

$^{39}\text{K}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ **1972Ro10,1972Fe06,1966Bl04**

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 152, 1 (2018)	30-Sep-2017

$J^\pi(^{39}\text{K g.s.})=3/2^+$.

1972Ro10 (also thesis by [1973BeYE](#), [1971Ro07](#)): $E=8$ MeV ${}^3\text{He}$ beam was produced from the 4-MV Van de Graaff accelerator at Orsay and $E=10$ and 11 MeV beams from 5.5-MV Van de Graaff at Strasbourg. Targets were IK (natural or 99.97% enriched in ${}^{39}\text{K}$). Reaction products were momentum-analyzed with a magnetic spectrograph ($\text{FWHM} \approx 80$ keV). Measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, J , π , L-transfers, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis. Comparisons with available data and shell-model calculations.

1972Fe06 (also thesis by [1971FeZR](#)): $E=21.09$ MeV ${}^3\text{He}$ beam was produced from the Rutgers-Bell tandem Van de Graaff accelerator. Targets were $300 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ natural (93% in ${}^{39}\text{K}$) KI or KCN on a $20 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ backing. Reaction products were momentum-analyzed with a split-pole magnetic spectrograph ($\text{FWHM}=40$ keV) and detected with a proportional counter telescope. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, J , π , L-transfers, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis. Comparisons with available data and shell-model calculations.

1966Bl04: $E=9.0$ and 11.0 MeV ${}^3\text{He}$ beams were produced from the 6-MV Van de Graaff of the Universite Laval. Target was $40 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ natural potassium metal on a $40 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ carbon backing. Reaction products were momentum-analyzed with a broad-range magnetic spectrograph ($\text{FWHM}=40$ keV) and detected with nuclear emulsions. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, J , π , L-transfers, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis. Comparisons with available data.

1973Ro18: $E=8$ MeV. Measured $\sigma(\theta)$, deduced optical-model parameters. Deduced s factors for g.s., 2400, 3440 levels.

 ^{38}K Levels

Spectroscopic factor C^2S is defined in the following formula: $d\sigma/d\Omega(\exp)=N \times C^2S \times d\sigma/d\Omega(\text{DWBA})/(2j+1)$, where $j=1/2$ is for the transferred particle and N the normalization factor.

E(level) [†]	L @	C ² S &	Comments
0 133 10	2 2	1.9 0.49	C^2S : others: 1.8 (1972Fe06), 1.2 4 (1966Bl04). For $J=3$, $S=10.6$ or 9.1 (1973Ro18). $E(\text{level})$: 130 30 (1972Ro10), 138 10 (1972Fe06), 129 10 (1966Bl04). Analog of g.s. of ${}^{38}\text{Ar}$ and ${}^{38}\text{Ca}$.
463 10	0+2	0.2,0.29	C^2S : others: 0.32 (1972Fe06), 0.31 14 (1966Bl04). $E(\text{level})$: 450 30 (1972Ro10), 466 10 (1972Fe06), 458 15 (1966Bl04).
1702 15	2(+0)	0.74,<0.08	C^2S : others: 0.19, 0.22 (1972Fe06); <0.06, 0.32 9 (1966Bl04). $E(\text{level})$: 1700 30 (1972Ro10), 1700 15 (1972Fe06), 1704 15 (1966Bl04).
2401 10	2(+0)	1.3,<0.15	C^2S : others: 0.56, <0.05 (1972Fe06); 0.51 13, <0.08 (1966Bl04). $E(\text{level})$: 2400 30 (1972Ro10), 2400 10 (1972Fe06), 2405 15 (1966Bl04).
2638 10	1+3,1	0.02,0.08	C^2S : others: 1.1, 0.27 (1972Fe06); 1.08 21, <0.1 (1966Bl04). For $J=2$, $S<0.3$ for $L=0$; 4.4 or 3.1 for $L=2$ (1973Ro18). $E(\text{level})$: 2640 30 (1972Ro10), 2630 10 (1972Fe06), 2655 15 (1966Bl04). $E(\text{level}),L$: $L=1+3$ (1972Fe06); 1 (1972Ro10). $L=1$ gives $J=1^-$, 2^- , 3^- and $L=1+3$ gives $J=2^-$; but $J=4^-$, 2^- assignment in Adopted Levels. $L=1$ or $1+3$ here is probably contributed partly by 2613, 3 ⁻ level.
2856 20	1+3	0.01,0.02	C^2S : from 1972Fe06 . Other: 0.14 for $L=1$ (1972Ro10). $E(\text{level})$: 2870 30 (1972Ro10), 2850 20 (1972Fe06).
3422 10	0+2	0.55,0.24	L,C^2S : from 1972Fe06 only. $E(\text{level})$: 3440 30 (1972Ro10), 3420 10 (1972Fe06). L : according to 1972Fe06 , $L=0$ is dominant.
3710 [‡] 30			C^2S : others: 0.51, 0.07 (1972Fe06). For $J=2$, $S=0.46$ or 0.40 for $L=0$; 0.19 or 0.17 for $L=2$ (1973Ro18).
3973 10	0+2	0.25,0.37	$E(\text{level})$: 3710 30 (1972Ro10). $E(\text{level})$: 4000 30 (1972Ro10), 3970 10 (1972Fe06). C^2S : other: 0.23, 0.31 (1972Fe06).
4200 [‡] 30			
4360 [‡] 30			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{39}\text{K}({}^3\text{He},\alpha)$ **1972Ro10,1972Fe06,1966Bl04 (continued)**

^{38}K Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	L [@]	C ² S ^{&}	Comments
4500 [‡] 30			
4662 15	0+2	0.31,0.13	E(level): 4670 30 (1972Ro10), 4660 15 (1972Fe06). C ² S: other: 0.21, 0.15 (1972Fe06).
5080 ^{‡#} 30			
5234 15	0+2	0.25,0.25	E(level): 5250 30 (1972Ro10), 5230 15 (1972Fe06). L: according to 1972Fe06 , L=0 is dominant. C ² S: other: 0.18, 0.0 (1972Fe06).
5440 10	2(+0)	0.09,0.02	E(level): 5450 30 (1972Ro10). L,C ² S: from 1972Fe06 only.
5620 ^{‡#} 30			
5780 [‡] 30	0+2	0.29,0.12 ^a	
5850 [‡] 30	0+2	0.23,0.10 ^a	
6380 10	2(+0)	0.35,0.07	E(level): 6380 30 (1972Ro10). L,C ² S: from 1972Fe06 only.
6590 10	2(+0)	0.27,0.03	E(level): 6600 30 (1972Ro10). L,C ² S: from 1972Fe06 only.
7130 20	2(+0)	0.23,0.02	E(level),L,C ² S: from 1972Fe06 only.

[†] Weighted average from [1972Ro10](#), [1972Fe06](#) and [1966Bl04](#), unless otherwise noted.

[‡] Reported by [1972Ro10](#) only.

[#] Possible doublet ([1972Ro10](#)).

[@] From [1972Ro10](#), [1972Fe06](#) and [1966Bl04](#), unless otherwise noted.

[&] From [1972Ro10](#) at E=10 MeV, unless otherwise noted. Values from [1966Bl04](#) at E=9 MeV are given under comments.

Corresponding values at 8 MeV and 11 MeV are also given by [1972Ro10](#) which are in agreement with those at 10 MeV.

^a At E=8 MeV ([1972Ro10](#)).