

$^{37}\text{Al} \beta^-$ decay (10.7 ms) 2013StZY

Type	Author	History
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen and Balraj Singh	ENSDF 31-May-2015

Parent: ^{37}Al : E=0; $J^\pi=(5/2^+)$; $T_{1/2}=10.7$ ms I_3 ; $Q(\beta^-)=16.40\times 10^3$ I_5 ; $\% \beta^-$ decay=100.0

$^{37}\text{Al}-J^\pi$: From shell-model predictions (2013StZY).

$^{37}\text{Al}-T_{1/2}$: From Adopted Levels (taken from 2004Gr20). 2013StZY report two values by using different methods: 11.8 ms $I(\text{stat})+24-34(\text{syst})$, 11.5 ms $I(\text{stat})$.

$^{37}\text{Al}-Q(\beta^-)$: From 2012Wa38.

2013STZY: ^{37}Al ions were produced by fragmentation of a 345 MeV/nucleon ^{48}Ca beam from the RIKEN on a 2.8 g/cm² beryllium target. Fragments were separated and identified using the BigRIPS spectrometer, with energy loss measured by a multi-sampling ionization chamber (MUSIC) and positions by PPACs. Ions after separation and selection were implanted into the CAITEN detector consisting of a segmented movable hollow-cylindrical-shape plastic scintillator and a stationary ring of 24 position-sensitive photomultiplier tubes (PSPMTs). γ rays were detected by three HPGe detectors (FWHM=2.1 keV at 1.33 MeV, 1.05 keV at 122 keV). Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, implantation-decay-correlation, $\beta\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\beta\gamma(t)$. Deduced levels, J , π , half-life, γ -ray branching ratios, β -decay branching ratios. Comparison with shell-model calculations.

^{37}Al also decays to ^{36}Si by β^-n ($\geq 38\%$ I_3) and probably to ^{35}Si by β^-2n ($\geq 1\%$ I_1) (2013StZY). Since these β -delayed neutron decay branches were not measured, the decay scheme given here is incomplete.

 ^{37}Si Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]
0	(5/2 ⁻)
68	(7/2 ⁻)
156	(3/2 ⁻)
717	(3/2 ⁺)
1270	(5/2 ⁺)

[†] From a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies.

[‡] From shell-model predictions (2013StZY), same values in Adopted Levels.

 β^- radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ ^{†‡}	Log ft	Comments
$(1.513\times 10^4$ $I_5)$	1270	≤ 16	≥ 4.6	av $E\beta=6159$ 40
$(1.568\times 10^4$ $I_5)$	717	≤ 54	≥ 4.1	av $E\beta=6432$ 40

[†] Upper limits obtained by 2013StZY based on measured relative $I\gamma$ in ^{36}Si and ^{37}Si assuming no βn decay to ^{36}Si ground state.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{37}\text{Si})$

$I\gamma$ normalization: From upper limits of absolute $I\gamma$ given in 2013StZY.

E_γ [†]	I_γ ^{†‡}	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	α [‡]	Comments
156	100 4	156	(3/2 ⁻)	0	(5/2 ⁻)	[M1]	0.00127 7	I_γ : absolute $I\gamma \leq 40$ 2 (2013StZY).
562	95 6	717	(3/2 ⁺)	156	(3/2 ⁻)			I_γ : absolute $I\gamma \leq 38$ 2 (2013StZY).
717	40 4	717	(3/2 ⁺)	0	(5/2 ⁻)			I_γ : absolute $I\gamma \leq 16$ 2 (2013StZY).
1115	14 4	1270	(5/2 ⁺)	156	(3/2 ⁻)			I_γ : absolute $I\gamma \leq 6$ 2 (2013StZY).

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{37}\text{Al} \beta^-$ decay (10.7 ms) 2013StZY (continued) $\gamma(^{37}\text{Si})$ (continued)

E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\#}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	α^\ddagger	Comments
1202	11 4	1270	(5/2 ⁺)	68	(7/2 ⁻)		I_γ : absolute $I_\gamma \leq 4$ 2 (2013StZY).
1270	16 4	1270	(5/2 ⁺)	0	(5/2 ⁻)	1.14×10^{-4}	I_γ : absolute $I_\gamma \leq 6$ 2 (2013StZY).

[†] From 2013StZY.[‡] From BrIcc v2.3a (10-Sep-2014) 2008Ki07, “Frozen Orbitals” appr.# For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by ≤ 0.4 .

