

$^1\text{H}(^{35}\text{Cl},\alpha)$ :res **2011Mo12**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Ninel Nica, John Cameron and Balraj Singh		NDS 113, 1 (2012)	31-Dec-2011

$^{35}\text{Cl}$  beam,  $E=21.70\text{-}21.90$  MeV produced by the Holifield Radioactive Ion Beam Facility (HRIBF) bombarded a hydrogen gas filled scattering chamber.  $\alpha$  particles were detected by the SIDAR silicon detector array, in coincidence with heavy recoils detected by a Micron Type S1 detector.  $^1\text{H}(^{35}\text{Cl},\alpha)^{32}\text{S}$  events were identified in plots of the energy detected in the SIDAR detectors versus the energy detected in the S1 detector gated on a Time to Amplitude Converter (TAC) peak. Measured  $E\alpha$ , particle- $\alpha$  coincidence, resonance. Deduced stopping power, resonance strength, angular distribution.

Resonance strengths deduced using the stopping power calculated by the ORNL code STOPIT.

 $^{36}\text{Ar}$  Levels

<u>E(level)</u>	<u><math>J^\pi</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
9117	$1^-$	E(level), $J^\pi$ : from Adopted Levels. Measured $E_p(\text{c.m.})=610$ keV. Strength $\omega\gamma_{p,\alpha}=0.018$ eV <sup>2</sup> , using an isotropic distribution and $\omega\gamma_{p,\alpha}=0.012$ eV <sup>2</sup> using the angular distribution estimated by the R-matrix code MULTI for on-resonance beam energy, $E^{35}\text{Cl}=21.83, 21.85, 21.87$ and $21.90$ MeV.