

$^{35}\text{Al}$   $\beta^-$  decay (37.2 ms) 2005Ti11,2001Nu01

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen and Balraj Singh		ENSDF	31-May-2015

Parent:  $^{35}\text{Al}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=(5/2^+)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=37.2$  ms 8;  $Q(\beta^-)=14141$  80;  $\% \beta^-$  decay=100.0

$^{35}\text{Al}$ - $Q(\beta^-)$ : From 2012Wa38.

$^{35}\text{Al}$ - $J^\pi, T_{1/2}$ : From Adopted Levels of  $^{35}\text{Al}$ .

**Additional information 1.**

**2005Ti11, 2006AnZW**: Fragmentation of  $^{36}\text{S}$  beam at 78 MeV/nucleon at GANIL facility. A detector telescope for detecting betas, two EXOGAM clover modules and a LEPS detector for detecting gammas and 19 plastic scintillator modules of the TONNERRE for detecting neutrons. Measured  $\beta$ -delayed  $E_\gamma$ ,  $T_{1/2}$  and delayed neutron emission probability. Deduced levels,  $J$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\log ft$ .

(2006AnZW: Conference paper).

**2001Nu01**:  $^{35}\text{Al}$  produced at the ISOLDE facility at CERN in fragmentation with 1 GeV proton beam on a uranium carbide target.

A plastic scintillator for detecting betas, two Ge counters or a small  $\text{BaF}_2$  counter for detecting gammas. Neutron energies measured by time of flight. Measured  $E_\gamma$ ,  $E_\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\beta\gamma$ -coin,  $T_{1/2}$  and delayed-neutron branches. Deduced levels,  $J$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\log ft$ .

Others: 1988Mu08, 1989Le16, 1995ReZZ, 1999YoZW.

$^{35}\text{Al}$  also decays to  $^{34}\text{Si}$  by  $\beta^-n$  (38% 2) (2005Ti11).

 $^{35}\text{Si}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>#</sup>	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0	$(7/2)^-$		
909.95 23	$(3/2)^-$		
973.88 18	$(3/2^+)$	5.9 ns 6	$T_{1/2}$ : from the time spectrum of delayed coincidences in 2001Nu01.
2168.2 4	$5/2^+$		
3140 <sup>‡</sup>			
3450 <sup>‡</sup>			
3770 <sup>‡</sup>			
5190 <sup>‡</sup>			
5760 <sup>‡</sup>			
6330 <sup>‡</sup>			
7360 <sup>‡</sup>			
7690 <sup>‡</sup>			

<sup>†</sup> From a least-squares fit to  $\gamma$ -ray energies if applicable.

<sup>‡</sup> From measured delayed neutron spectrum in 2005Ti11.

<sup>#</sup> From Adopted Levels.

 $\beta^-$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ <sup>†@</sup>	Log $ft$	Comments
$(6.45 \times 10^3)$ 8)	7690	$2.7^{‡}$ 2	4.47 5	av $E\beta=2993$ 40
$(6.78 \times 10^3)$ 8)	7360	$2.6^{‡}$ 2	4.59 5	av $E\beta=3156$ 40
$(7.81 \times 10^3)$ 8)	6330	$6.8^{‡}$ 3	4.46 3	av $E\beta=3663$ 40
$(8.38 \times 10^3)$ 8)	5760	$4.5^{‡}$ 2	4.78 3	av $E\beta=3944$ 40
$(8.95 \times 10^3)$ 8)	5190	$8.9^{‡}$ 3	4.62 3	av $E\beta=4226$ 40
$(1.037 \times 10^4)$ 8)	3770	$3.2^{‡}$ 2	5.37 4	av $E\beta=4927$ 40
$(1.069 \times 10^4)$ 8)	3450	$6.0^{‡}$ 3	5.16 3	av $E\beta=5084$ 40
$(1.100 \times 10^4)$ 8)	3140	$3.3^{‡}$ 2	5.48 4	av $E\beta=5237$ 40

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{35}\text{Al}$   $\beta^-$  decay (37.2 ms) 2005Ti11,2001Nu01 (continued) $\beta^-$  radiations (continued)

<u>E(decay)</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	<u><math>I\beta^{-\dagger@}</math></u>	<u>Log <math>ft</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
(1.197 $\times 10^4$ 8)	2168.2	9.2 19	5.2 1	av $E\beta=5717$ 40 $I\beta^-$ : from 2001Nu01. Other: 6.7 9 in 2005Ti11 (only 2168 $\gamma$ transition is observed).
(1.317 $\times 10^4$ 8)	973.88	50 3	4.67 3	av $E\beta=6306$ 40 $I\beta^-$ : weighted average of 48 9 in 2001Nu01 and 50 3 in 2005Ti11.
(1.323 $\times 10^4$ 8)	909.95	<0.9#	>6.4	av $E\beta=6337$ 40
(1.414 $\times 10^4$ 8)	0	3.0# 1	6.04 2	av $E\beta=6786$ 40

$\dagger$  From absolute measurements in 2001Nu01 and/or 2005Ti11 using absolute  $\gamma$ -ray intensities for levels below neutron separation energy and using delayed neutron intensities for levels above.

$\ddagger$  From 2005Ti11 only.

# From 2001Nu01 only.

@ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{35}\text{Si})$ 

$I_\gamma$  normalization: From 2001Nu01.

<u><math>E_\gamma</math> <math>\dagger</math></u>	<u><math>I_\gamma</math> <math>\ddagger</math>#</u>	<u><math>E_i(\text{level})</math></u>	<u><math>J_i^\pi</math></u>	<u><math>E_f</math></u>	<u><math>J_f^\pi</math></u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u><math>\alpha</math> <math>\ddagger</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
64.1 3	100	973.88	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	909.95	(3/2) <sup>-</sup>	[E1]	0.0368 8	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0342$ 7; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00244$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000158$ 4 $\text{B}(\text{E}1)(\text{W.u.})=3.5\times 10^{-4}$ 4 (2001Nu01).
910.11 30	99.7 19	909.95	(3/2) <sup>-</sup>	0	(7/2) <sup>-</sup>			
973.78 20	11.8 24	973.88	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )	0	(7/2) <sup>-</sup>	[M2]		$\text{B}(\text{M}2)(\text{W.u.})=0.061$ 7 (2001Nu01).
<sup>x</sup> 1130.4 4	3.2 9							
1194.2 4	5.3 12	2168.2	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	973.88	(3/2 <sup>+</sup> )			
2168.2 6	15 3	2168.2	5/2 <sup>+</sup>	0	(7/2) <sup>-</sup>			
<sup>x</sup> 5629 3	2.4 12							

$\dagger$  From 2001Nu01.

$\ddagger$  From BrIcc v2.3a (10-Sep-2014) 2008Ki07, "Frozen Orbitals" appr.

# For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.45.

<sup>x</sup>  $\gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{35}\text{Al } \beta^- \text{ decay (37.2 ms)} \quad 2005\text{Ti11,2001Nu01}$

Decay Scheme

Intensities: Relative  $I_\gamma$

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\text{max}}$

