⁹Be(³⁸Si,³⁶Mgγ) 2007Ga34

History								
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date					
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	21-May-2021					

Two-proton knockout reaction.

Identification of ³⁶Mg as a nuclide in the 'island of inversion'.

Primary beam: ⁴⁸Ca delivered by Coupled Cyclotron facility at the National Superconducting Cyclotron Lab. E=140 MeV/nucleon. Secondary beam: Produced in reaction ${}^{9}Be({}^{48}Ca,X){}^{38}Si$. E=83 MeV/nucleon. A1900 fragment separator and S800 spectrograph used. γ rays were detected with Segmented Germanium Array of 32 HPGe detectors, with 14 detectors at 37° and 18 at 90°.

³⁶Mg Levels

E(level)	J^{π}	σ (mb) [†]	Comments		
$\begin{array}{c} 0^{\ddagger} \\ 660^{\ddagger} 6 \end{array}$	0 ⁺ (2 ⁺)	0.058 <i>9</i> 0.042 <i>8</i>	J^{π} : systematics, shell-model predictions (2007Ga34).		

[†] Partial cross section.

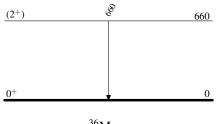
[‡] Partial cross sections and wave functions are found to be dominated by intruder configurations as suggested by large-scale Monte Carlo shell-model calculations in the island of inversion.

$\gamma(^{36}Mg)$

Eγ	E _i (level)	\mathbf{J}_i^{π}	\mathbf{E}_{f}	\mathbf{J}_f^{π}
660 6	660	(2^{+})	0	0^+

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Level Scheme



 $^{36}_{12}Mg_{24}$