{22}\text{Ti}$   $\epsilon\text{p}$  decay (52.4 ms) 1998Bh12,1998Li46,2007Do17

## Decay Scheme

 $\gamma$  Intensities:  $I_\gamma$  per 100 parent decays $I(\text{p})$  Intensities:  $I(\text{p})$  per 100 parent decays

$^{40}_{22}\text{Ti}$   $\epsilon\text{p}$  decay (52.4 ms) 1998Bh12,1998Li46,2007Do17

## Decay Scheme (continued)

 $\gamma$  Intensities:  $I_\gamma$  per 100 parent decays $I(\text{p})$  Intensities:  $I(\text{p})$  per 100 parent decays